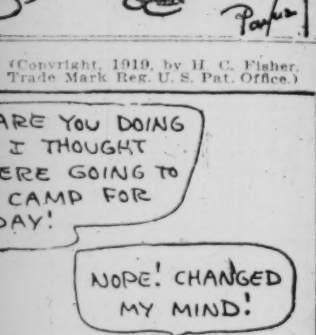
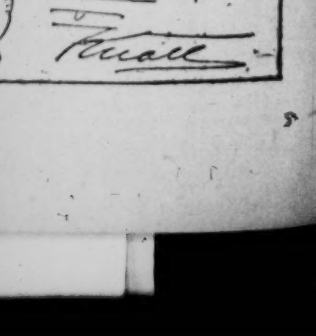


JUNE 16, 1919.

(Copyright, 1919,
by R. L. Goldberg.)

RAINS

I FOUND A
CRUMB OF BREAD
ON THE KITCHEN
FLOOR THIS MORNING.
THIS WAS
A TERRIBLE
DISCOVERY.PERFUME—
TEN DOLLARS
A BOTTLEI GOT
THE
HOLE YETI GOT
THE
HOLE YETI GOT
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HOLE YETI GOT
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Employers, Attention!

If you have a job open for a returned soldier, see the official list of applicants for jobs printed at the head of the Employment Wanted Column of today's Post-Dispatch, or consult the Demobilization Bureau for the Placement of Soldiers, Sailors and Marines, 905 Locust street. Telephone Olive 7240.

VOL. 71. NO. 295.

WADE "WOULDN'T WANT HIS BOOKS KEPT U. R. WAY"

Banker So States in Answer to Question by Special Master in Receivership Hearing.**BRYAN SAYS UNION IS 'GIVING BACK' CURRENT****Superintendent of Power States That Railways Is Getting, Free, Power Paid for but Unused in 1918.**

Important developments today in the receivership suit of John W. Seaman against the United Railways of St. Louis, which is being heard by Special Master Lamm, were:

1. The testimony of Festus J. Wade, president of the Mercantile Trust Co., that "I would not want my books kept that way," response to inquiries of the Special Master concerning entries of expenditures upon United Railways books simply as "for the use and benefit of the United Railways," without items or explanation of the nature of the benefit.

It will be remembered that Wade was to have been one of the receivers of the railway under the plan of the Board of Directors when they caused the "friendly" Adler suit to be filed and made confession of bankruptcy in answer.

2. The testimony of W. E. Bryan, superintendent of power plants for the railway, that there has been an arrangement, not hitherto made public, by which the Union Electric Light and Power Co. now is "giving back" to the railway the power it paid for but did not receive in 1918.

Restitution Began in May. It was testified by Bryan that this restitution did not begin until May, 1918, which was subsequent to the date a receiver was appointed and began operating the company.

Vouchers on 4-Mill Current. The introduction of vouchers showing that the Union Electric Light and Power Co. was furnishing the railways with power at 4 mills per kilowatt hour in April, 1918, under a contract not revealed until yesterday's testimony. The price of 4 mills is much less than any previous price paid the Union by the railways and caused Ephraim Caplan, attorney for the plaintiff, to state his belief that the arrangement for the reduction in price was made after the receivership suit was filed for the purpose of counteracting the allegations of the suit.

In this connection, the Post-Dispatch learned that no contract at 4 mills has been filed with the Public Service Commission. The statute creating the Public Service Commission compels public utilities to file price schedules with the commission "immediately" after they are established.

Letter on "Middle Company." 4. The reading into the record of a letter of J. F. Fogarty, secretary of the North American Co., and assistant secretary of the Union company, in response to a Post-Dispatch inquiry of November, 1915, in which Fogarty set forth the profit accruing to the "middle" company, which now is the Union company, of water power furnished the railways at Page avenue, as 20.4 per cent in 1915.

An exhibit of the defense testified to by Frank J. Boehm, assistant secretary of the Union company, hitherto introduced, fixed the profit to the "middle" company on this class of power at 8.58 per cent.

Under the special agreement, mentioned by Bryan, the latter testified that the Union Electric started in May to furnish current gratis and will continue to do so through this month, July and August, or until all that has been paid for and not used by the railway company is used by it.

Caplan Objects to Testimony. Ephraim Caplan objected to the introduction of this testimony on the ground that the agreement was made after the receivership suit was brought and that the present effort to "make restitution" is intended to disprove the allegations in the receivership suit by making new arrangements while the case is pending.

Bryan testified that in restoring the power paid for and not used the Union Electric already has furnished gratis 305,509 kilowatt hours. He did not say what price had been paid for this current when paid for but not used last year, or the money value of the current now to be restored.

The reason for the apparent overcharge in 1918, he said, was that the amount of current used by United Railways was cut down by the skin-stop system which was in effect the latter part of the year.

Wade, on direct examination, testified he was a director of United Railways from 1908 to 1912. He re-

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.

HOUSE COMMITTEE VOTES AGAINST LIFTING BEER BAN

Judiciary Committee 10 to 3 Against Motion Offered by Representative Igoe.**By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.**

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The House Judiciary Committee went on record today against the modification of wartime prohibition, when it rejected, by a vote of 10 to 3, a motion of Representative Igoe of St. Louis in favor of lifting the ban on beer and wine.

Igoe's proposal was that the repeal measure advocated by the President be reported to the House as an amendment to the Volstead enforcement bill. Voting true to form, the committee gave evidence of its overwhelming opposition to repeal.

Yesterday Igoe sought to induce the committee to report the repeal bill along with the Volstead measure, regardless of what recommendation it might make as to repeal, so that the House might be given a chance to go on record. His motion was lost by a tie vote.

In the Senate, an early test vote on the wine and beer issue is expected. After conference with Igoe yesterday, Senator Shorliffe of California decided to offer his repeal bill as an amendment to the agricultural bill now before the Senate.

Just before the Senate adjourned, Phelan gave the requisite notice that he would move to suspend the rules to permit consideration of the amendment. The vote on the motion to suspend the rules will furnish an index to Senate opinion on the repeal issue.

FIRM SAYS MISS DONNELL STILL OWES \$475 ON PIANO

A baby grand piano, which was seized by Deputy Sheriffs at the home of Miss Mildred Donnell, 584 1/2 North Talmage, of New York City, was subjected to further legal action today when a claim was filed in the Sheriff's office by the Aeolian Piano Co., 1004 Olive street, which asserted that the piano had been bought on credit and that \$475 remained unpaid.

The piano, together with two trunks said to contain the bride's trousseau, were seized to satisfy a judgment for \$851.50 obtained against Miss Donnell in the Circuit Court by James M. Haley, a United States Secret Service operative. The seizure was made during the wedding ceremony, which was performed at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Martin Shaughnessy of Washington terrace.

The piano, it was learned, was valued at \$950. It was sold by the Sheriff's office for \$475 held by the Aeolian company. The Sheriff said no effort has as yet been made by Mrs. Donnell's relatives to redeem the trunks and piano. Haley's suit was based on money loaned by him to Miss Donnell between Oct. 3, 1916 and Jan. 12, 1917.

FEW PORTO RICAN CIGARS NOW

15,000 Employees Idle Since Jan. 1, and Supplies Are Nearly Gone.**By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.**

SAN JUAN, May 25.—Porto Rican cigars are virtually out of the United States market as a result of a strike of cigar makers and tobacco workers which has been in effect since the first of January. Approximately 15,000 employees are idle and all surplus stocks of cigars in the United States are reported to have been exhausted.

The making of cigars is the largest manufacturing industry in Porto Rico and the continued idleness of the cigar makers here is causing much hardship among them. Last year the company alone manufactured 175,000,000 cigars for the American market. This company, the largest in the field, has been idle since the strike started. Not all of the cigar makers here are members of the union, but many of them are and the cigarmakers' unions in the United States through their international organization are paying strike benefits to the union strikers here.

UNSETTLED, GENERALLY FAIR TONIGHT; CONTINUED WARM

THE TEMPERATURES.

At 8 a. m. 71° at 8 p. m. 71°
At 10 a. m. 71° at 10 p. m. 71°
At 12 m. 71° at 12 m. 71°
Highest yesterday, 91° at 3 p. m.
lowest, 68° at 5 p. m.

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Somewhat unsettled but generally fair weather tonight and tomorrow; continued warm.

Missouri: Unsettled but mostly fair weather tonight and tomorrow; continued warm.

Illinois: Unsettled but mostly fair weather tonight and tomorrow; continued warm.

Stage of the river at 7 a. m. 22.3 feet, a fall of .2 of a foot.

Stage of the river at 7 a. m. 22.3 feet, a fall of .2 of a foot.

SERVICE NORMAL AFTER ONE DAY TELEPHONE STRIKE

Union Officials Say Kinloch Operators Have Won Recognition as an Organization.**NOT SO SUCCESSFUL WITH BELL COMPANY**

Normal telephone service was restored today on the Bell and Kinloch systems in St. Louis and suburban places, after the one-day strike, which caused complete suspension of the Kinloch service yesterday, and which during the morning interfered seriously with the Bell service.

Officials of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers declared today that the Kinloch operators, by their walkout yesterday, won full recognition from the company of their right to organize. A conference between the union representatives and the officers of the Kinloch company, to take up questions of wages, is to be held tomorrow. The arrangements for this conference were made by R. Morton Moss, superintendent of the Kinloch company, with O. E. Jennings of the electrical workers.

Bell Receives Union Men. The results of negotiations with the Bell company have not been quite so decisive, the union officials said, but General Manager Hale of the Bell company received Jennings, Dan Kroll and O. J. McSpadden, the electrical workers' union, for the first time yesterday afternoon, and discussed with them the order of Postmaster-General Brown, assuring telephone employees the right to organize and bargain collectively.

Hale said he wished to receive an official interpretation of the order before announcing just what the company would do. This was agreed to by the union men, who also desired an interpretation of the order from the highest union officials.

They decided to send to the national headquarters of the union in Atlantic City, for an interpretation of the order from the union standpoint.

Two 17-year-old operators at the Bell's Riverside exchange, Nellie O'Connor of 420 Wilmington avenue and Beatrice Burke of 7829 Michigan avenue, complained today that they had not been reinstated this morning, but had been told to go to the company's office in the Boatmen's Bank Building and make a new application to Mr. Curtis. Instead, they went to Jennings' office. Jennings, after hearing the girls' statement, said he would demand of the company that the two girls be reinstated without prejudice, and that if this was refused, he would communicate with higher officials of the union as to the action to be taken. He said that a policy of discrimination, if persisted in even in a single case, might be the occasion for a new strike.

He said he had received a message from Secretary Ford of the brotherhood, in Springfield, Ill., directing him to obtain an immediate expression of the purpose of the telephone companies here to abide by Burleson's order.

Service Resumed Last Night. The operators met at Hibernian Hall last night, and while there was still a strong feeling in favor of continuing the strike, the girls yielded to Jennings' order that they go back to work, and leave negotiations to the union officials. Jennings sent a force of 20 girls to the Kinloch Co. to make it possible to resume service last night.

Jennings asked that any case of discrimination against any operator who had joined the strike be reported to him promptly. He urged the strikers not to provoke controversy with those who had not taken part in the strike.

Miss May Matthews, from the Atlantic City headquarters, who organized the New England telephone girls in their strike, is expected here today to carry on the work of organizing the operators, and will have her headquarters in the electrical union office, 701 Pontiac building.

NEGRO AND SHOTGUN RESCUE DOG

Dog catches, trying to enforce an order that all dogs shall be muzzled.

The dog got away from the muzzle, but the dog got away and the negro escaped in the same direction.

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GREAT WELCOME IN DUBLIN FOR ATLANTIC FLIERS

Cheering Crowds Carry Alcock and Brown on Their Shoulders and U. S. Soldiers Wave Their Flags.**ON WAY TO LONDON; ALCOCK TO VISIT US**

By the Associated Press. DUBLIN, June 17.—A tumultuous welcome was given Capt. Alcock and Lieut. Brown on their arrival here last night. When the train entered the Broadstone station cheering crowds fairly mobbed the fliers' car, dragging them out and carrying them on sturdy shoulders to waiting automobiles.

American soldiers on guard, waving the Stars and Stripes, was a feature of the demonstration. A procession was formed and traversed the main streets to a hotel, where Alcock and Brown spent the night preparatory to their start for London today.

On the train late at night Alcock looked remarkably well and was in buoyant spirits. "I am due for a reaction from the strain and excitement of the flight. It is a long time coming," he laughed in a momentary lull in the cheering. He scribbled an autograph for a girl.

On the other hand, Lieut. Brown seemed greatly fatigued and frankly admitted it.

The highest reception the aviators got along the road before Dublin was reached was at Mullingar, where the soldiers from the garrison with a band swelled the crowd of townspeople.

The outstanding conviction of the flight impressed on Capt. Alcock, as he remarked to the correspondent, is that the airplane is not the type of machine for a transatlantic voyage.

"The next time I cross," he said, "it will be in a flying boat. I forebode for the flying boat a great future, both as a passenger and commerce carrier."

On his side, Lieut. Brown remarked that the lesson gained was that marine navigation is entirely applicable to airplanes.

"There is little element of luck either in the success of the NC-4 or our flight," he declared. "So far as our flight is concerned, it could not have been worse in our case. After the first hour we were smothered in fog until we landed in Ireland. Nevertheless, with only a sextant and compass and a special device for determining the machine's speed and drift, we came through. And I am sure we could do it again."

A brief extract of the covering note was received by way of Basle at the same time, but it gave no intimation of the full terms of counter reply. German officials declined to discuss the new conditions until they had the full text.

Berlin newspapers are still tied up by the strike of employees, and will not appear Tuesday. Greater Berlin has been without papers for 48 hours with no prospect of an early settlement. Although the strike is outwardly without political aspect, it is believed to be the forerunner of a renewed outbreak timed by the ultra-Rightists to synchronize with the arrival of the Entente reply to the German counter proposals.

TEN WINNIPEG STRIKE LEADERS ARRESTED BY CANADIAN POLICE

Agitators Are Transported Into Country by Officers; Similar Action Taken at Other Western Points.

By the Associated Press. WINNIPEG, June 17.—Ten strike leaders were arrested in their homes here early today and transported in automobiles to some place in the country, presumably Stormy Mountain, by Government police officials. Other arrests are reported to have been taken in Calgary and other Western points at the same time.

Simultaneously with the arrests of the strike leaders, the Royal Northwest Mounted Police raided the Labor Temple, from which the strike has been conducted. Considerable literature, said to be of a Bolshevik nature, was seized. The police broke down doors and windows during the raid.

The official list of the persons arrested includes R. B. Russell, the Rev. William Ivens, R. E. Bray, George W. Armstrong, Aldermen John Queen and A. A. Heaps, and four Russian agitators. The arrests and raid were made between 3 and 4 o'clock this morning.

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3-DAY HOLIDAY AT JULY 4 LIKELY TO BE GENERAL

Downtown Stores Arrange for Vacation—City Forces to Be Off.

A three-day holiday for employees of the retail stores downtown for the Fourth of July week-end is being arranged by the Associated Retailers, and is spreading to manufacturing establishments, with the prospects that it will become general throughout the city. It is made possible through the fact that the Fourth of July this year is on Friday, nearly all stores ordinarily close a half-day on Saturday, and Sunday, of course, are closed all day.

Mayor Kiel said today that if the closing policy was generally observed by the business houses of the city he would direct that the city hall be closed all day Saturday for more than 6000 city employees. All city offices always are closed on the Fourth of July.

K. E. Niemoeller, secretary of the Associated Retailers, said that all of the large department stores, and all of the jewelry and women's wear stores had agreed to close for the three-day period, and that already about 50 per cent of the men's wear stores and shoe stores had agreed to close. He said that it was hoped that all the latter shops would enter into the plan, for if any of the men's wear and shoe stores remained open, all would. There are about 300 employees in four department stores.

W. Palmer Clarkson, president of the Manufacturers' Association, said the Pioneer Cooperative Co., of which he is president, will close for the three days, and that he would have a letter sent to all members of the association advocating a general observance.

There is a possibility that President Wilson will open his nationwide speaking tour on the league of nations in St. Louis on July 4, thus attracting many visitors to the city.

PLAYER IS MADE AGENT HERE OF STATE TAX COMMISSION

Former City Comptroller's Duties Will Include Investigation of Personal Tax Dodging.

James J. Player, former City Comptroller, and more recently a member of the State Tax Commission for two years, today was appointed an agent of the Tax Commission with headquarters in St. Louis, to investigate and report on personal tax dodging in the city, and advising the commission as to real estate valuations. He succeeds John H. Gundlach, though Player will devote the first part of his time to the investigation of tax dodging in the city.

Player was a member of the Roach-Flynn-Galeator Tax Commission, of which the State Tax Commission refused to confirm because of their efforts to require the assessment of property at full value in accordance with the law.

A brief extract of the covering note was received by way of Basle at the same time, but it gave no intimation of the full terms of counter reply. German officials declined to discuss the new conditions until they had the full text.

DIVORCE IS GRANTED TO THE DUCHESS OF WESTMINSTER

Separation Agreement in Effect Since 1914; Desertion and Misconduct Charged.

By the Associated Press. LONDON, June 17.—The Duchess of Westminster obtained a divorce today from Hugh Richard Arthur Grosvenor, second Duke of Westminster, on the grounds of desertion and misconduct.

The Duchess of Westminster formerly was Constance Edwina, daughter of Col. William Cornwallis West. She and her husband signed a separation in 1914. They were divorced in 1921 and have two children. The Duke of Westminster served in Egypt in 1915 and won the D. S. O. for bravery.

PROTESTS AGAINST AIRPLANES

Special to the Post-Dispatch. HARBOR GRACE, N. F., June 16.

—Newfoundland has not been won over entirely to aerial navigation. Writing to a St. John paper, just after the Vickers-Vimy start was made, "Pro Bono Publico," made this complaint:

"I wish to voice a protest against an airplane being allowed to fly over the city, frighten our poultry, and thereby interfering with the supply of eggs, so important during the present shortage of food. This nuisance is only just beginning, and now is the time to stop it, before the airplane becomes as great a pest as the bicycle and motor car."

NEWBERRY ELECTION INQUIRY

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Investigation of the Michigan senatorial election, in which Henry Ford is contesting the election of Senator Truman H. Newberry, Republican, was recommended unanimously today by the Senate Privileges and Elections Committee.

The resolution of Senator Pomerene, Democrat, Ohio, proposing the investigation, was amended by the committee so as to include inquiry into the primary campaign as well as the general election.

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ALLIES' FINAL WORD CASTIGATES GERMANY; 7 DAYS TO ANSWER

Majority of Allied Delegates Are Said to Expect German Refusal.**By the Associated Press.**

PARIS, June 17.—The majority of the members of the peace conference believe that Germany will not sign the peace treaty, according to Marcel Huth of the Echo de Paris, who made a canvass of the number of the leading personalities. Only one of these leaders, M. Huth declares, expressed the opinion that the Germans would accept the revised treaty. This member, however, is one whose opinion, the writer says, he holds in the greatest esteem.

The delegate based his opinion on the fact that they have knowledge that at yesterday's meeting of the council of Four a complete agreement was reached on the consequences which would follow Germany's refusal of the peace proffered. They were aware that peace would then be imposed by force, in accordance with President Wilson's Baltimore speech, and that orders had been given for an allied force of 600,000 men, supported by heavy artillery of hitherto unrevealed power, to begin an advance on the morning of June 24. Confronted by such realities, the German Government and the National Assembly at Weimar, in the delegate's opinion, would decide to sign the treaty.

The newspapers today, the Hava agency's summary of the comment shows, unanimously express approval of Premier Clemenceau's memorandum and declare their belief that the Germans will sign.

CONCESSIONS FOR GERMANY IF SHE SIGNS THE TREATY

Would Be Allowed 30 Per Cent of Ships for Two Years and to Buy Ore.**By the Associated Press.**

PARIS, June 17.—Among the concessions contemplated for Germany in case she signs the peace treaty, it was learned today, is the use of 30 per cent of her merchant ships for two years. Other such concessions would be permission for her to dispose of her gold reserve and to purchase the minute ore necessary for smelting her own iron ores.

TWO SEAPLANES FROM HERE LAND AT CHICAGO; THIRD STOPS

Last of Group Had Engine Trouble at Peoria; Will Return to St. Louis Tomorrow.

Two navy seaplanes, part of the United States Navy anti-submarine unit, now visiting St. Louis, sighted in Lake Michigan, off East Randolph street, Chicago, at 10:30 this morning, according to an Associated Press dispatch. These are two of the three planes, which left St. Louis at 1:35 p. m. yesterday, and which arrived at Peoria three hours later.

The two planes resumed the flight from Peoria at 7:30 this morning and followed the Illinois River and its tributaries and the Chicago drainage canal. The third plane remained at Peoria because of engine trouble.

One of the planes, in charge of Lieut. Henry T. Stanley, carries a sack of letters, to be delivered to the Chicago postoffice, formal communications of a naval and municipal character, and a message from the Advertising Club of St. Louis to the similar club in Chicago. They are scheduled to return tomorrow, arriving over the National League baseball park in time for the game between the flotta team and the 13th Infantry, or for the later regular game between the Cardinals and the New York Giants.

Submarine chaser No. 189, one of the three chasers of the flotta, preceded the seaplanes to Peoria, and will remain there to await the return of the planes.

A dinner to the officers of the flotta will be given this evening at Bevo Mill.

MAN FOUND WOUNDED ON HIS DOORSTEP IS DEAD

Andrew Heidinger, 26 years old, of 603 Hickory street, died in the city hospital at 9:40 this morning from wounds which were inflicted early in the morning of June 3.

He was found, at 2 a. m., on

WILSON EXPECTS TO COME HERE, BUT NOT FOR JULY 4

President Will Not Arrive as Soon as Was Hoped, but Probably Will Visit St. Louis and Kansas City.

EAGER TO REACH CRITICS OF LEAGUE

Will Leave Paris June 24 or 25 if Germans Sign, and Begin Three Weeks' Tour of Country July 10.

By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Advisers to the White House today indicated that President Wilson will not arrive in St. Louis until after July 10, but that he will be in the city for a week or more. The President is expected to leave Paris on June 24 or 25, and to begin a tour of the United States on July 10.

The President is expected to arrive in St. Louis on July 10, and to remain in the city for a week or more. He is expected to leave St. Louis on July 17, and to begin a tour of the United States on July 18.

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GERMANS MUST GIVE THEIR "YES" OR "NO" MONDAY

Revised Treaty and Letter Presented at Versailles and Rantzau Immediately Goes to Weimar.

By the Associated Press.

VERSAILLES, June 17.—The reply of the allied and associated governments to Germany's counter proposals to the peace treaty and a revised copy of the peace treaty are in the hands of Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, who is on his way to Weimar, there to present to the German National Assembly the final word of the victors in the war.

Five days was the allotted period originally fixed for the Germans to answer yes or no to the demands of the allies. But two days additional have been granted because of the insistence of the German delegation that not sufficient time had been allowed for proper consideration of the revised terms. This will extend the time limit to Monday, June 23.

Few changes had been made in the revised peace treaty. The original contents of the allied and associated powers have virtually been maintained intact. If Germany's reply is yes, the treaty will be immediately signed; if Germany declines to accept the demands of the armistice will be automatically terminated and the allied armed forces will take whatever steps they deem necessary.

Clemenceau Castigated Germany. With the revised treaty, containing interrelations in red ink, where changes had been made in it, was a letter from the French premier, Georges Clemenceau. It had been impossible to reprint the treaty in time for its presentation.

The covering note severely castigated Germany for its attitude against the treaty on the ground that the treaty conflicts with the terms of the armistice. M. Clemenceau says Germany fails to understand the position she occupies today in the estimation of the world for being responsible for a war which was "the greatest crime against humanity and the freedom of the people the league of nations has ever committed."

Without ostentation, Paul Dutaast, general secretary of the peace conference, at 6:45 o'clock last evening placed the revised draft of the treaty and the note in the hands of German Legation Secretary Simon and Baron von Loersner, with whom Dutaast had a long conversation last night.

M. Dutaast arrived in Versailles by automobile from Paris at 6:20 o'clock, carrying the momentous documents in two parcels wrapped in prosaic brown paper. He was met by Col. Henry master of Versailles, and officers of the allied mission, and conducted to the reading room of the Hotel Reservoir.

Here the party was grouped along one side of the room. In front of Dutaast was a large marble-topped table, upon which the documents were placed in two piles. There was a considerable wait before Legation Secretary Simon and Baron von Loersner arrived, escorted by two French officers. The Germans took their places at the other side of the table.

Receipt From Germany Required. At 6:45 o'clock Herr Simon informally reached across the table and took the documents and handed them to Baron von Loersner, who is actually constituting the formal receipt of the treaty and the ultimatum. A receipt from the Germans for the documents was required by M. Dutaast.

After the brief conversation between M. Dutaast and Herr Simon, the Germans returned to their apartment in the hotel. Von Loersner carried the documents under his arm in a green portfolio. Later Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau boarded a train for Weimar, taking the papers with him.

"I certainly would not want to have my books kept in that way," Wade said. "I would like to see them in the hands of the Germans."

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squandered? You wouldn't care to have your books kept that way?"

Advised by McCulloch. "How did you come to vote for the power contracts of 1908 and 1909?"

"On the advice of the late Capt. Robert McCulloch and his son, Richard McCulloch," he replied. "They held the contracts were favorable to the company, and I took their opinion as technical experts."

"Were you ever instructed, as a director, to vote in any particular way?"

"No, and I never made a profit, direct or indirect, by my vote."

"Were you a director at the time of the mill tax litigation?"

"Yes, and I insisted that the company's case be carried to the court of last resort. I considered the mill tax unjust, and I had the advice of counsel other than the company's counsel on the subject."

"In 1911 I took part in the compromise negotiations. Like all persons concerned with the United Railways, we were exposed to more or less unfavorable newspaper criticism."

"I obtained an opinion from Judge Richard L. Goode, then counsel of the Mercantile Trust Co., who looked upon the compromise as a fair one."

"The United Railways securities held by the Mercantile Trust Co. I also obtained an opinion from Judge Goode, and one from Judge Schuchmacher, and all were to the effect that the mill tax could not be sustained."

Wade testified that he had employed the services of Judge Goode and Judge Schuchmacher, and that both had informed him that the mill tax never would be upheld.

"Didn't Read Decision. "Did you ever read the opinion of the court?" inquired Lamm. "No, Judge, I never have."

"Well, you ought to," Lamm replied. "The case is enlightening."

Wade said he had conferred with a committee of the Municipal Assembly in 1911, of which Councilmen Schneiderhahn and Schutz were members, and that although they favored a compromise, they under consideration, it never was enacted.

He said virtually all of his time for three or four months was taken in trying to get the company's case carried to the court of last resort.

Vouchers introduced at the receivership hearing today showed that under a contract made in April, 1918, by which the Union Electric sold excess power to the United Railways at 4 mills a kilowatt hour, the company received of this excess current in April, 1918, 190,123 kilowatt hours; in May, 176,412 kilowatt hours; in June, 169,580 kilowatt hours; in July, 169,580 kilowatt hours; in August, 169,580 kilowatt hours; in September, 169,580 kilowatt hours; in October, 169,580 kilowatt hours; in November, 169,580 kilowatt hours; in December, 169,580 kilowatt hours.

It received no current at the 4-mill rate, but in January, 1919, it received 207,644 kilowatt hours.

Excluded from "Killing." The letter giving North American estimates of its profit by virtue of its contracts creating its subsidiary, Union company, as a "middle" company between the United Railways and the Union Electric, was ruled out of evidence by Lamm, but admitted to the record in the event it later be admitted by Lamm.

The letter after reading, "The Union company's figures on the 'middle' profit for the same year was \$53,333,333, the chief charge of the plaintiff that the North American Co., through the 'middle' company, has been milking the United Railways."

Note: A report of yesterday afternoon's hearing in the United States court at St. Louis, that the company's receivership case will be found on page 6 of today's Post-Dispatch.

Excess Power Contract of U. E. and Union Not on File at Capital. JEFFERSON CITY, June 17.—There is no record on file with the Public Service Commission as to a contract between the United Railways and Union Electric for a 4-mill rate on excess power. A contract made Jan. 2, 1918, and filed with the commission April 4, 1918, made a 5-mill rate on this excess power. The law requires that contracts be filed "immediately" after being made.

52 ALIENS ON WAY TO BE DEPORTED PASS THROUGH CITY

Two Special Cars Started From San Francisco. Passengers at Seattle, Denver and Kansas City.

Two special cars, in which 52 aliens who are to be deported, are being transported to the Atlantic coast by the United States government.

The cars started from San Francisco Thursday on a tour collecting aliens who have been found to be anarchists or for other reasons undesirable residents of the United States, and have been in Seattle, Denver and Kansas City.

There were no additions made to the party by immigration officials in St. Louis, although they brought from Fort Worth, Tex., was placed in one of the cars here.

German Offer Vague. The reply says that the Germans made no definite offer as to reparations, but "gave only vague expressions of willingness to do something."

The sum of 100,000,000 marks which was mentioned in the enemy proposals, is said to give the impression of an extensive offer which, upon examination, proves not to be. Interest was not to be paid, and until 1928 there will be no substantial payment, after which there could be a series of undefined installments.

Declaring that the resumption of German industry is of interest to the allies as well as to Germany, the reply declared that commercial facilities will not be withheld from Germany, but they will afford to Germany facilities for food supplies, raw materials and overseas transport under circumstances which cannot

Allies' Final Word Is a Castigation of Germany

Continued From Page One.

that this mobilization was the immediate result of Austria's action.

"But the outbreak of the war," the reply says, "was no sudden decision taken in a difficult crisis. It was the logical outcome of a policy of combination, aggression and war."

Hypnotized by Bismarck's spirit of blood and iron, Germany set about sowing suspicion and discord upon the nation, conspiring with elements of unrest in every land, steadily increasing armaments and mobilizing the universities, press, pulpit and governmental authorities to inculcate the gospel of hatred and force. The essential truth of these charges is admitted by the Germans themselves through the revolution.

Liberated territories will hear their portion of the pre-war debt, but will not assume any part of the war debt itself.

Apollodorus of Securities. "After the events of war," it is said, "the powers have the right to demand that Germany be no longer intimately involved in their financial or economical life or that of their former allies, or Russia."

As the greater part of Germany's foreign securities must be liquidated, the protection of German holders will no longer justify German participation in international organizations.

The right is reserved to demand of Germany her credits in Austria, Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey. In the discussion of the economic clauses, the reply states that the principles enunciated by President Wilson and embodied in the covenant of the league of nations as to the equality of trade conditions will be maintained.

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be laid down in advance.

"Meanwhile the treaty must be signed," the reply declared.

"The burdens of Germany are undoubtedly heavy, but they are imposed upon conditions of justice by peoples whose social well being and economic prosperity have been gravely impaired by wrongs which it is beyond the utmost power of Germany to repair."

In the financial action of the reply, it is stipulated that reparation must be made prior to the settlement of all other German public debts with such exceptions as the commission may approve. Payment for food may also be a first charge and gold may be exported on approval.

Germany must pay the expense of military occupation as an essential guarantee of peace and war material surrendered after the armistice cannot be credited against reparation.

Liberated territories will hear their portion of the pre-war debt, but will not assume any part of the war debt itself.

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French Premier Makes It Clear That Talk Is Ended

(Continued From Preceding Page.)

scheme for reparation and in order that France may have immediate and certain compensation for the wanton destruction of her Northern coal mines. The district has been transferred to French sovereignty, but to the control of the league of nations. This method has the double advantage that it involves no annexation while it gives possession of the coal field to France and maintains the economic unity of the district, so important to the interest of the inhabitants.

"At the end of 15 years the mixed population, which in the meantime will have had control of its own local affairs under the governing supervision of the league of nations, will have complete freedom to decide whether it wishes union with France or the continuance of the regime provided for in the treaty."

Extreme Territory Considered. M. Clemenceau takes up various territorial extremes, including the German colonies, which he says the allied Powers are satisfied are strongly opposed to being again brought under German's sway. The allied Powers, therefore, are not prepared to modify their territorial proposals except in certain respects laid down.

With regard to the economic and financial clauses, M. Clemenceau says:

"There is no intention on the part of the allied and associated Powers to strangle Germany or to prevent her from taking her proper place in international trade and commerce. Provided that she abides by the treaty of peace and provided, also, that she abandons those aggressive and exclusive traditions which have been apparent in her business no less than her political methods, the allied and associated Powers intend that Germany shall have fair treatment in the purchase of raw materials and the sale of goods, subject to those temporary provisions already mentioned in the interests of nations ravaged and artificially weakened by Germany's actions. It is their desire that the passions engendered by the war should die as soon as possible and that all nations should share in the prosperity which comes from the honest reply of mutual needs. In order to make their intention clear, a number of modifications have been made in the financial and economic clauses of the treaty. But the principles upon which the treaty is drawn must stand."

With regard to reparation proposals, M. Clemenceau says while the allied Powers are not prepared to modify them, they recognize, with the German delegation, the advantage of arriving at a settlement as soon as possible at the fixed and definite sum which shall be payable by Germany. They are willing to accord to Germany all necessary and reasonable facilities to enable her to survey the devastated and damaged regions and to make proposals thereafter, within four months of the signing of the treaty for a settlement of the claims.

M. Clemenceau says the allied and associated Powers have given careful consideration to the request of the German delegation that Germany be admitted to the league of nations as one of the conditions of peace, but that the allies are unable to accede to this request. He adds that the German revolution was postponed to the last moment of the war, and that there is no guarantee that it represents a permanent change, and that it is impossible in the present temper of international feeling to expect the free nations of the world to sit down immediately in equal association with those by whom they have been so grievously wronged.

It is added that the Allied and Associated Powers believe, if the German people, and that they intend to fulfill the conditions of the peace, and that they have abandoned forever those aggressive and estranging policies which caused the war, and have now become a people with whom it is possible to live in neighborly good fellowship, the memories of these past years will speedily fade and it will be possible at an early date to complete the league of nations by the admission of Germany thereto.

Clause VII refers to the denunciation by Germany of the blockade of the allies. It declares that the blockade always has been a legal and recognized method of war. It adds that if the allies imposed a blockade of exceptional severity on Germany it was "because of the criminal character of the blockade imposed by Germany and of the barbarous methods adopted by her in prosecuting it."

"This Their Last Word." In conclusion, the allied and associated Powers must make it clear that this letter and the memorandum attached constitute their last word. They have examined the German observations and counter proposals with earnest attention and care. They have in consequence made important modifications in the draft treaty. But in its principles they stand by it.

"They believe that it is not only a just settlement of the great war, but that it provides the basis upon which the peoples

of Europe can live together in friendship and equality." That conclusion will then be the peaceful adjustment of all international problems by discussion and consent and repression. The desire and deliberate attempt to establish "that reign of law based upon the consent of the governed and sustained by organized opinion of mankind," which was the agreed basis of the peace.

Must Accept or Reject.

It is added that the treaty in its present form must be accepted or rejected.

"The allied and associated Powers," it continues, "therefore, require a declaration from the German delegation within five days (it has now been made 7 days) that they are prepared to sign the treaty as now amended. If they declare within the period that they are prepared to sign the treaty as it stands, an arrangement will be made for the immediate signature of the peace at Versailles. In default of such a declaration this communication constitutes the modification provided for in Article 11 of the convention of the 16th of February, 1919, prolonging the armistice signed on the 11th of November, 1918, and again prolonged by the agreement of the 13th of December, 1918, and the 16th of January, 1919, and the said armistice will then terminate and the allied and associated Powers will take such steps as they think needful to force their terms."

The detailed reply follows exactly the scheme of the original conditions of peace, which was in turn followed by the Germans in their counter proposals. It says that it cannot be disputed that the allied statesmen have never expressed a desire for any other peace than one which would undo the wrongs of 1914, vindicate justice and international right and reconstruct the political foundations of Europe, which would give liberty to all its peoples and therefore the prospect of a lasting peace.

The German claim of a contradiction between the terms of the treaty and President Wilson's promise of justice to the German people is met by a quotation demanding "the destruction of every arbitrary Power everywhere that can separately, secretly and of its single choice disturb the peace of the world." If, similarly, it says, the Germans claim contradiction in territorial claims, it must be borne in mind that this is not the result of any purpose to act unjustly toward Germany, but rather of the fact that an appreciable amount of German territory consisted of districts unjustly appropriated by her in the past.

Germany Economically Intact. The economic obligations are answered by the statement that Germany's economic condition is intact and in no wise crippled by the restoration of the districts brought upon the allied people. The German contention that peoples have been bartered about, is declared to be similarly confounded, as every territorial settlement has been reached after most careful and labored consideration of racial, religious and linguistic factors and the legitimate hopes of peoples long under alien rule.

Germany's complaint that she has not been invited to join the league of nations, it says, cannot find justification in any of President Wilson's declarations, for he carefully laid down that such admission was possible only after Germany had proved her character.

With regard to the league of nations, it is stated that the allied and associated Powers have never had the intention of definitely excluding Germany or any other Power from membership and that every country whose government has proved its stability and its desire to observe international obligations will be supported in its demands for admission. It adds that in Germany's case the events of the past five years prove the need of a definite test, the length of which will depend on the acts of the German Government, especially toward the treaty.

Reduction of Armaments. The inclusion in the covenant of the German proposals regarding economic questions is considered unnecessary. The allied and associated Powers will guarantee protection, under the league, of German minorities in ceded territories, and intend to open negotiations immediately for a general reduction of armaments, as provided in the covenant, in the expectation that Germany carries out her engagements in this regard.

Three of the detailed reply deals with European political clauses. It says the territories of Eupen and Malmédy have continued in close relation with Belgium, despite a century of Prussianization and that the reunion of these territories with Belgium seems justified. The communal woods in Prussian Moroset are awarded to Belgium in partial compensation for the destruction of Belgian forests.

With regard to Schleswig the reply says the plebiscite in Northern Schleswig promised by Germany but never granted, is now assured on the request of Denmark and the people concerned. The territory as far as the Elbe and the Schlei is to be

evacuated by the Germans and administered on the spot and at the end of 15 years will be free to choose its own sovereignty. Concerning Alsace Lorraine, the reply says a plebiscite there cannot be admitted because the whole purpose of the provisions in regard to these provinces has been, so far as possible, to repair the injustice committed in 1871 and to restore the situation then prevailing as far as it is possible after 50 years of suffering.

It is added that the will of the inhabitants has been amply attested by the unanimous protests against annexation voiced by their representatives at Bordeaux in 1871 and repeated many other times since, even at the cost of their own tranquility and interest. There is no intention, says the reply, of applying the general principle of the treaty that the inhabitants of the public debt of the ceding state and pay for the public property, as it is intended that France should recover these provinces without prejudice.

Problems of Eastern Frontier.

The other parts of the detailed reply deal with the principles to be followed in determining the Eastern frontiers of Germany and concerning Luxembourg, Austria and Russia. It is stated that it has been determined to re-establish the Polish state; that the German observations, regarding Luxembourg require no answer because of Germany's violation of Luxembourg's neutrality and Luxembourg's denunciation of the Eastern union. None of the German contentions with regard to Russia are considered to require a change in the treaty.

With the regard to the Saar region, the reply says no alteration is permissible in the terms provided. "The allied and associated Powers," says the reply, "with regard to the Saar region, have sought to impose the destruction of the mines of Northern France a form of reparation which by its exceptional nature will for a limited period be a definite and visible symbol. At the same time they intend by assuring themselves of the immediate possession of actual security, to escape the risks to which the German memoir itself has drawn attention."

"The interests of the inhabitants have, however, been most scrupulously safeguarded; they will live for the first time since their forcible annexation of Prussia and Bavaria under a Government nation in the independence of which it was justly deprived more than a century ago. This was one of the greatest wrongs of which history has a record, the memory and the result of which has for long poisoned the political life of a large part of Europe and which was one of the essential steps by which the military power of Prussia was built up and the whole political life first of Prussia and Germany perverted."

Posen and West Prussia.

A second principle governing the action of the allied Powers is that there shall be included in the restored Poland all those districts inhabited by an indisputably Polish population. Dealing with Posen and West Prussia the detailed reply says:

"These two provinces, which were predominantly Polish when the partition took place, might have been restored to Poland almost in their entirety, according to the strict law of historic retribution, but instead there has been left to Germany, in an effort to avoid even the appearance of injustice, and despite Germany's brutal colonialization policy, all those districts in the west on which there is an undisputed German predominance, contiguous to Germany. Nevertheless, the frontiers have been carefully reconsidered, and certain modifications made in detail. In particular the historical frontier between Pomerania and West Prussia is to be re-established."

East Prussia—Germany's refusal to accept the separation of East Prussia from the rest of Germany is met by the statement that East Prussia was so separated for many hundreds of years, has been always recognized in Germany as a German colony, and not as an original German land. It was not actually included in the political frontiers of Germany until 1866, it is said. It is pointed out that Germany's objection to the holding of a plebiscite in certain parts of East Prussia causes surprise, especially when she admits that the city will be held in order to meet any further criticism. The liquidation of German property there is to be safeguarded and Germany will be allowed to purchase mineral products, including coal, on the same terms as the Poles. Germany transferred to Poland are to be protected as to language, religion and education.

Heligoland—Provision is made for the protection of the interests of the people of Heligoland and of peaceful navigation and the fishing industry there, in accordance with Germany's demands. The harbor that is to be destroyed does not include that which is used by fishing vessels. The destruction will be solely to prevent the reformation of the island.

No Concessions as to Colonies. The reply states that no concessions can be made as to former German colonies and German rights outside of Europe. It is declared that the allied and associated Governments cannot "again abandon 13,000,000 or 14,000,000 persons to a fate from which the war has delivered them." Abuses which have attended German colonial civilization are said to have been admitted by German leaders and it is felt necessary to guard the security of the colonies and the peace of the world against a military imperialism which sought to establish a basis for interference and intimidation against other Powers.

The loss of the colonies will not hinder Germany's normal economic development, it is declared, it being asserted that in 1913 but one-half per cent of Germany's imports and one-half per cent of her exports were with her own colonies. It is shown by experience, the reply says, that but a very small proportion of the excess German

population would go to the German colonies. The principles of private rights will apply to railroads and mines if Germany can prove their private ownership, with the exception of the case of Kiauchau. The natives of the colonies which will be administered under mandates will not bear any part of the German debt and the allies reserve full liberty to determine the conditions under which Germans may establish themselves in colonial regions. They ask that Germany agree in advance to humanitarian conventions as to the traffic in arms, spirits and the like.

Military Terms Discussed.

The military terms were not drawn solely with a view of making it impossible for Germany to resume her policy of military aggression but also as the first step toward the general limitation of armaments. As the colossal growth in armaments in the past few decades was, it is asserted, forced upon Europe by Germany, it is right, the reply declares, that the process of limitation should begin with her. The allies were willing, in the interest of general peace and the welfare of the German people, to allow

Germany to reduce her army more gradually than stipulated in the original draft of the treaty. Within three months she must have reduced her army to a maximum of 100,000 men and at the end of that three months and every three months thereafter to allow allied military experts to fix her military strength for the succeeding three months, the object being to reach the 100,000 stipulated in the original treaty as soon as possible, and at least by March 31, 1920. Fortresses situated in the neutral zone east of the Rhine not occupied by the powers will be dismantled in six months and these in occupied territory will be dismantled when ordered by the allied command.

The navy terms, while leaving Germany adequate naval forces for protection and police duty, must, the reply states, be accepted unconditionally, the details to be worked out by the naval commission after the peace treaty is signed. No financial measures are contemplated as regards the surrender of the warships which must be unconditional.

Serve on the Rhine—NOW in the A. E. F.



Here is Opportunity—Are YOU the Man?

My boy—your Uncle Sam is sending 50,000 men like you, right now, to serve in France and on the Rhine. The flag floats in many parts of the world, and Uncle Sam will maintain an efficient, patriotic army to guard it. So besides the contingents for Europe, many other red-blooded men are invited to volunteer and choose what part of the world they will serve in.

Will You Go?

In Panama, Alaska, Hawaii, the Philippines, China, as well as France and the Rhine, opportunity is offered clean, ambitious, intelligent young men. The choice is yours!

Thousands of Americans would gladly pay for this experience—you will get paid. And while you serve, you learn.

Read every word of this advertisement and see why service in the United States Army is the best preparation you could have for success in life!

Good Pay, Enjoyable, Inspiring Work, Recreation and Man-Building

Food, clothing, living quarters, medical and dental attention—all of the very best—absolutely FREE. The present rate of pay is \$30 a month or more. In other words, the soldier now has a net profit of about a dollar a day.

Can you pay all your living expenses from your present income and have a dollar a day left over? Probably not.

Military Life is Outdoor Life

It inculcates self-control, quick-thinking, alertness, regularity, exactness, bodily fitness. It makes you hard as nails; a trained, co-ordinated unit of clean bone and muscle. Most men gain weight as a result of army life!

Free Vocational Training in the Army Fits You for Success

Suppose you are a young man looking about you for a trade as a stepping stone to success in life—Uncle Sam offers many educational opportunities, and pays you while you study.



Uncle Sam gives you your living, gives you the opportunity to learn a skilled trade and pays you real money at the same time. And when you complete your enlistment and obtain your discharge, if you have taken full advantage of your chances, your services will be in demand wherever skilled men are employed. Among these skilled trades are Land Surveying, Auto Repairing, Telephone Repairing, Road Construction, Wireless Telegraphy, Steam-fitting, Telegraphy, Switchboard Installation, Motor Mechanics (air or ground), Baking and Cooking, Carpentry, Photography, Electrical Work, Lithography, Bricklaying, Blacksmithing, Drafting, Masonry, Welding (acetylene and electric), Airplane Mechanics, Plumbing, and a great many others.

Liberty and Recreation

The soldier off duty writes letters, smokes, plays baseball, pool, football or most any other game he likes; goes to the movies, or theatres; in fact, does about as he pleases. He has no difficulty in obtaining permission to leave the camp or post at proper times. He meets agreeable people, including lots of nice girls, at Hostess Houses, etc. He goes to dances, if he wants to. In fact, he usually has a better time than a civilian.

Now, Men, What Do You Want? Where do you want to go? France and the Rhine? (50,000 going right away). Panama? Hawaiian Islands? Philippine Islands? China? Alaska? Men are wanted for certain branches of the Service in all of the above places.

What Branch of the Service Do You Like Best?

Infantry, Cavalry, Field Artillery, Ordnance Dept., Medical Dept. (including Veterinary Corps), Coast Artillery Corps, Signal Corps, Tank Corps, Air Service (including Balloon Corps), Motor Transport Corps, Quartermaster Corps, Corps of Engineers, Construction Division. You can choose your own branch of the Service.

What Useful Skilled Trade Would You Like to Learn? You can learn almost any trade you wish, and quit at the end of your enlistment with money

in the bank, and a livelihood on your brain and at your fingertips.

Do You Want to Be a Non-Com?

In every organization there are now vacancies in the various grades of non-commissioned officers, carrying increased pay, opportunity and experience.

Do You Want to Be an Officer?

Appointments of selected enlisted men to the U. S. Military Academy at West Point are frequently made. The regulations provide that at all times there shall be men so appointed in West Point, to a number not exceeding ninety; and many men also receive commissions direct from the ranks.

Call at the nearest recruiting station and ask all the questions you wish. You incur not the slightest obligation by doing so. Courteous non-commissioned officers on duty will cheerfully tell you whatever you want to know and give you printed matter that you can look over at your home.



What else do you want to know? This advertisement tells only a part of the story. Get the rest today. Don't delay. Act now!

UNITED STATES ARMY RECRUITING OFFICE

at Cor. Third and Olive Streets, St. Louis, Mo.

Dr. Is here this have foot a him examine



Unusually G White

HAVE you noticed looking for such low prices as these? The materials are fine. Each Skirt is the cut of the poe in so that they ma Most of the Sk plaids or stripes i

Summe \$4.25

TWO exception Curtains, in also lace edge a in white, ivory o These Curtain practical for any



A LIGHT-CUT T cupped or fla

Water Tumble 3 for 25 Light-cut Glass blers, in pretty fling. 10-ounce ca



Scr High-grade Scr stock, suitable for at, your choice, \$4

Screen Adjustable, har 18 inches high, 24 inches high, 30 inches high, 33 inches high, 36 inches high,

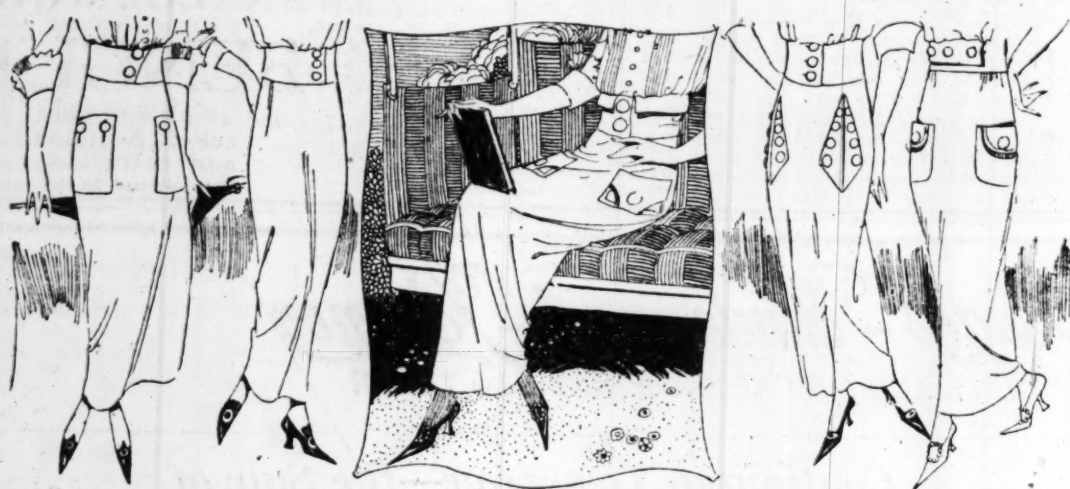
Sprinkling The "Cumberl 1/2-inch size, qua tire season. Comp lings. 25-ft. sections, sections, \$3.49.



Dr. Scholl's Foot Specialist

Is here this week giving free advice to those who have foot ailments. Come in tomorrow and let him examine your feet.

(Foot Relief Dept.—Main Floor.)



Unusually Good Varieties Offered in White Tub Skirts for Summer

\$2.95 \$3.95 and \$4.95

HAVE you noticed how many white skirts are being worn? They are fresh and cool looking and form an economical part of your Summer outfit when you can buy them at such low prices as the ones in this assortment.

The materials are fancy plaid and striped gabardines, piques, golfine and plain gabardine. Each Skirt is made well and carefully tailored. The difference in style depends upon the cut of the pockets, the belts and the various button trimmings. The hems are basted in so that they may be easily adjusted to the desired length.

Most of the Skirts are all white, though there are some at \$3.95 that are white with plaids or stripes in colors. All sizes are shown.

(Third Floor.)

Summer Curtains—Specially Priced

\$4.25 and \$5.35 Pair

TWO exceptional groups of Marquisette and Voile Curtains, in the drawwork and motif styles—also lace edge and insertion effects. May be had in white, ivory or beige shade.

These Curtains are ideal for Summer use, and are practical for any room.

Marquisette 25c a Yard

To those who prefer to make their own curtains, this material will appeal. It is a good quality, mercerized, easily laundered, gives good service and is 36 inches wide.

(Fourth Floor.)



A Sale of Fine Stemware

LIGHT-CUT Table Glasses in beautiful vintage and floral cuttings, cupped or flared shape. They are exceptionally clear blanks, and the assortment includes Goblets, Saucer Champagne and Wine Glasses. Very specially priced at 25c each.

Water Tumblers 3 for 25c

Light-cut Glass Tumblers, in pretty floral cutting, 10-ounce capacity.

Light Cut-Glass Pieces, 25c

An assortment of good-looking light-cut glass in attractive floral cutting on light blanks. Included are: Flower Baskets Powder Boxes Hair Boxes Vases Finger Bowls Toothpick Holders Plates Handled Nappies Perfume Bottles

(Fifth Floor and Sixth Street Highway—Main Floor)

Needed Articles for the Home

Screen Doors, Choice \$2.89 "CONTINENTAL" hardwood natural finished doors in three-panel style, as illustrated, in the following sizes:

2 ft. 6 inches wide, 6 ft. 6 inches high.
2 ft. 8 inches wide, 6 ft. 8 inches high.
2 ft. 10 inches wide, 6 ft. 10 inches high.
3 ft. wide, 7 ft. high.

Screen Doors, Choice \$1.98 "Continental" make, walnut stained, in three-panel style. Sizes same as above doors.

Screen Doors, \$4.39

High-grade Screen Doors in the single panel style, of extra heavy stock, suitable for front doors. Choice of any size as above quoted, at, your choice, \$4.39.

Screen Windows

Adjustable, hardwood frames, specially priced: 18 inches high, extend to 33 inches, priced, 49c
24 inches high, extend to 33 inches, priced, 59c
28 inches high, extend to 37 inches, priced, 75c
30 inches high, extend to 33 inches, priced, 75c
32 inches high, extend to 37 inches, priced, 89c
36 inches high, extend to 37 inches, priced, 95c

Sprinkling Hose The "Cumberland" make, in 3/4-inch size, guaranteed for entire season. Complete with couplings. 25-ft. sections, \$3.85; 50-ft. sections, \$5.49.

The "Eaton Corrugated Molded" Hose, 3/4-inch, non-kinkable, guaranteed, and fitted with couplings. 25-ft. sections, \$4.75; 50-ft. sections, \$9.50.

Hose Reels, 98c

Made of hard-wood, strong and durable. The life of a garden hose is prolonged by the use of a reel.

Ice Cream Freezers 98c

The "A.C.M." style, in two-quart size, made of heavy quality tin. Freezes quickly and requires very little ice.

Lawn Mowers

The self-sharpening style, with crucible steel cutter bars, adjustable for cutting high or low grass. Have 10-inch high drive wheels.

Plain Bearing Ball Bearing
14-inch size, \$8.25 \$9.25
16-inch size, \$8.75 \$9.75
18-inch size, \$9.25 \$10.25

Refrigerators

\$22.95

The "Alaska Star" make, of solid ash with white enamel food chambers. Three-door style, front icer, with ice capacity of about 70 pounds. Specially priced.

The same style but larger, with ice capacity of 90 pounds, is specially priced at \$25.75.

"Seeger" Refrigerator \$39.00

The original "Siphon System" Refrigerators, made with solid oak casing, elastic enamel lined, in three-door style, of 50-pound ice capacity.

Same style but larger, with 100-pound ice capacity, specially priced at \$49.00.

"Star" Refrigerators \$49.75

The large size, made of solid ash, porcelain-lined food chambers. Three-door style, front icer, with 135-pound ice capacity. Bath Sprays, red rubber tubing, nickel-plated spray, 5-ft. size, at 75c

(Fifth Floor.)

STORE HOURS: 9 A. M., TO 5:30, P. M.

STIX, BAER & FULLER

GRAND-LEADER

For Home or Vacation—One of These

Slip-On Fiber Sweaters

Priced, \$7.95

SWEATERS of fancy weave fiber silk are the kind that women and girls will be wearing with smart separate skirts. These special Sweaters come in a variety of shades and have either Tuxedo or sailor collars.

Women's or Misses' Shetland Wool Sweaters, in slip-on style, come in the newest shades. They are made with collars or without. Price \$4.98 (Second Floor.)

Athletic Underwear for Women

THE maker's sample stock of "Seal Pack" underwear bought at a special price concession enables us to offer two very special groups at

\$1.25 and \$1.98

There are many reasons why women should be keenly interested in this sale of athletic undergarments. They are the ideal garments for Summer wear. They give more freedom than other makes, are lighter in weight, will last longer, being plainly tailored and are easily tubbed.

These garments are made of soft nainsook in striped and plain effect. Others with Seco silk tops and bottoms of batiste, or entirely of Seco. All have the ventilated waistbands. They are put up in sealed packages, and we are sure that each garment will give satisfaction.

(Second Floor.)

Wednesday—Baby Day

AS important to baby's happiness as his toys and rattles, are the clothes he wears. All of the things he needs for Summer are in the Baby Shop. These are mentioned for Wednesday:

Babies' Long Dresses of nainsook, trimmed with lace, embroidery and tucks, some hand-embroidered in dainty designs. Many styles for your selection priced from 75c to \$1.95

Babies' Nightgowns of nainsook, flannelette and knit fabrics, are priced at 50c to \$1.50

Babies' Sweater Sacques of soft zephyr, open-front and slip-on style, in white as well as dainty baby colors, are priced \$1.98 and \$2.98

Babies' Cotton Hose, 25c pair
Babies' Silk Hose, pair, 75c and 85c
Babies' Shirts and Bands of light weight are priced from 39c up to 75c
Babies' Rubber Diapers, specially priced 25c
Babies' Bath Sets, consisting of towel and face cloth, 60c set

Babies' Bird's-Eye Diapers—size 18x 36 inches, hemmed, read for use—slightly imperfect, but a very special value at \$2.25
Babies' Quilted Pads, 25c, 69c and 98c
Babies' Kid Moccasins, trimmed in pink or blue, 98c (Second Floor.)



Boys' Wash Suits \$2.95 \$3.95 \$4.95

NEW styles in Boys' Wash Suits, from the best makers. Every Suit guaranteed fast color, in plain blue, tan, green or white, also color combinations. May be had with either long or short sleeves. Sizes 2 1/2 to 9 years.

Middy Suits at \$1.89

White Galatea Suits, with blue or red collar and cuffs—all fast colors. Sizes 3 to 8 years.

Washable Knickers, \$1.69

Cut extra full and strongly made of gray linen crash. Sizes 6 to 18 years.

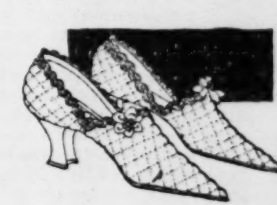
Other Washable Knickerbockers at \$1.35 and up to \$2.75.

Boys' Silk Caps, 98c and \$1.48

Several patterns in silk and light-weight black-and-white checks, made in the new one-piece top style.

(Second Floor Annex.)

Dainty House Slippers \$3.50 to \$5.00 Pair



QUILTED Satin Mules and Boudoir Slippers, in dainty styles and beautifully finished. May be had in pretty shades of pink, lavender, old rose or blue as well as black. Curved heels.

Women's Tennis Shoes, Oxfords

\$1.25 and \$1.50 a Pair

Excellent grade White Canvas Footwear, with white rubber soles. All sizes.

Buckles for Pumps, 98c Pair

A new style Buckle, suitable for pumps without tongue. It does not hurt the foot and will stand up in the approved Colonial fashion. A wonderful assortment to make selection from at Wednesday's special price.

(Main Floor.)

In the Downstairs Store

The Thirty-Seventh Mill Remnant Sale

Staple Cotton Goods

Dress Lawns Mill remnants of fancy printed, light and medium colored Dress Lawns at, yard, 7c

Dress Voiles Mill remnants of fancy printed plaid and striped Dress Voiles at, the yard, 15c

Apron Gingham Mill remnants of small blue-and-white, indigo dye Apron Gingham at, the yard, 15c

Dress Voiles Mill remnants of beautiful dark styles in Dress Voiles, 39 inches wide, at, the yard, 25c

Bleached Muslins Mill remnants of soft-finished, Bleached Muslins, 30 inches wide, at, the yard, 15c

Shirting Percaloes Mill remnants of light-colored striped and figured Shirting Percaloes at, yard, 23c

3 O'clock Special

A lot of 1600 yards Amoskeag Mills Dress Gingham 25c Yard

In fancy colored plaid effects.

(Downstairs Store.)

Notions

(No Phone Orders Filled)

Coats' Spool Cotton—Best, 6-cord sewing thread, white or black—buying limit 4 spools—at 4 spools for 15c

White or black, numbers 40 to 70, Crochet Cotton—R. M. C. brand, best mercerized quality, white or ecru. Limit 10 balls, at 6 1/2c ball

Best American-Made Steel Pins—Paper Sew-on Supporters—All elastic, pair, 9c

Lingerie Tape—4-yard bolts, 5c

Safety Pins—Various sizes—card, 30

Darning Cotton—Best quality, 3 spools 5c

Children's Pin-on Supporters—Black or white, per pair, 10c

Snap Fasteners—Black or white, dozen, 4c

Pearl Buttons—Assorted styles, 3 cards 10c

Elastic Remnants—Garter lengths, each, 5c

Fancy Buttons—Ivory and celluloid, card, 5c

Sanitary Napkins—3 in box, 10c

Shoe Polish—Sterling brand, can, 5c

(Downstairs Store.)

Women's Gloves 35c Pr.

TRICOT Silk Gloves of fine quality, with self-embroidered backs, double-tipped fingers and two clasps.

Women's Chamoisette Gloves, 35c Pair

Plain or black embroidered backs, both light and heavy weights.

Sample Silk Gloves 75c Pair

Milanes and tricot silk, double-tipped fingers. There are white with contrasting stitched backs of black, also white, mode, pongee, tan and gray with self-stitched backs.

"Leader" Coffee 2 Pounds 76c

A WELL-KNOWN high-grade Coffee—rich in flavor and economical, as one teaspoonful makes one cup of coffee. Packed in one-pound cartons to keep it fresh.

C. F. Blanke's Faust Coffee, blend D, at 44c pound (Downstairs Store Annex.)



A Wonderful Showing of

Cool Summer Dresses

\$4.98 \$8.75 \$9.75

RIGHT now the absorbing question of nearly every woman concerns Summer clothes. Thousands of women are looking for cool Summer Dresses that are reasonably priced. We are showing tomorrow 600 new Summer Dresses, every one of them priced under \$10. They will answer every requirement and, before looking further, make it a point to see the many attractive styles shown in this assortment.

The materials are lovely organdies and voiles in Summer shades—maize, rose, pink, Copenhagen, light blue and white—or Ramie linen in solid colors or attractive figured voiles and lawns. All are copies of high-grade Dresses. All sizes for women and misses.

(Downstairs Store.)

An Unusual Sale of Hosiery

EMBRACING salesmen's samples, mill lots of seconds and mill runs—all very specially priced.

At 10c Pair

Men's Cotton Socks, black and colors, reinforced heels and toes. Women's Gauze Cotton Stockings, elastic garter tops.

At 19c Pair

Men's Mercerized Socks, all colors. Women's Mercerized and Fine Gauze Cotton Stockings—black, white or brown. Children's Fine Ribbed White Cotton Stockings. Boys' 1st Ribbed Cotton Stockings, fast black. Infants' Fancy-top Cotton Socks.

At 15c Pair

Men's Fine Gauze Socks—black, white and colors. Women's Gauze Cotton Stockings, black or white.

At 29c Pair

Men's Fine Mercerized and Fine Gauze Cotton Socks. Women's Mercerized Cotton and Fine Lisle Stockings, with or without seam. Black, white and colors. Misses' and Boys' Ribbed Cotton Stockings. (Downstairs Store.)



NEW CONTRACT FOR EXCESS POWER IS SHOWN BY U. R.

Agreement With Union Electric Made in April, 1918, for Keokuk Current at 4 Mills Per Kwh.

EXHIBIT IS IN FORM OF LETTER

Railways Company Offers Evidence That It Could Not Transform Power as Cheaply as Union Does It.

An agreement whereby the Union Electric Light and Power Co. contracted to pass on to the United Railways any portion of chance surplus power received from Keokuk that the Railways desired was offered in evidence yesterday in the Federal receivership suit by Theodore R. Rasmussen, attorney for John I. Bost, defendant director, through W. E. Bryan, superintendent of power plants for the railways. This contract was made in April, 1918, and was in addition to another contract made earlier in 1918.

Concerning the earlier contract, the testimony of the plaintiff alleges that it charged the railways at the rate of nearly 9 mills per kilowatt hour, a time when the Union company had obtained a reduction in the price it paid for water power to 2.5 mills. The contract offered to the railways specified that the railways would pay 4 mills for the 2.5 mill power.

The existence of the April, 1918, contract was unknown to the plaintiff, attorney, J. R. Caplan, James Adkins, treasurer of the company, in response to a question while

he was on the witness stand in this hearing, stated he had sought and learned that one contract had been executed between the companies in 1918. The contract presented yesterday aroused the interest of Special Master Lamm.

Lamm's Interest Aroused. "Was this contract prepared after this lawsuit was instituted?" he asked. "Who originated the correspondence?" Turning to Rasmussen, he asked: "Do you hold that these officers had a right to enter into this contract without the authority of the board of directors?"

"Yes," Rasmussen replied, "the same as they buy postage stamps or buy other supplies which they need for the company's business."

The exhibit, as offered, consisted of a copy of a letter purported to be from the Railways' chief engineer to Charles S. Ruffner, general manager of the Union company, notifying him that the Railways would begin using power under the 4-mill price on April 22, pursuant to "our telephone conversations" and attached to it was a copy of the agreement, which was short. It provided that when there was a surplus of power at the Keokuk dam which the Union company by agreement with the Keokuk company could demand at 2.5 mills, that the Railways company would in turn demand that power from the Union company at 4 mills.

Contract Unknown to Francis. Guido Pantaleoni, who qualified as an electrical expert for the plaintiff, said after the hearing that T. E. Francis, general attorney for the Railways, had informed him prior to the opening of the hearings that there was no contract between the two companies for power executed in 1918, except that made in February. Bryan stated that he did not believe that Francis knew of the existence of the April contract.

Upon objection of Caplan that the contract was not properly authenticated as evidence, Rasmussen withheld introduction until he could supplement it, he said, with vouchers showing Railways payments at 4 mills.

When the defense presented J. L. Harrop, chief engineer of the Public Service Commission, to give figures on the Union's cost of furnishing power for the Railways, Caplan objected, on the ground that Harrop could not testify except at the order of the Public Service Commission, and that the figures which Harrop proposed to testify to were from an

exhibit prepared during 1915, not exclusively by himself, but partially by the accounting department of the commission. Lamm admitted the testimony tentatively.

Harrop's testimony was that the total revenue of the Union from the Railways in 1915 was \$1,175,655.56, delivered at a cost of \$1,104,159.44, or at a profit of 1.85 per cent on an investment in property necessary to conduct the Railways' business, which he estimated to be \$3,838,835.

Revenue Stricken Out. Judge Lamm struck from the testimony the item of revenue received for the power as not being taken from the Union books by the witness but by others, and thus seemingly rendered valueless as evidence the deductions he made from that premise.

Harrop declared that the United Railways could not produce the power it uses in a modern plant at less than 1 cent per kilowatt and that the price would be nearer 1.1 cents. Previous exhibits of the defense have established the highest price paid by the Railways to the Union company at 8.75 cents per kilowatt hour.

An exhibit purporting to show that the Railways company would have lost \$247,555 in the period between the last half of 1913 and the end of 1918 had it supplied its needs as they increased from what has been presumed to be cheap power from Keokuk, rather than purchase power from the Union company under contracts made in 1909 and 1918, was introduced through Bryan.

This appeared to puzzle Judge Lamm, who asked whether the defense was undertaking to show that steam power was cheaper than water power.

Rasmussen replied that it was not, and through the witness enlarged upon the exhibit. The Railways received under a contract made in 1909 46-2-3 per cent of all the power that comes from Keokuk to St. Louis. The Union company receives the remainder.

The "Middle" Company. The Railways received for several

years its portion of the power through a "middle" company, which built a transforming station at Page avenue and turned over the power to the Railways there. The Union company later purchased this middle company and has been performing that service at Page avenue for the Railways. The Union's share of the water power is brought by it about five miles to a transforming station at Lewis street, then mixed with steam-produced power and sold to the Railways under contracts made in 1909 and 1918, when the Railways found that it needed power additional to the 46-2-3 per cent it receives at Page avenue.

The premises upon which Bryan's exhibit was built was that if the Railways received, in addition to its 46-2-3 per cent, enough water power at Page avenue to fill all its needs, it would be confronted with the necessity of bringing the power downtown, where it is most used. As stated, that service now is performed by the Union. Bryan gave figures to show that the Railways must invest \$542,202 to perform that service for itself. Adding fixed charges and operating expense, he reached the conclusion that the cost of the power to the Railways, if it performed its own transmission, would be 9.56 mills per kilowatt hour, whereas the Union is furnishing power for 8.75 mills.

Three Sources of Power. Judge Lamm inquired if the figures Bryan submitted were infallible and upon a scientific basis which could be used for investment.

Bryan replied that they were. "Some of my friends have made money on such figuring, but others have lost," the judge observed. "Is the average of figures such as these a failure?"

"No, the average is a success," Bryan replied.

Bryan stated, as further reasons for the desirability of buying through the Union instead of buying all water power, that under the present arrangement the Railways has three sources of power, its own steam plants, the steam plants of the Union company and the dam at Keokuk.

He said that if the company did not have the Union as a source of supply, but was dependent wholly upon water power, that in the failure of water power, the company could generate only about half enough power to run its cars. He added that in three months of the years 1917-18, the water power did fail, but the Railways did not feel the effect as it was furnished with steam power by the Union.

GOVERNMENT ENGINEER PLACES CONTRACT FOR FOUR TOWBOATS

As expected, Major-General William M. Black, chief of engineers of the United States Army, during a visit to St. Louis yesterday, awarded

contracts for the construction of a fleet of four towboats, for operation on the Upper Mississippi River to the St. Louis Boat and Engineering Co., the Marietta Manufacturing Co. of Point Pleasant, W. Va., and the Minneapolis Steel and Machinery Co., whose combined bid of \$322,500 per towboat was the lowest of five submitted. The St. Louis company was organized to bid on this work by Edward A. Faust.

Delivery of the first towboat is required before May 1, 1920. The towboats will be of 2000 horsepower, stern-wheel type, drawing four feet of water, and will be used to propel 19 barges now building, the first of which will take the water at Duquoin about July 1. The fleet was authorized by the Government to be leased to Edward F. Goltra to bring

iron ore from the Twin Cities for the Mississippi Valley Iron Co. and to carry Illinois coal to Northwestern railroads on the return trip.

Tobacco Habit Dangerous

Says Doctor Connor, formerly of Johns Hopkins hospital. Thousands of men suffering from fatal diseases would be in perfect health today were it not for the deadly drug nicotine. Stop the habit now before it's too late. It's a simple process to rid yourself of the tobacco habit in any form. Just go to any up-to-date drug store and get some Nicotol tablets. Take them as directed and in the pernicious habit, quickly vanishes. Druggists refund the money if they fail. Be sure to read large and interesting announcement by Doctor Connor soon to appear in this paper. It tells of the danger of nicotine poisoning and how to avoid it. In the meantime try Nicotol tablets; you will be surprised at the result.—ADP

Poor tired feet—walked all day, danced all night.

BAUME ANALGESIQUE BENGUE

for quick and sure relief. Soothing and refreshing. Thee. Leeming & Co., N. Y.

Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney

OLIVE AND LOCUST FROM NINTH TO TENTH

Continuing Tomorrow—the Sale of Men's Shirts at \$1.05

There is still a splendid selection of patterns and all sizes, from 14 to 17½ represented in this offering. Many have taken advantage of this opportunity and supplied their needs for months to come.

Shirts of this quality, character and workmanship are most unusual at this price of \$1.05, and we therefore urge you to buy NOW.

This great sale is being held in our Basement Salesroom because it would be practically impossible to take care of such a tremendous quantity of shirts in our Furnishing Goods Shop on the First Floor.

Men!—This is a Real Opportunity—Don't Miss It!

Silk Bathing Suits



Soon you will be going away to ocean beach or lake-side resort—welcoming the opportunity of a plunge into the waves.

We have just received a very attractive selection of Silk Bathing Suits of satin and taffeta—smart, becoming and original models that will give you perfect comfort in swimming.

One model is of a splendid quality heavy satin, shown in a combination of navy blue and terra cotta, effectively finished with jet buttons. It is fashioned in one of this Summer's newest styles and is priced at \$27.50

Another Suit is of navy blue taffeta. It is well made, youthful, and attractively trimmed with pipings of yellow silk. Priced at \$18.50

Bathing Suit Shop—Third Floor.

Infants' Shop News



The hot weather calls for additional comfort for the little ones. Your needs can be supplied in Vander-vort's Baby Shop.

Cool, little white lawn and check gingham Sun-bonnets—up to 2 years, 50c

Baby Gown of soft nain-sook, brie at neck and sleeves—up to 3 years, 85c

Bloomer Rompers (as illustrated) for baby girls, shaped with full sides, made of pretty gingham—up to 4 years, \$1.50

Child's Muslin Drawers with tucks and good embroidery—ages 6 to 12 yrs., 50c

Short sleeve Gingham Dresses, some buttoned in front, others with smocking—up to 6 years, \$1.95

Infants' Wear Shop—Third Floor.

Sport Coats for Summer

Our showing includes all the newest models—Coats suitable for all kinds of sport wear—touring, traveling and general wear.

Linene Sport Coats \$3.50

Linen Sport Coats \$9.50

Pongee Sport Coats \$19.75

Taffeta Sport Coats \$15.00

Paulette Sport Coats \$85.00

Tricolette Sport Coats \$65.00

We are also showing a splendid assortment of Sport Coats of wool jersey, silk and black taffeta, featuring the Tuxedo and tailored collars; these come in green, rose, black and marine blue.

\$15 to \$25

Coat Shop—Third Floor.

"Our Special" Cedar Chest

Plain or Copper Trimmed \$15.95

Regularly Priced \$18.50 and \$19.50

We have received another quantity of these useful Chests. Choose early while this exceptional value is offered.

Size 45-in. long by 19-in. high by 21-in. deep. Construction—Lock Corners—Linderman Glue Joints—Triple Action Locks—Strong Castors—Hinges and Lid Stay.

Finish—Waterproof Varnish—Deep Gloss.

Wood—Selected Red Tennessee Cedar.

The tremendous sale of these Chests has been attributed to their unusual value and favorable comments offered by all who have bought and seen them.

Drapery Shop—Fourth Floor.

Cooler Cooking for Summer Days

The adv. man was teeing his ball for the seventh hole, away up North, when a messenger handed him this wire from the Sales Manager:

"Want four electric range advs. About to announce policy of selling electric ranges by manufacturer's list prices. INSTALLATION FREE. Our guarantee on ranges to conform to manufacturers' guarantee. TROUBLE SERVICE FREE. Payment in 12 equal monthly installments, added to electric service bills. Five per cent off for cash or for payment in full with first monthly electric service bill."

Some offer! If this new policy doesn't DOUBLE the number of electric ranges in use in St. Louis in six months the adv. man is going to be even more astonished than he was the first time he shot 18 below 100. Here is what the new policy means:

Westinghouse ranges (according to size), \$60.50 to \$141; only \$5.04 to \$11.75 a month for 12 months. Or you save \$3.03 to \$7.05 by taking the 5% cash discount.

Western Electric Hughes ranges: \$39.00 to \$169.75; only \$3.25 to \$14.15 a month for 12 months. Or you save \$1.95 to \$8.48 by taking the 5% cash discount.

General Electric ranges: \$90.00 to \$205.00; only \$7.50 to \$17.62 a month for 12 months. Or you save \$4.50 to \$10.57 by taking the 5% cash discount.

Adv. No. 2 will tell about Westinghouse ranges; No. 3, Hughes ranges; No. 4, the General Electric line—and Union Electric SERVICE. Going to end No. 1 with FIVE FACTS about cooking on ANY good electric range:

Electric cooking is the COOLEST cooking—it cooks the food without cooking the cook.

With rising prices for other cooking fuels, and considering the labor and food it saves, electric cooking is the CHEAPEST cooking here in St. Louis, where electricity for ranges costs only 2½ cents a kilowatt hour.

Electric cooking is the BEST cooking—retains the food flavors—makes the best eating.

Electric cooking is the EASIEST cooking—less work than any other way. No matches to bother with, no coal or ashes to handle. Just turn the switch.

Electric cooking is the SUREST cooking—three heats controlled by the switch—always the same—no guesswork.

Don't wait, madam. Come in to-day and see them. Let us show you how easy it is to use these ranges, how simple they are, how safe and how handy. Himself will be glad for you to get one. If he's flush he'll write you a check for it. If not, he'll pay the little monthly installments and never miss a cent at the year's end.

The Electric Company

UNION ELECTRIC: Main Office—12th and Locust

C.E. Williams

Shinola Polish Sets 25c Sixth and Franklin "Our location saves you money" WE GIVE EAGLE STAMPS. Colonial Buckles 50c Pr.

Wednesday & Thursday Specials

YOU SAVE FROM 50c TO \$2.00 PER PAIR AT THIS STORE.

"Children's Mary Jane Pumps"

These beautiful shoes are ideal for Summer wear. They come in Patent Leather, with spring heels and are made over Nature-Skin lasts and have no nails or tacks. MISSES' 11½ to 12 \$1.59 CHILD'S 8½ to 11 \$1.39 CHILD'S 6 to 8 \$1.25

"Child's White Oxfords"

ON SPECIAL SALE MISSES' 11½ to 12 \$1.39 CHILD'S 8½ to 11 \$1.19 CHILD'S 6 to 8 \$1.09

"Child's White Canvas"

Mary Jane or Ankle Strap Pump MISSES' 11½ to 12 \$1.39 CHILD'S 8½ to 11 \$1.19 CHILD'S 6 to 8 \$1.09

CHAMPION TENNIS THE FAMOUS KEDS

Boys' Tennis Oxfords, Black or White 85c Ladies' and Misses' Black or White 85c Men's Tennis Oxfords, Black or White 98c Men's, Ladies', Boys' and Misses' Champion Keds High Shoes: White only \$1.25

"Ladies' White Pumps"

Special Sale \$2.25 Of beautiful white canvas, made over stylish lasts, with hand-turned soles, and covered Louis or Military walking heels. Every woman should have a pair at this price.

Ladies' Dress Oxfords \$3.15

Black Kid Brown Kid Gunmetal Military Walking Heels Patent or Black Kid Leather Louis Heels These shoes come in all sizes and are regular \$4.00

"Boudoir Slippers"

Ladies' black kid, quilted insoles; silk pompon, hand-turned soles. Special sale, \$1.50

"House Slippers"

Ladies' black kid one-strap Slippers; medium heels on special sale, \$1.25

"Men's Canvas Oxfords"

IDEAL FOR SUMMER WEAR English Last White Canvas \$3.00 or Palm Beach Welts \$2.25

Round Toe Bluchers: White Canvas, Palm Beach or Steel Gray \$2.25 Medium Toe Bluchers: White, Gray or Palm Beach \$1.75

HIGH SHOES White \$2.00 Gray \$1.75

SOLDIER DIES, 100 H WHEN K. OF C. HUT F

Building at Pontonzean, F Collapses While a Bo Match Is in Progress

By the Associated Press. BREST, June 17.—One A soldier was killed, two were dy more than 100 others were as the result of the collapse Knights of Columbus hut at P zen last night while a boxing was in progress.

NEW RULING LEADS SOLD IN FRANCE TO RE

Privilege of Choosing Unit Furlough, Bonus and M Attracts Many Veterans

BREST, May 14.—The pri stating their preference to which they wish to serve up tatement has now been given diers who sign up for anoth in the army. This annou has brought a number of nents in the Eighth Infanr eventually to be made a the famous Second Division the army of occupation. Under the re-enlistment men will be given their milia New York to the place of enlistment in the United St \$60 bonus, and a month's f the latter immediately upon tatement, if possible. Milia ever, is not given for the ip return trip to France from place of enlistment. "Whoop," cried a doughboy read the order today. "A furlough and money to spee "Sixty dollars, why that w a week in France just no another doughboy somewh edly. He enlisted in New Y "Sixty dollars? What do y Two hundred and twenty de yours truly," replied the for had enlisted in San Fran

The maid has left—bid censor come today through patch WANT ADS.

MAY, STERN &

USED PLAYER

Wonderful Value on Sale Tomorrow

24 Rolls of Music, Set Bench Included



Kreiter This 36-note Player-P an unusually sweet easy action. Has been 18 months and is pr good as new. When new it \$75.00—now offered with equipment at \$40.00. Bated above for



Cable & Son

If you are thinking of a Player-Piano come tomorrow and see this \$30 & Sons. It is in excell condition. Has been used months. When new it \$75.00—now offered on terms to suit your own convenience for only



Corrington

THIS Player-Piano is taken in as part of a new instrument, overhauled, and when for \$125—a very unusual for someone. During we offer it with 24 rolls of music, scarf and bench for

May, Stern

12th & Olive

SOLDIER DIES, TOO HURT, WHEN K. OF C. HUT FALLS

Building at Pontonezen, France,
Collapses While a Boxing
Match Is in Progress.

By the Associated Press.
BREIST, June 17.—One American
soldier was killed, two are dying and
more than 100 others were injured
as the result of the collapse of a
Knights of Columbus hut at Pontonezen
last night while a boxing match
was in progress.

NEW RULING LEADS SOLDIERS IN FRANCE TO RE-ENLIST

Privilege of Choosing Units, With
Furlough, Bonus and Mileage,
Attracts Many Veterans.

BREIST, May 14.—The privilege of
choosing their preference to units in
which they wish to serve upon re-en-
listment has now been given to sol-
diers who sign up for another term
in the army. This announcement
has brought a number of re-enlist-
ments in the Eighth Infantry, which
eventually to be made a part of
the famous Second Division now in
the army of occupation.

Under the re-enlistment order,
men will be given their mileage from
New York to the place of original
enlistment in the United States, the
\$50 bonus, and a month's furlough,
the latter immediately upon re-en-
listment. If possible, Mileage, how-
ever, is not given for the imaginary
return trip to France from the first
place of enlistment.

"Whoop," cried a doughboy, as he
read the order today. "A month's
furlough and money to spend."

"Sixty dollars, why that won't last
a week in France just now," said
another doughboy somewhat delect-
edly. He enlisted in New York.

"Sixty dollars? What do you mean?
Two hundred and twenty dollars for
your truly," replied the former. He
had enlisted in San Francisco.

The maid has left—bid her suc-
cessor come today through Post-Dis-
patch WANT ADS.

MAY, STERN & CO.

USED PLAYERS

Wonderful Values
on Sale Tomorrow

24 Rolls of Music, Scarf and
Bench Included

Terms
to
Suit

Kreiter

This 88-note Player-Piano has
an unusually sweet tone and
easy action. It has been used only
six months and is practically as
good as new. When new it sold for
\$100.00—now offered
with equipment as
listed above for..... \$398

Terms
to
Suit

Cable & Sons

If you are thinking of purchasing
a Player-Piano come here to-
morrow and see this 88-note Cable
& Sons. It is in excellent condi-
tion. Has been used only two
months. When new it sold for
\$125.00—now offered on
terms to suit your own
convenience for only..... \$420

Terms
to
Suit

Corrington

THIS Player-Piano has been
taken in as part payment on
a new instrument. Has been
overhauled, and when new it sold
for \$575—a very unusual bargain
for someone. During this sale
we offer it with 24..... \$175

May, Stern & Co.

12th & Olive Sts.

FRENCH REFUSAL TO BUY U. S. SUPPLIES AROUSES PARIS PRESS

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

PARIS, June 17.—The campaign
started by Le Matin against the
French Government for refusing to
buy American war material or allow-
ing French firms to buy it, has been
taken up by another Parisian news-
paper, L'Eclair. Le Matin again in-
sists the American army is burning
useful machinery, which is not the
case, as an American officer pointed
out to Le Matin's correspondent at
Tours, saying:

"The material burned at Romean-
in was absolute junk, but in it there
was iron and steel which could be put
to other uses."

L'Eclair's attack, headed, "A Fur-
ther Contribution to the History of
French Administration," deals with
the thousands of telephone and tele-
graph lines laid down in France by
the Americans. It says the United
States offered this material, installed
as it is now, to the French Govern-
ment on its own conditions, to which
France replied:

"Take it all away. Your material
is not up to the French standard."

This says the newspaper, without
taking into consideration the fact
that, thanks to the American tele-
phone lines, communication with all
parts of France is twice as rapid as
under the French system. Then
L'Eclair refers to the American camp
at Clermont-Ferrand, which is the
model camp in all France, where
couches, baths, hutments and sport
fields were laid out for the health
and recreation of the doughboys. All
this was offered to the French au-
thorities, who, according to L'Eclair,
requested the Americans "to leave the

ground as they found it on their ar-
rival."

In many cases, the newspaper says,
similar replies were given to offers
of various kinds of foods and tobacco,
of which the American Expedi-
tionary Force has huge supplies here,
while France daily sees an impor-
tant rise in the price of foodstuffs
and a decrease in the quantity of to-
bacco.

Gas in Stomach Is Dangerous

Recommends Daily Use of Mag-
nesia to Overcome Trouble.
Caused by Fermenting Food
and Acid Indigestion.

Gas and wind in the stomach accom-
panied by that full bloated feeling after
eating are almost certain evidences of the
presence of excessive hydrochloric acid in
the stomach, creating so-called "acid in-
digestion."

Acid stomachs are dangerous because
so much acid irritates the delicate lining
of the stomach, often leading to gastritis
accompanied by serious and chronic
food fermentations and sourness, creating the
disagreeable gas which distends the stomach
and hampers the normal functions of the
internal organs, often affecting the
heart.

It is the worst of folly to neglect such a
serious condition or to treat with ordi-
nary digestive aids which have no neu-
tralizing effect on the stomach's acid. In-
stead get from acid druggists a few ounces
of Bismarck's Magnesia and take a tea-
spoonful in a quart of water
right after eating. This will drive the
gas, wind and flat right out of the
body, soothe the stomach, neutralize the
excess acid and prevent its formation
and there is no source of pain. Bismarck's
Magnaesia (in powder or tablet form)
never liquid or milk is harmless to the
stomach, inexpensive to take and the
best form of medicine for stomach
purposes. It is used by thousands of
people who suffer from indigestion with
no more fear of indigestion. ADV.

We Give Eagle Stamps

Penny and Gentles
BROADWAY & MORGAN ST.

Wednesday is Stout Women's Day

for Coats, Suits,
Skirts and Waists

Special Tomorrow

\$7 Silk Skirts, \$5.98

Made of silk poplin and
silk taffeta; cut
generously full; just the
skirt for the stout
figure.....

\$1.25

Lace Curtains

Nottingham Lace
Curtains, 2 1/2
yards long,
overlooked edge;
on sale, pair..... 69c

\$1.25 \$1.98

Continuing Our Great Sale Underwear

Boys' 79c Union Suits, 59c

Boys' Ribbed Union Suits—elastic,
durable, comfortable—special, each.....

Union Suits

Men's Athletic Union
Suits; splendid qual-
ity; great value;
used at \$1.25 and
now..... 79c

Silk Hose

Women's Silk and Fiber
Hose; semi-finished;
slight imperfections;
splendid value. One
pair..... 98c

79c Union Suits

Women's Ribbed Union
Suits; low neck,
sleeveless, lace knee;
79c value; very
special..... 59c

25c Hosiery

Men's and Women's
Cotton Hose; special;
Wednesday..... 15c

50c and 75c

VOILES

High-grade French Voiles, 40
and 45 inches wide; in mag-
nificent styles; light or
dark large scroll patterns;
reproduction of French
Georgette crepe styles, also
hundreds of styles in dainty
floral pat-
terns and
other
figures;
yard..... 29c

60c Neponset Rug

Border, per yard 39c

\$7 Mattress

Genuine Combination
Pelt Mattresses
covered in excel-
lent quality of
tickings; all sizes..... \$5.98

Beautiful Summer Voiles
50c Yd. 75c Yd. \$1.00 Yd.

A wonderful assemblage of charming Voiles, so desir-
able for Summer Dresses, that you will want to select
at least two or three patterns. The variety is truly be-
wildering.
(Main Floor—Nugents.)

Lucky Purchase and Sale of Summer Wash Skirts

We Secured the Entire Stock of the "HOUSE OF FINKELSTEIN,"
Who Are Discontinuing the Manufacture of Skirts to
Devote Their Attention to Dresses.

Wash Skirts Up to \$10 in Two Great Sale Lots

THIS is without a doubt the Wash Skirt opportunity of the season. It is a most
timely event, coming on the very threshold of hot weather.

The Skirts are beautifully tailored of gabardine, honeycomb, waffle cloth, pique.
All the newest models—both trimmed and plain tailored effects. Also Skirts in
which the new tucking is a feature.

All sizes, including extra sizes, choice, \$3.85 and \$4.85.



Fine Silk Hosiery

\$1.15 Pair

Firsts and seconds of regular \$1.85 qualities
Women's full fashioned silk hose, lisle tops and
double lisle soles, toes and high spliced heels.

Seconds of Women's \$1.25 Hosiery
55c Pair

Women's semi-fashioned silk hose, made with dou-
ble lisle heels and toes. Lisle garter tops.

Women's Cotton Hose, Wednesday
25c Pair

Reinforced heels and toes. High spliced heels.
Medium weight. An exceptionally good wearing qual-
ity. Semi-fashioned.
(Main Floor—Nugents.)

Little Boys' Short-Sleeve Rompers

One to Six Year Sizes
\$1.00

Purchase of rompers
Made with low neck and
short sleeves, and come in
sailor, round, hemstitched
or collarless effects.
Made of gingham, white
will and the color selec-
tion includes pink, dark or
light blue stripes. Choice,
\$1.00.
Soft White Crib
Blankets, \$1.00 Pr.
Especially desirable for
summer and come in white
with pink or light blue
borders. Sizes 28x40 in.
Choice, \$1.00.
(Fourth Floor—Nugents.)

Grass and Fiber Rugs

The Ideal Floor Covering for Summer

Economical and lasting—sanitary and attractive.
Neatly stenciled or plain banded border effects—in
choice shades and combinations.

\$11.95—9x12 medium Grass Rugs..... \$9.95
\$21.50—9x12 extra quality Crex Grass Rugs..... \$19.50
\$19.75—9x12 Rattania weave Fiber Rugs..... \$17.75

\$70.00 High Grade
Wilton Rugs, \$61.75

EXTRA quality, seamless style, close woven wool
nap. Fringed ends—a splendid wearing rug—rich
artistic shades and colorings in choice Oriental, Chi-
nese and other imported rug effects—9x12 feet.
(Third Floor—Nugents.)

Hot-Weather Home Furnishings

\$33.00 Refrigerators, 30-lb. ice ca-
pacity, 3-door side lining style,
white enamel inside..... \$25.00
Sale price.....

\$8.50 Lawn Mowers, 16-inch, self-
sharpening and
ball-bearing ratchet..... \$6.95

\$3.95 Water Coolers, 3-gal. \$3.29
size, various colors..... \$4.95

\$6.00 Sprinkling Hose, heavy 4-
ply, guaranteed grade 50
feet, with couplings..... 69c

\$5.00 Garbage Cans, heavy galva-
nized, with deep
rim covers..... \$4.00

\$1.25 Wood Dusters, wash-
able, with long and
short handles..... 95c

\$1.25 Windproof Screens, Conti-
nental, best made..... \$1.10

\$1.50 Hanging Porch Swings of solid
oak, very roomy, with
nonrust chains..... \$1.98

\$1.50 Cane Chairs, heavy
seats and adjust-
able..... \$1.35

Campbell's Quality Flat
Wall Paint, for any room in
your home; various
beautiful shades, qt. 90c

Nugents

For Cool Sleeping on Hot Nights
Folding Cots

Made of hardwood maple frame.
Size 26x62; link spring or canvas..... \$4.50
All steel; non-sag Spring, size 26x62..... \$6.50

Lucky Purchase and Sale of Summer Wash Skirts

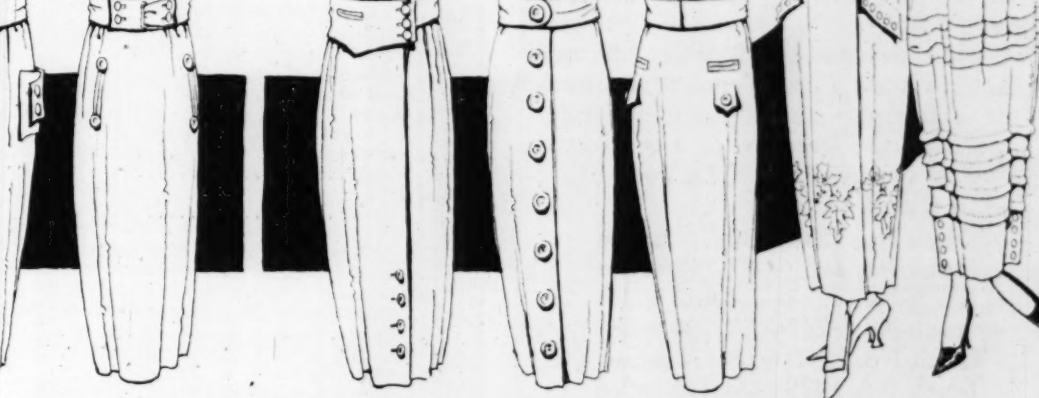
We Secured the Entire Stock of the "HOUSE OF FINKELSTEIN,"
Who Are Discontinuing the Manufacture of Skirts to
Devote Their Attention to Dresses.

Wash Skirts Up to \$10 in Two Great Sale Lots

THIS is without a doubt the Wash Skirt opportunity of the season. It is a most
timely event, coming on the very threshold of hot weather.

The Skirts are beautifully tailored of gabardine, honeycomb, waffle cloth, pique.
All the newest models—both trimmed and plain tailored effects. Also Skirts in
which the new tucking is a feature.

All sizes, including extra sizes, choice, \$3.85 and \$4.85.



The June Sale of Silks

In which white silks are such a predominating factor, is an oc-
casion of rare importance to the women of Saint Louis.

\$2.98 White Satins, \$2.19
Forty-inch beautiful White
Satin in new brocade effects
for skirts, lustrous shimmer-
ing finish. Sale price \$2.19

\$3.00 White Satin Char-
meuse, \$2.55
Yard wide soft dull satin
finish Charmeuse for skirts
or dresses.

Yard Wide Wash Satins,
\$1.19
White or flesh Wash Satins
in a lovely quality for founda-
tions, waists, etc.; in this sale
Wednesday, \$1.19.

40-in. White Crepe de
Chines, \$1.98
Beautiful soft silk Crepe de
Chines in white or ivory;
\$2.50 qualities; in this sale
Wednesday, \$1.98.

\$1.50 Fiber Silk Shirt-
ings, \$1.00
Thirty-two-inch lustrous
Satin stripe. Fiber "Silks" for
men's shirts or women's waists
and summer dresses.

\$4.00 White Satins, \$2.98
Forty-inch white Satin Jersey
or 36-inch Satin Supreme,
lustrous, wonderful quality.
(Main Floor—Nugents.)

Envelope Chemise and Silk Camisoles, \$1.00

A day of unusual offerings in Summer Lingerie
Come in tailored style or lace trimmed, with built-
up shoulders, also crepe de chine and satin camisoles.
Lace or hand embroidered. All sizes up to 44.

White Petticoats, \$1.59
For the new thin voile dresses. Come with dainty
lace or embroidery trimmings. All lengths. Others at
\$2.00, \$2.25 and \$3.00.

Nightgowns at \$1.25
Gowns of good quality batiste, some tailored, others
with embroidery trimmings. All lengths. Others at
\$1.49, \$2.00 and \$2.25. Lace and embroidery trimmed

Corsets for
Summer Days
Very Attractively Priced
at \$1.49

BROCADE pink girdle top Cor-
sets, finished with 4 supporters;
sizes 20 to 24. Made to sell for
\$2.00.

at \$2.65

BOSTON front lace Corsets,
plain or brocade material, fin-
ished with elastic at side and top.
Sizes 21 to 28. Made to sell for
\$1.00.

Confiners, \$1.00
Made to sell for \$1.25

SATIN and lace Confiners, but-
toned back style. Sizes 32
to 38.

Confiners, \$1.25
Made to sell for \$2.00

ALL lace Confiners, button back
style. Sizes 34 to 40.
(Fourth Floor—Nugents.)

Water Sets

The usual price, \$1.75

98c

Sets consist of a 4-pint
jug and 6 tumblers to
match. Each piece hand
engraved with your ini-
tial. On sale Wednesday
at 98c.
(Main Floor—Nugents.)

Water Sets

Water Sets

Water Sets

Water Sets

Water Sets

Water Sets

Water Sets



All High-score Tires

Hauling building material, the contractor's job, calls for the best in trucks and tires.

Yet even in this excruciating service Goodrich De Luxe Truck Tires double and treble the adjustment mileage—as the records of the United Fuel & Supply Co., of Detroit, using 5-ton trucks testify:

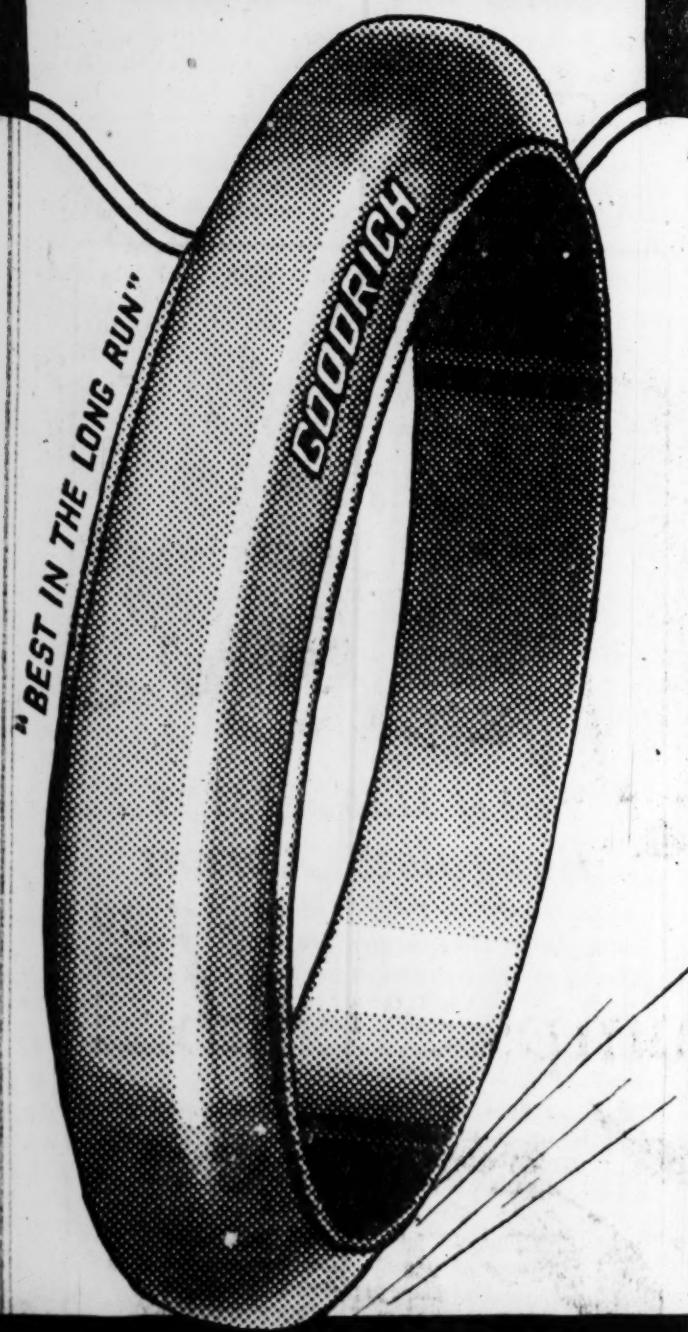
Truck No. 1214—30,571 miles
Truck No. 1213—27,742 miles
Truck No. 1221—24,402 miles
Truck No. 1227—17,854 miles
Truck No. 1230—18,170 miles
Truck No. 1229—23,038 miles

If your service is equally severe, lighter or heavier, think how these deep, durable treads, the product of a half-century of rubber experience, can cut your tire bills.

Mileage Adjustment 10,000 Miles
We Sell and Apply De Luxe Tires
B. F. Goodrich Rubber Co.
3001 LOCUST ST.

Applying Stations:
W. L. ARMSTRONG
3958 Laclede Av.
Phones: Lindell 6510, Delmar 1161
STIERMAN VEHICLE CO.
3891 Windsor Place,
St. Louis, Mo.

GOODRICH De Luxe TRUCK TIRES



NEW ATTRACTIONS FOR MILK FUND FETE TOMORROW

Evening's Program for Affair
at D. R. Francis' Home
Augmented by Entertain-
ers and Singers.

CONTINUOUS SHOW
AND BOOTHS GALORE

Anti-Submarine Flotilla Glee
Club Will Aid in Effort to
Raise Money to Help the
Babies.

CONTRIBUTIONS.
Previously acknowledged \$533 92
Lemonade stand, Delmar and
King's highway 5 00
Gertrude Charity Society 25 00
"G and A" 1 00
Show and lemonade stand,
2902 Sheridan 4 05
"Van" 1 00
Total \$569 97

New attractions and new workers
are continually being enlisted to
make the lawn fete at the David R.
Francis home tomorrow evening a
big success, and prospects are that
the fund for the babies will be ma-
terially increased by this affair.

Herbert W. Cost, 5533A Cabanne
avenue, who is well known as an
entertainer, will be present to add
to the evening's merriment. The
Anti-Submarine Flotilla Glee Club
will assist at the Country Store
booth, and Billy Hallett, local rep-
resentative of J. L. Witmark & Sons,
has donated the services of three
male singers and a piano player.

There will be something doing
every minute of the evening and
there will be no dull moments for
those who do not dance, as a con-
tinuous show will be in progress.
Relatives' Auxiliaries of St. Louis
National Guard units will have
charge of the "Hot Dog" and Bevo
booth, which will be under the di-
rect supervision of Mrs. Wm. Pre-
torius, assisted by the following:

Mrs. H. B. Aumock, G. A. Bils-
barrow, S. P. Barron, J. Lessing,
Clement, Higgins, Halston and
Misses Elsie Hall, Helen Barron,
Melville Clement, Norma Thym,
Hoffman and Dugger.

Miss Mary Woodward was omitted
by mistake from the Candy, Pop-
corn and Peanuts booth list pub-
lished last Sunday; Mrs. T. A. Mac-
tin has been added to the list of
attendants at the Orange Whistle
booth, and Mrs. Thomas H. Haley
will assist at the Soda booth.

The P'nail Sisterhood will give a
card party for the benefit of the
Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free
Ice Fund tomorrow at 2 p. m. at
Cafferata's, Delmar and Hamilton
avenues. All card games will be
played and preparations are being
made for a large crowd.

**LABOR DECLARES WAR TO GAIN
DEMANDS IN STEEL CENTERS**

Leaders Will "Go to Jail if Nec-
essary" to Get "Free Assemblage,
Free Speech and Free Press."

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 17.
—A committee of 24 presidents of
international labor unions interested
in the organization of workers in the
steel industry, headed by Samuel
Gompers, president of the American
Federation of Labor, in conference
last night decided to launch immedi-
ately extraordinary organization ef-
forts in the great steel producing re-
gions of the country, especially the
Pittsburgh district, and fight there for
the "right of free assemblage, free
speech and a free press."

The presidents of the unions
pledged themselves to "go to jail if
necessary" in the attempt to orga-
nize 400,000 workers in the Pittsburgh,
McKeesport, Homestead and Monon-
gahela region and to carry out an
equally vigorous campaign in other
sections including the Alabama steel
centers.

It was declared that the employ-
ers in the steel industry were firmly
set against organization of their em-
ployees and that the time had come
for organized labor to take even a
more firm stand to the contrary.
Gompers said workers in the pack-
ing industry had achieved their ends
recently and that he was convinced
the organization of the steel indus-
try could be completed just as quick-
ly. He warned the union leaders
that the "iron and steel men are
powerful and have wealth beyond
the ken of men and that the contest
was likely to be a sharp one."

"Already we have managed to get
the eight-hour day in the steel in-
dustry, but let me tell you that was
not handed to us on a silver plat-
ter," Gompers said. "The interests
did not know what the result might
be if they failed to make the conces-
sion."

"We want to bring new life to the
workers in the steel industry and we
are going to insist on the right of
free speech, free assembly and free
press."

Complete Vindication for Lowden.
By the Associated Press.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 17.—
Complete vindication of charges that
Gov. Lowden and Omar H. Wright,
State finance director, had attempted

to influence members of the State
Board of Equalization in the interest
of lower tax assessments for the

Fullman company is contained in a special legislative investigating com-
report prepared by counsel of the mittes.

PROMPT RELIEF

for the acid-distressed
stomach—try two or three

KI-MOIDS

after meals, dissolved
on the tongue—keep
your stomach sweet—
try KI-moids—the new
aid to digestion.

MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE
MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION

"If the Salvation Army
gets twice what it asks
it will only get half what
it deserves."

Give your part! Mail your check to Arthur
F. Barnes, Treas., care Mercantile Trust Co.

Salvation Army After-War Work Campaign

June 15-22

R. KING KAUFFMAN, Chairman

healthful—

POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL

—"always fresh"

Makes a Rich Creamy Mayonnaise Dressing
Fruity Flavored and Appetizing

Sold Everywhere

Garland's

Important

The rule prohibiting the return of mer-
chandise is still in effect, so Dresses pur-
chased in this sale cannot be exchanged nor
returned for refund or credit. Every sale
must be final.

SUPREME DRESS EVENT

350 Women's and Misses' New Summer Frocks

*AN Infinite Diversity of Bewitching New Models in Exquisite Designs for Practically
Every Occasion of Summertime. Carefully Executed in Beautiful and Popular Fabrics
of Summery Filminess.*



Frocks Worth
\$49.50, \$55,
\$59.50 and
to \$89.50

\$35

*This sale embraces all the finest styles—the best colorings—
flawless workmanship and the most desired materials. It is in-
deed a supreme event, characteristic in every way of Garland's
great value-giving sales. Any Woman and Miss who is in
need of a new summer frock cannot afford to overlook this event.*

*Come to our dress salon tomorrow and be convinced of the truly
wonderful values to be had at \$35.*

**Beautifully Beaded Georgettes
Tricotine, Pussy Willow Silks,
New Rajah Silks
Taffeta, Serges, Voiles,
Moire Silks, Organdies,
Tricolettes and Crepe de Chines**

This assortment is so vast it would be quite impossible for
us to describe it in detail, but we can assure you there is every
shade and all the best models, including the newest Shirt Waist
Dresses. The colors are French blue, navy, taupe, flesh, white
ivory and Summer novelties.

**Dresses for Country Club Wear
Dresses for Garden Parties and
Afternoon Teas.**

**Tailored Models for Traveling and
General Wear**

**Unusual Values
—in—
Silk Dresses**

For the woman who does not care to spend \$35 for a dress
we have arranged a sale of Frocks ranging in values to \$39.50
for \$14.75. These Dresses represent the latest style tendencies
and the best of workmanship. You will find them in all the
summery shades in beaded Georgette, foulard, satin, Jap Silk,
jersey, all Georgette, crepe de chine and soft taffeta.
These are exceptional values.

\$14.75

THOMAS W. GARLAND

409-11-13 Broadway

Order the Post-Dispatch sent to
your vacation address. You
carrier will place the order for
you, or your telephone request
will have prompt attention.
Olive or Central 6690. Ask for
circulation dept.



Sale!!

Finest
White

Over
500
Pairs

A WONDERFUL offer
pairs of the finest
of white linen or
fine fabric that
shape. Extreme-
ered high heel
and welt so-
One of the
have of

SHO
507



"NELSON'S will make you

If you want to give your
lustrous look

**Nelson's
Hair Dress**

Nelson's makes stubborn
glossy and easy to man-
the scalp, relieves dandruff
hair, and makes the hair

Nelson's is the original fine
and recommended by druggists

Take this advertisement to
and be sure to get the genuine

Nelson Manufacturing
RICHMOND

Order the Post-Dispatch sent to your vacation address. Your carrier will place the order for you, or your telephone request will have prompt attention. Olive or Central 6600. Ask for circulation dept.

Belgium to Borrow \$100,000,000.
By the Associated Press.
BRUSSELS, June 17.—The Finance Minister of Belgium yesterday signed with representatives of American banks a draft agreement for a loan of \$100,000,000. The loan is to be repaid by Belgium in 25 years.

Post-Dispatch WANTS point to many opportunities for better jobs and increased earnings.

SHE WILL BE BRIDE IN CEREMONY TONIGHT



Miss Estelle Hoermann

TWO IMPORTANT CHURCH WEDDINGS

Miss Estelle Hoermann to Become Bride of the Rev. H. C. Claus Tonight.

ONE of the pretty church weddings to take place today will be that of Miss Estelle Hoermann and the Rev. Herbert C. Claus, which will take place at 7:30 p. m., at Markus Evangelical Lutheran Church, Twenty-second and Angelica streets. The Rev. Theodore Claus, Hammond, Ind., father of the bridegroom, will perform the ceremony in the presence of relatives and friends. The bride will be attended by Misses Gertrude and Emma Claus, sisters of the bridegroom, while the Rev. Theodore Schleppe, New Orleans La., and Edwin Kroust, Springfield, Ill., will serve as best man and groomsmen.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hoermann, 3122 Prairie avenue, and the Rev. Claus is a Lutheran missionary stationed in St. Louis.

After a wedding supper, the couple will depart for a wedding tour to eastern points.

Another church wedding of today was that of Miss Estelle Maas, who became the bride of Joseph H. Schieber, at Holy Family Church, Oak Hill and Humphrey street, at 9 a. m. this morning.

The bride was attended by Miss Ida Bockius as maid of honor, Miss Josephine Schieber as bridesmaid and little Miss Pauline Kunz as flower girl. J. Werner Maas was best man and Robert Schieber groomsmen. The bride entered the church with her brother, William H. Maas.

The bride is the daughter of Benjamin Maas of Portage Des Sioux, Mo. The groom is the son of Mrs. Josephine Schieber, 4233 Hartford street.

Following the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Schieber departed for a honeymoon journey. Upon their return they will be at home at 3591 Utah street, which was residence was a wedding gift to the bride from her husband.

An out-of-town wedding of interest to St. Louisans will be that of Miss Alice Strain and Eno Compton, son of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Compton, 8 Beverly place, which will take place tomorrow at Atlantic City. Miss Strain is the daughter of Mrs. A. J. Strain of Wilmington, Del. The wedding will take place at the summer home of the bride's grandmother, Mrs. M. Canby. The bridegroom has just returned from France. After a short wedding tour, Mr. and Mrs. Compton will come to St. Louis to reside with Mr. and Mrs. George B. Compton.

One of the first of fresco entertainments of the season will take place tonight at the Ridgedale Country Club, when Miss Elizabeth Nulsen, 3229 Longfellow boulevard, will give a dance in honor of Miss Fannie Senton, who is Miss Nulsen's guest. Miss Nulsen and Miss Senton were roommates at Vassar, from which college both young women were graduated a few days ago.

Mrs. Frances E. Cockrell, 407 Clara avenue, who has been located in New York for the past few months, has returned to St. Louis to be with her sister, Mrs. Calvin R. Lightner, who is ill. Later Mrs. Cockrell will go to Fish Creek, Wis., where she will be joined by her daughter, Miss Vesta Reed, who is now sojourning in the East.

Miss Katherine Pierce, 39 Kingsbury place, is expected home tomorrow from an extended visit to relatives in New York, Brooklyn and other Eastern cities.

Mrs. F. H. Dodge, 5127 Westminister place, and her daughter, Mrs. Edward Barstow, will depart the latter part of this week for Hyannisport, Mass.

Mrs. E. G. Scudder and family, 59 Kingsbury place, will depart the latter part of the week to spend the heated months at their summer residence on Cape Cod.

Mrs. N. A. McMillan of Brentmoor has returned home after a short stay at Atlantic City.

Mrs. George A. Newcomb, 5909 Nina place, departed Saturday for a stay of several months in the East.

Westmoreland place, is spending a few weeks at Atlantic City.

Among the interesting affairs of last week was the week-end house party which Miss Amy Scholz gave at her country home, "Twin Hollow," in St. Louis County. The guests went out Saturday and remained over until Tuesday.

The culmination of a war romance was the wedding Saturday of Miss Julia Jacks and Alfred Kleinschmidt, which took place in St. Charles, Mo. The Rev. W. Rowe, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, performed the ceremony. Mrs. James Barr, 4147 Botanical avenue, served as matron of honor. Miss Jacks is the daughter of the late Dr. John H. Jacks. She resides at 4148 Wyoming street. Mr. Kleinschmidt resides at 3944 Cleveland avenue, where Mr. and Mrs. Kleinschmidt will be at home after a short wedding trip.

Autolst Hurt Fatally by Train.
MOUNTAIN GROVE, Mo., June 17.—C. E. Walker, superintendent of the ice and electric plant, who died in a Springfield hospital, was buried here yesterday. Walker's automobile was struck by a Frisco train here.

Argentine Strike Settled.
By the Associated Press.
BUENOS AIRES, June 17.—The transportation strike, which began June 12 and threatened completely to tie up traffic in this city, was settled yesterday.

Firing Squad for Liquor Sellers.
By the Associated Press.
AGUA PRIETA, Mexico, June 17.—Copies of an official proclamation have been posted in this city and signed by Gen. P. Elias Calles, as acting Governor of the state of Sonora, to the effect that from this date and until the state is declared legally "wet" in September, any person



It's a waste of time. Besides, there is always the danger of theft or loss when you carry money with you.

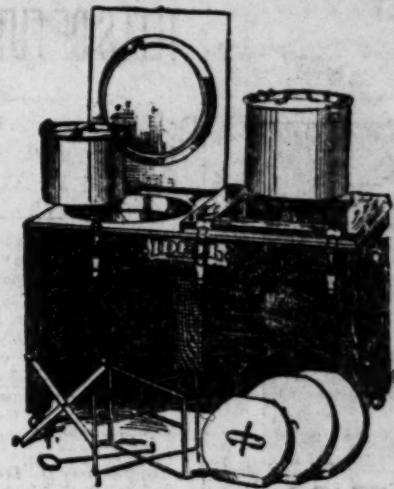
Open a checking account at the St. Louis Union Bank and mail checks each month in payment of your bills.

Then there will be no standing in line, and no misunderstandings about bills—the cancelled check will be your receipt.



St. Louis Union Bank
Fourth & Locust

July 3, 1919, the St. Louis Union Bank, Mechanics American National Bank and Third National Bank will consolidate without change in personnel.



DEMONSTRATION Ideal Fireless Cooker

All this week a woman domestic science expert will conduct at our Washington Avenue store a demonstration of the Ideal Fireless Cooker. Foods will be prepared and cooked. The Ideal Cooker steams, bakes and roasts—and even freezes foods. The only way to have a cool kitchen in Summer weather is to use a fireless cooker.

Hellrung & Grimm
9th & WASHINGTON 16th & CASS

Store Your Furs in Our New Improved
COLD DRY AIR Storage Vaults

Kline's
606-608 Washington, Thru to Sixth St.

St. Louis Kansas City Detroit
Cleveland Cincinnati

Announcing for Wednesday

Skirt Sale Supreme!

High-Class \$22.50, \$20, \$17.50 and \$15 Silk Skirts

Tricolettes
Paulettes
Fan-ta-si
Dew-kist
Spiro Silks

10

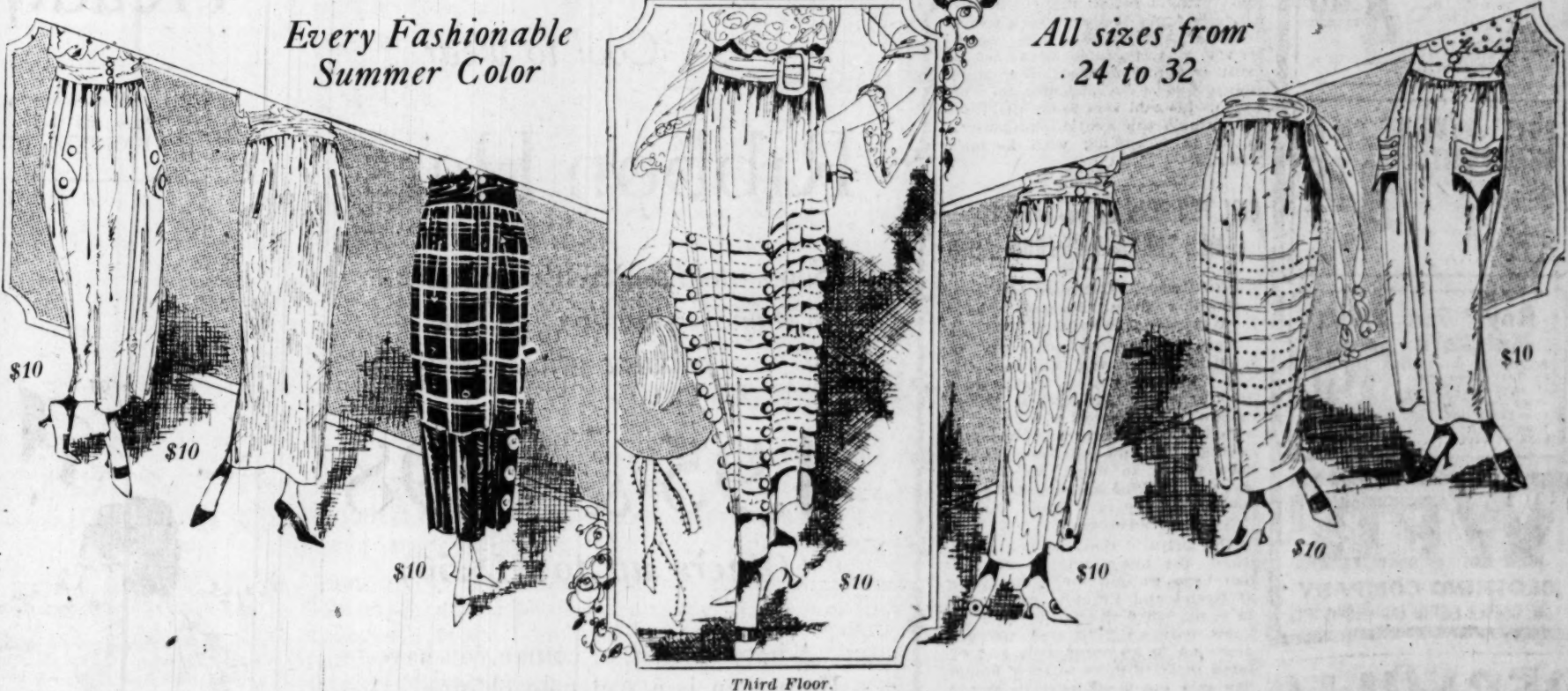
Baronette Satin
Georgettes
Fine Taffetas
New Foulards
Crepe de Chines

Just 168 of the exquisite Summer Skirts that came to us through a fortunate trade turn. They are in the newest modes—dashing sports models and skirts for dress wear; in colorings to suit every individual taste.

We confidently expect the demand for these beautiful Skirts to greatly exceed the supply. Those who shop early in the morning will profit most. Remember, please, we emphasize the smart style of these Skirts as much as the low price.

Every Fashionable
Summer Color

All sizes from
24 to 32



Great Sale of White Linen Pumps & Oxfords

500 Pairs--Values up to \$7.00

Right at the time when you want them most comes this special sale of White Pumps and Oxfords—smart models for sport and Summer wear—cool and comfortable—made with either the military or French heels; welt or turn soles; all sizes.

\$5.45



Balcony Boot Shop.



Sale!!

Finest \$7.00 and \$8.00
White Linen Boots

Over 500 Pairs \$4.85 High or Low Heels

A WONDERFUL offering for Wednesday only. Over 500 pairs of the finest \$7 and \$8 Boots at \$4.85. Made of white linen or white reynskin—a particularly fine fabric that will clean nicely and hold its shape. Extremely stylish Boots—with covered high heels or Cuban walking heels and welt soles. All sizes and widths. One of the greatest values we have offered this season.

SHOEMART
507 Washington Ave.



**MAKES
BLACK
SPOTS
WHITE**

Cleans
Antiseptically

"NELSON'S will make you proud of your hair."

If you want to give your hair that rich, lustrous look—use
**Nelson's
Hair Dressing**

Nelson's makes stubborn, curly hair soft, glossy and easy to manage. It is fine for the scalp, relieves dandruff and falling hair, and makes the hair grow.

Nelson's is the original fine hair dressing—sold and recommended by drug stores everywhere.

Take this advertisement to the drug store, and be sure to get the genuine NELSON'S
Nelson Manufacturing Co., Inc.
RICHMOND, VA.



ORA LEE WALKER
a colored girl of Augusta, Ga., says: "Nelson's makes the hair grow and gives it a rich, glossy look." Send us your photograph if you use NELSON'S

AN
OIL

'always fresh'

onnaise Dressing
Appetizing

NT

Practically
Popular Fabrics

5

best colorings—
materials. It is in-
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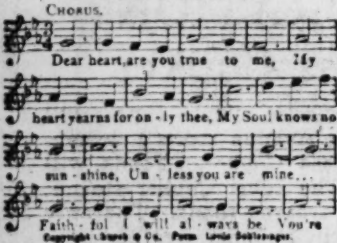
4.75

TWENTIETH CENTURY SONG HIT CALLED DEAR HEART

That everybody's waiting for. This music has a beautiful melody which keeps ringing in your ears, and this exciting tune once heard you cannot forget. The following are a few lines of the lyrics:



DEAR HEART



Although this song is written with a high note, quite an effect is obtained by the simplicity of the arrangement. Various orchestras are using the melody as a waltz. This can be had for Talking Machines and Player-Pianos—ADV.

WEDNESDAY We Again Feature MEN'S GENUINE



PALM BEACH SUITS

\$10.50

Men! Young Men! You'll make no mistake in securing one of these fine quality Suits Wednesday! They are stylishly cut of genuine Palm Beach fabrics, in colors of the latest and most wanted patterns! Every suit tailored in a way you will like! In fact they are the equal of Suits selling in other stores as high as \$15. Priced Wednesday in this sensational Under-selling Sale at \$10.50.

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**MEN'S HOT WEATHER
PANTS AT \$4.80**
Fine Mohair, Palm Beach, Tropical. Waxed or dress white serge with pin stripes—wall sizes—Wednesday at...

**BOYS' GENUINE PALM
BEACH SUITS \$4.85**
Pretty patterns in both light and dark colors—sleeves 6 to 18. Suits that are advertised by other stores at \$7 and \$8—priced here at...

**Boys' 75c Wash
Knicker 59c**
Sturdy tan khaki or easily-washed cotton. Crash Knicker, in sizes 6 to 12—just the thing for vacation wear—priced here at...

**WEIL
CLOTHING COMPANY**
N. W. CORNER EIGHTH AND WASHINGTON

**DERWILLO
The Famous Beautifier**
Have you tried it yet? Thousands everywhere are using it. It is a wonderful tonic for the skin, drives out summer sun and causes wrinkles, tan, freckles, yellow skin, blackheads, sun spots, roughness, ruddiness to quickly disappear. It brings back the cheeks and makes anyone look 10 years younger. Gives a youthful complexion and a skin you love to touch. A single application proves it. See large advertisement soon to appear in this paper. Ask your druggist about it—ADV.

**Kill Dandruff
With Cuticura**
All druggists, King & Co. Stationery, etc., etc., etc.

HEAD OF RED CROSS TELLS OF FUTURE WORK

Dr. Livingston Farrand, Mrs. Hammar, Maj. Simmons and Howard D. Hadley Speak.

Red Cross workers representing chapters from all parts of the Southwestern Division packed the Ogden last night at a mass meeting held to discuss the future activities of the organization. Interesting addresses covering the work of the Red Cross in Europe and Siberia, were made by Dr. Livingston Farrand, chairman of the Central Committee of the American Red Cross, Mrs. Frank V. Hammar, Maj. George W. Simmons and Howard D. Hadley of Plattsburg, N. Y.

All but two of those who attended were women. A beautiful spectacle was presented on the stage when the curtain rose and disclosed 200 women seated in such a way as to form a huge white flag with a red cross formed by women wearing red veils in the center.

Dr. Farrand, who succeeds Henry P. Davidson as head of the organization, said that the work of the Red Cross in coming to the relief of the civilian population of France prior to the arrival of American troops had greatly improved the French morale.

Starving and Sick in Balkans. He declared that the Red Cross is now faced with the duty of aiding the people in the devastated regions of Europe. Throughout the Balkan states, he said, the populations are starving and ravaged by disease without doctors or medicines to assist them.

"America faces a responsibility she cannot shirk in the devastated countries, for the problems of peace are more serious than those of war, and unless solved, the war will have been fought in vain," he said. "For two years the Red Cross has been told what to do. Now it is up to you in your various communities to seek out your work and to do it, recognizing at all times the constitutional authorities, who in many instances will greatly need the assistance of the Red Cross."

Mrs. Hammar, who has just returned from Paris, where a League of Red Cross Societies, representing America, Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan, was formed, told of the high esteem in which the American organization is held in Europe. She said that the league is intended to include Red Cross societies in every civilized country in the world.

Keeps Trust Alive. Maj. Simmons recounted his experiences during a recent trip through Siberia as a member of a Red Cross commission. He said that although the United States is misunderstood as a result of its vacillating military policy, and through hostile propaganda, the activities of the Red Cross have kept alive a feeling of trust in America in the hearts of most Russians.

"Today," he said, "America stands discredited throughout Russia and Siberia because of our vacillating policy, magnified and distorted by the anti-American propaganda, which is raging through that country. Unfortunately, we have given just enough foundation for all these wild stories through the miserable failure of our War Trade Board and the Committee on Public Information, to say nothing of our much misinterpreted military policy. The American Red Cross stands pre-eminent as one thing American, which has made good and is proving today by its results that the American nation is not selfish and that the American people are engaged in altruistic work without selfish motives or the desire to profit at Russia's expense."

Hadley, a former Red Cross worker, who was appointed an American consular agent in Russia, denounced Bolshevism as a menace to the world. He said that today the Russian people are fighting humanity's battle in struggling with Lenin's theories.

**GIRL FOUND IN DITCH SAYS
MEN THREW HER FROM AUTO**
Ruth Johnson, 19, Bruised and With Clothing Torn. Declares She Was Forced to Drink Whisky.
Ruth Johnson, 19 years old, of 1116 Douglas street, Madison, Ill., was found at 2 a. m. today in a ditch alongside the Natural Bridge road, a half mile west of Pine Lawn, with her clothing torn and her face bruised. She told policemen she had been forced to drink whisky and was thrown from an automobile and robbed by two men when she resisted their advances.

The girl said that she and a girl, whom she knew only as "Daisy," had been waiting for a street car at Grand and Franklin avenues at 11 p. m., when two men, whom she knew only as "Bill and George," drove up in an automobile and offered to drive them to their homes. She said the men drove to Vandeventer avenue and Natural Bridge, where one got out of the machine and bought a bottle of whisky. Then they drove west on Natural Bridge.

"Daisy," she said, refused to drink from the bottle and was thrown from the machine. After "Daisy" had gone, the Johnson girl said, one of the men drew a revolver and compelled her to take a drink out of the bottle. When beyond Pine Lawn, she said, the men stopped the machine and took her purse containing \$1.90. When she fought them, she said, she was thrown from the machine into the ditch.

The girl was found by Deputy Constable Gerke, who took her to the Page Boulevard Police Station, where she told the story.

Lucille Roland, 15 years old, of 2524 North Market street, told po-

licemen she had been stopped by six youths about 17 years old as she walked through O'Fallon Park, 140 feet west of Broadway, at 4:30 p. m. When they spoke to her, she told them to mind their own business, she said, and was knocked down.

OBJECT TO TRAIN-TIME CHANGE

Passa Chautauqua Cottagers Say Revision Would Make Them Late for Work.

Summer cottagers at Passa Chautauqua are protesting against a proposed change of train time that will prevent them from spending their

Q.R.S. PLAYER ROLLS

"Mother Goose" ROLLS FOR THE CHILDREN

Special rolls that help children enjoy music and teach them to sing simple music written around familiar nursery rhymes, with the words printed on the roll. Some of the selections:

"Pussy Cat," "Tom, Tom, the Piper's Son," "Ding Dong, Bell," "Ten Little Indians," "Tommy Tucker," etc., etc.

Get Them for Your Kiddies
KIESELHORST'S
ESTABLISHED 1875
1007 OLIVE ST.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

STAR SAYINGS

We Store Garments FREE
You pay cleaning costs on delivery

Clothes are "way up" this year, but that's no reason why you can't be well dressed. Just send us your old suits, waists, skirts, etc. We secure remarkable results in dyeing and cleaning.

5 Stores 8 Phones

STAR
DYEING AND CLEANING CO.
Saint Louis 3180 S. Grand
4114 W. Florissant
Hindell MAIN OFFICE, Delmar 1621-5
2215 S. GRAND 322-4
"Our Proposition Is a Clean One"

ROOT BEER
Drink delicious sparkling Root Beer, better than any soda water. Delivered to your home.
COLUMBIA BOTTLE CO.
3245 W. Dodder St.
Telephone: Toler 414, Central 5701
Evenings—Call Victor 9434-R

610-612
Washington Avenue



Cool looking—
Cool to wear

Ribbon Hats

Sonnenfeld's presents an exceptional selection at the popular prices,

\$4.95 & \$5.98
(Others up to \$18.50)

A hat of straw, of course you have. Here then is a welcome change. A style radically different, captivating in appearance—to be worn on the occasion formal or informal.

You may choose a style made entirely of ribbon, crown, brim and all—or a fetching model underfaced with hemp. White is most in favor, while pink and "sweater" colors rival it in fashionable estimation.

limited cars at Alton at 7 o'clock and reaching St. Louis at 8 o'clock. The change is proposed to have it leave Chautauqua at 6:12 o'clock, connecting with interurban

The moving train for St. Louis leaves Chautauqua at 6:12 o'clock, connecting with interurban

limited cars at Alton at 7 o'clock and reaching St. Louis at 8 o'clock. The change is proposed to have it leave Chautauqua at 6:12 o'clock, connecting with interurban

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Priestley's "Cravenette" English MOHAIR SUITS

FULL OF WEAR LIGHT AS AIR

BUSINESS men appreciate the cool comfort and smart appearance of a Priestley Mohair. The lightest and most serviceable of summer clothes.

COOL—AIRY—FEATHERWEIGHT
SHAPE RETAINING SERVICEABLE NO LAUNDERING

They come in many attractive styles, smartly tailored in new mid-summer models for men of every build, in patterns and colors that are pleasing.

Every genuine suit bears the Priestley label which stands for the highest type of Mohair Made.

FOR SALE BY LEADING CLOTHIERS



Sonnenfeld's L. ACKERMAN, Manager

600 White Tub Skirts Of Gabardine

\$2.75 Usual \$3.50 & \$4 qualities

A special purchase!

If you are seeking an opportunity to economize on Wash Skirts you must not fail to come tomorrow. The styles shown in this collection will appeal quite as much as the price. We bought all remaining stock from a large skirt maker now devoting his attention to Autumn goods.

Complete showing likewise from \$5 to \$10

Headquarters—Fan-ta-si Skirts

Scarce most everywhere—plentiful here!

We've scores of lovely styles of the genuine silk fan-ta-si, as well as an imposing selection in DEWKIST, BARONET, GEORGETTE AND CREPE DE CHINE.

\$10 to \$25

An exceptional offering in

BLOUSES

Picturesque Summer styles, excelling in quality at the two featured prices

\$1.95

Two random selections pictured at left. Batistes! Dotted Swiss! Organ-dies! Voiles! Lace embroidered, tucked and trimmed in colors.

\$2.95

Two random selections pictured at right. Striped Voiles! Plain Voiles! Organ-dies! Batistes! Plain tucked, embroidered or trimmed with ruffled edging.

Complete Blouse display likewise—\$5 to \$25



RUPTURED?

Back Thru Any Another Dollar on Out-Style Trusses! Our Latest Invention The 1919 Herniatone Contracts and closes the Rupture opening in a few weeks on the average case. Call or write at once. Hours 10-4 daily. Saturday 9-4. Demonstrations free. 301 Pine St. The Herniatone Co., St. Louis.



Featuring Distinctive Bedell De

Distinguished new frocks you've seen. Themes in head motifs, ruffled skirts, innova Navy, white, Figured Geor

This Si Gold As Illu

Has 2 1/2-Inch

We have been fortunate to secure another shipment of nationally advertised Bedell—they go on sale tomorrow. are in handsome Veris-M gold finish that presents the appearance of a brass bed and wear equally as well and tarnish or show fingermark

Goods Marked in Plain Figures

Co

RUPTURED?

Don't Throw Away Another Dollar on the "Old-Fashioned" Rupture Treatment. The 1919 Herniatone Contracts and closes the Rupture opening in a few weeks on the average case. Call or write at once. Hours 10 A. M. to 6 P. M. Demonstrations free. The Herniatone Co., St. Louis.

Become Slender

Reduce your weight 10 to 20 lbs. or more with the GUARANTEED "Slimmer" diet. ECKERT Drug Co., Meyer Bros., E. A. Meyer, Adolph Koebe, Wolf-Wilson Drug Co., 7th St. and Washington av. and others in St. Louis. ALL drug stores everywhere sell it. or ECKERT, booklet mailed free by Koebe Co., ST. 27, Station F, New York. —ADV.

Doctors Recommend Bon-Opto for the Eyes

Physicians and eye specialists prescribe Bon-Opto as a safe home remedy in the treatment of eye troubles and to strengthen eyesight. Sold under money refund guarantee by all druggists. —ADV.

U. S. TROOPS BACK AFTER LONG CHASE OF VILLA REBELS

Few Prisoners and 100 Horses and Ponies Captured; About 50 Villa Men Reported Killed by Americans.

CAVALRY PURSUED BANDS OF OUTLAWS

Artillery Aided by Placing Shrapnel Over Heads of Fleeing Force; Pursuit Went About 35 Miles.

By the Associated Press.
EL PASO, Tex., June 17.—American troops that participated in the expedition against the Villa rebels in and near Juarez are billeted in barracks and camps on the American side and were asleep before dark last night after their 24 hours of campaigning. As a rear guard to the cavalry, artillery and engineers, seven ragged, high-hatted Mexican prisoners were headed toward the Fort Bliss stockade by a detachment of the Fifth Cavalry, while another cavalry detachment drove a herd of 100 Mexican horses and ponies, captured from the Villa forces, to the remount station. It was unofficially stated at Fort Bliss that approximately 50 Villa followers were killed, and prisoners, horses and mules were captured. One American of the Seventh Cavalry, Corp. Chigas, was shot through the lung by a Mexican rebel on the south bank of the river. After the crossing at night, the cavalry column, supported by a battalion of the 82d Artillery, advanced and at daybreak started scouting south of Yula, Texas. Capturing the seven prisoners before reaching the Villa camp, the cavalry proceeded to within a short distance of the adobe headquarters, when fighting was begun by the Americans standing in water up to their knees, according to cavalry officers.

Four Villa men were killed in the first assault and the entire force, numbering approximately 200 men, dismounted and escaped toward the southwest, with the cavalry troops in pursuit. The rebels scattered into small bands and Col. James J. Hornbrook's Fifth Cavalry pursued one band, which continued toward the southwest for a distance of 35 miles before returning toward the river. Col. Tompkins' Seventh Cavalry, in temporary command of Col. Howard R. Hixcock, pursued another band. Troops A and C of the Seventh Cavalry executed a mounted pistol charge and killed a number of the rebels. The artillery placed shrapnel shells directly over the heads of the fleeing Villa force and many were killed.

30 Square Miles Covered. After the two cavalry forces had pursued the rebels over more than 50 square miles, they formed a junction and returned to the American side of the river, accompanied by the artillery and Eighth Engineers, who threw a pontoon bridge across the river. The cavalry, artillery and engineers presented a tired, soiled and travel-stained appearance when they marched over the mesa to Fort Bliss last night. Many had souvenirs of the Villa pursuit. Officers obtained silver spurs and many sombreros, and knives and crude equipment were brought back.

All of the seven Mexican prisoners professed to be either farmers in the valley or Carranza soldiers, none admitting having been with Villa. They had but six horses and mules. When his orderly went to his office at military headquarters yesterday, he found Maj. T. B. McCown, district surgeon, lying dead on the floor. He was last seen alive at 11:30 p. m. Sunday. It was stated at headquarters that the excitement due to the military expedition against the Villa forces in Juarez probably caused his death from heart disease. Maj. McCown was unmarried and came here from Fort Huachuca, Ariz.

Angels Declares That He Will Not Give Up the Fight

By the Associated Press.
WITH GEN. FELIPE ANGELES IN THE FIELD, Mexico, June 17.—Somewhere to the southwest of Zaragoza, 16 miles from Juarez, last night Gen. Felipe Angeles was moving with his small personal bodyguard to the south and west. He is bitterly disappointed as the result of the crossing of American soldiers into Mexican territory in pursuit of Gen. Francisco Villa, supreme in command of all anti-Government forces in Northern Mexico.

Gen. Angeles left his headquarters at 6 a. m. and 20 minutes later Gen. Villa, whose headquarters were a little to the south of Gen. Angeles, about a 25-minute ride, was also moving south. Before the attack on Juarez last Saturday night Gen. Angeles stated emphatically to the correspondent that he had not ordered any attack on Juarez and that he was not participating in one, that his only reason for being so near Juarez was to act as a peace maker between the Government forces and Gen. Villa's army. Gen. Angeles said that the attack Saturday night was nothing but a test of strength between the oppos-

Continued on Page 12.

We Give
Eagle
Stamps

Sensenbrenner's

SIXTH AND ST. CHARLES

See Special
Window
Display

THE SHOE EVENT OF THE SUMMER SEASON STARTS WEDNESDAY

Wonderful Purchase & Sale of \$3 & \$3.50 White Pumps & Oxfords

\$2.45

3500 pairs involved—the most fashionable & wanted styles, the finest qualities, at unprecedented savings

The PUMPS

Colonial Pumps
Plain Operas
Tongue Pumps
Strap Pumps
(Louis, Cuban and Military Heels)

The OXFORDS

Covered Louis Heels
Covered Cuban Heels
Covered Military Heels
Leather Military Heels
Sport—Rubber Soles

PUMPS—An immense assemblage, embracing all the style successes created this Summer. All have covered heels in slender Louis, Cuban or military effects. Hand-turn soles.
OXFORDS—Ten smart yet practical models in high arch, stage and low heel lasts. Slender covered wooden Louis, covered Cuban, covered military and leather military heels. Hand turn or welted soles.

All Sizes 2 to 8, widths B to E

Tomorrow's Specials

Bedell

Washington Ave., Corner 7th Street



Featuring Beaded Georgette Gowns Distinctive Street and Afternoon Models

Bedell Designed \$19.75 Special Values

Distinguished new types—very different from the stereotyped beaded Georgette frocks you've seen. Introducing bewitching new color combinations and acceptable themes in bead motifs—fascinating drapery, stunning overskirts—adorable tier and ruffled skirts, innovations in blouses and sleeves.

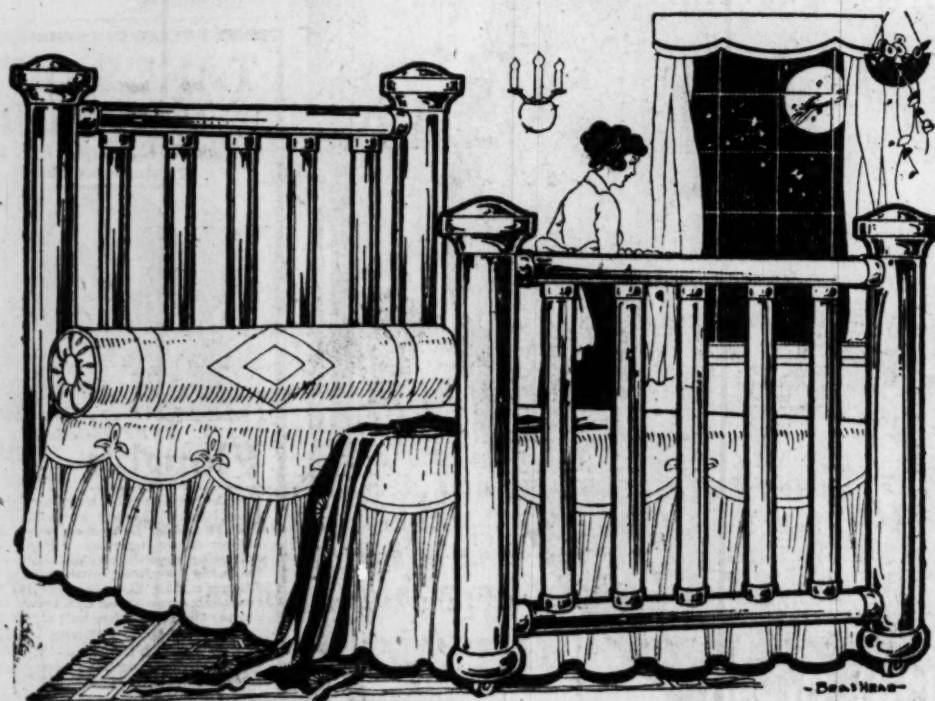
Navy, white, flesh, gray, tan and semi-evening shades of Georgettes. Figured Georgettes, Crisp Taffeta, Lustrous Satins, Jersey, Foulard.

No Charge for Necessary Alterations

May, Stern & Co.

This Simmons Nationally Advertised Gold-Finished Bed

As Illustrated—\$1.50 Cash—\$1.50 a Month



Has 2 1/2-Inch Posts—1 1-16-Inch Fillers—4 1/2-Inch Caps

\$16.50

We have been fortunate to secure another shipment of these nationally advertised Beds—and they go on sale tomorrow. They are in handsome Veris-Martin gold finish that presents the appearance of a brass Bed and will wear equally as well and never tarnish or show fingermarks.

Special attention is called to the massive proportions of this Bed—has 2 1/2-inch posts, 1 1-16-inch fillers and 4 1/2-inch caps—extremely strong and rigid in construction and unquestionably the greatest value we have ever offered at this price.

Goods
Marked
in Plain
Figures

MAY, STERN & CO.
Corner Twelfth and Olive Sts.

Strictly
One
Price
to All



MICHIGAN The Sporting Peninsula

Three Great Lakes join hands to give the Southern Peninsula of Michigan its summer attractions. Primeval forests, alluring streams, wooded lakes, clear, cool invigorating air, and outdoor interests, have made Michigan the "Sporting Peninsula."

Along the shores and inlets of the surrounding waters—Lake Michigan, Lake Huron, Straits of Mackinac and the "Soo"—are summer resorts of great charm, each with its special appeal—motorboating, sailing, fishing, broad beaches for bathing. In the inland sections—streams, rivers and lakes with superior facilities for fishing and hunting.

Accommodations—fine hotels, inns or summer camps, experienced in giving vacationists just what they want, and with prices to suit every purse.

The United States Railroad Administration invites you to travel and offers Summer Excursion fares. Ask your local ticket agent to help you plan your trip or apply to the Consolidated Ticket Office, or write nearest Travel Bureau for illustrated booklet—"Michigan Summer Resorts."

UNITED STATES RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION



Travel Bureau
143 Liberty Street
New York City

Travel Bureau
646 Transportation Building
Chicago

Travel Bureau
603 Healey Building
Atlanta

DIAMONDS WATCHES ON CREDIT

Be ready to Seal the Engagement with a Loftis Perfection Diamond Ring
"All the world loves a lover"—and a Diamond. Diamonds Win Hearts.



\$40 Rings, \$1.00 a Week
\$50 Rings, \$1.25 a Week
\$100 Rings, \$2.50 a Week
\$225 Rings, \$3.00 a Week

For Wedding and Graduation Presents

SOME VERY SPECIAL VALUES
Diamond La Valliere... \$10.00 up
Diamond Brooches... 2.50 up
Diamond Ear Rings... 25.00 up
Diamond Bar Pins... 15.00 up
Gold Watches, solid gold... 31.00 up
Men's Solid Gold Watches... 35.00 up
Diamond Cuff Links... 5.00 up
Diamond Scarf Pins... 8.00 up
Diamond Studs... 10.00 up
Locket Rings, Diamond Set... 10.00 up

EASY CREDIT TERMS

Liberty Bonds Accepted

OPEN EVENINGS

Call or write for Catalog No. 968.

Phone Central 5025, Main 37, salesman will call.

LOFTIS

BROS. & CO. 1113

The National Credit Jewelers

24 Floor, Carleton

Bldg., 308 N. 6th

St. Louis, Mo.

A Single Application Will Banish Objectionable Hairs

(Aids to Beauty)

Here is a home treatment for removing hairs that is quick, painless and inexpensive. With some powdered talc, soap and water make enough paste to quickly cover the objectionable hairs, apply and after two or three minutes rub off with the skin and it will be left soft, clean and hairless. This treatment will not mar the skin, but it will do it. Appointment. Be careful to get real data.

—ADV.

The POST-DISPATCH is the only St. Louis evening newspaper which Associated Press news service

JEWELERS IN CONVENTION HERE FAVOR CAPITAL PUNISHMENT

Missouri Retailers' Association Resolves Governor to Bring Subject Before Special Session.

The Missouri Society of Retail Jewelers, in annual convention at Hotel Jefferson yesterday, passed a resolution requesting Gov. Gardner to bring before the special session of the Legislature the re-enactment of laws providing capital punishment. Restoration of the death penalty, members of the organization declared, would save jewelers from

many losses by increasing criminals' fear of the law.

Jewelers have suffered more than any other class of retailers through crime, convention delegates said yesterday. Prohibition, they think, will increase the number of jewelry robberies.

Fifty delegates attended the convention yesterday and many of these are attending the Missouri State Optometrists' convention at Hotel Jefferson today.

'Jewels Make Permanent Gifts' was adopted yesterday as the slogan of Missouri jewelers. A national advertising campaign of education in jewelry, to cost \$200,000, is to be opened by the national organization soon.

William Hughes, a Government agent, spoke yesterday on "Making Report on Revenue Tax." F. W. Drost spoke of the work of jewelers in mobilizing the supply of platinum for war uses and in keeping the price in Government contracts at a reasonable figure.

Officers re-elected yesterday are: F. W. Drost, president; Anderson Blanton, Paris, Mo., vice president; W. E. Pennell, Trenton, Mo., secretary-treasurer; C. E. Tamm, California, Mo., F. W. Picher, Mexico, Mo., members of the executive committee.

Surgeons Drop German Fellows.

By the Associated Press.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 17.—The American Surgical Association, comprising some of the country's most noted surgeons, in session here, unanimously dropped from its roll of membership today all German and Austrian honorary fellows.

To Reduce Your Weight

If you are too fat and want to reduce your weight ten to thirty or forty pounds, quickly and easily, go to any drug store and get a package of Phynola. Take five grains after each meal and at bed time.

Even a few days' use should show a noticeable reduction in weight, the flesh should become firm, the skin smooth and the general health improved. Phynola is pleasant to take, helps digestion and is designed to reduce the excessive fatty tissue by increasing the oxygen carrying power of the blood.

Every reader who is overweight should give this treatment a trial. You will probably find it is just what you need. Endeavor Drug Co., Judge & Dolph, Wolff-Wilson, Keiffer Drug Co., and A. E. Medler, or any druggist can supply you.—ADV.

Lowest Prices Our Chief Attraction

Schaper
6th and Washington

Women's \$2 & \$2.50 White Shoes 98c

In high top, also Oxfords and Pumps, high and low heels—

one of a very large special.

Children's Sox

35c value fine mercerized lisle in white with fancy tops 19c

Men's Socks

15c value mercerized cotton thread white, black and colors 12½c

House Shoes

A dandy lot of new Boudoir Slippers in all colors and sizes 59c

Play Shoes

Just received, a large number of Boys' and Girls' Play Shoes in sizes up to 3 at a bargain 69c

EXTRA SPECIALS

BLACK SILK POPLIN

36-inch, fine quality, high luster Silk Poplin, yard 1.19

MADRAS SHIRTING

High-grade Madras Shirting, big assortment, yard 33c

MUSLIN GOWNS

Ribbon trimmed, cut full and long; special (Second Floor) 69c

Children's Hats

Odd and ends, trimmed Hats, all colors (Second Floor) 25c

WAISTS

Stripe Waist, two-in-one colors, also large or gaudy collars; all sizes (Second Floor) 50c

Children's Sample Caps

Lace and embroidery trimmed, also Sun Hats (Second Floor) 10c

J. & P. COATS

Sewing Thread, in black and white, all numbers, special tomorrow only 25c

\$1 Bungalow Aprons

In percale; made full; in new patterns; assorted; special (Second Floor) 48c

\$1 Muslin Petticoats

Assorted patterns; cut full and good quality muslin (Second Floor) 69c

NEPONSET FLOORCOVERINGS

A thick, tough, solid felt, which has been thoroughly saturated with oil and wax; the pattern is printed on and has a heavy enamel surface; also lately waterproof from top to bottom; guaranteed not to rot. It has the advantage of being flat on the floor without tacking, its edges will not curl.

A big variety of beautiful designs of higher-grade kind; at the very special price of (Third Floor) 57c

Matting Rugs, 9x12

Room size, attractive designs, all colors; a cool floorcovering for summer weather; for this sale only \$4.99 (Third Floor)

9x12 LINOLEUM

Hardwood tile and black pattern; extra special for tomorrow (3d Floor) \$5.99

Congoleum Rugs, 9x12

Very pretty Carpet pattern with borders all around, in light, medium and dark designs. A special cut price for this sale only \$12.99 (Third Floor)

Washers

ball-bearing, self-sharpening; Spring No. 2 size 98c

Garbage Cans

with light-colored, big tin cover; medium size 79c

Gas Laundry Sinks

30 inch, 25 inch, 20 inch, 18 inch, 16 inch, 14 inch, 12 inch, 10 inch, 8 inch, 6 inch, 4 inch, 3 inch, 2 inch, 1 inch, ½ inch, ¼ inch, ⅛ inch, 1/16 inch, 1/32 inch, 1/64 inch, 1/128 inch, 1/256 inch, 1/512 inch, 1/1024 inch, 1/2048 inch, 1/4096 inch, 1/8192 inch, 1/16384 inch, 1/32768 inch, 1/65536 inch, 1/131072 inch, 1/262144 inch, 1/524288 inch, 1/1048576 inch, 1/2097152 inch, 1/4194304 inch, 1/8388608 inch, 1/16777216 inch, 1/33554432 inch, 1/67108864 inch, 1/134217728 inch, 1/268435456 inch, 1/536870912 inch, 1/1073741824 inch, 1/2147483648 inch, 1/4294967296 inch, 1/8589934592 inch, 1/17179869184 inch, 1/34359738368 inch, 1/68719476736 inch, 1/137438953472 inch, 1/274877906944 inch, 1/549755813888 inch, 1/1099511627776 inch, 1/2199023255552 inch, 1/4398046511104 inch, 1/8796093022208 inch, 1/17592186044416 inch, 1/35184372088832 inch, 1/70368744177664 inch, 1/140737488355328 inch, 1/281474976710656 inch, 1/562949953421312 inch, 1/1125899906842624 inch, 1/2251799813685248 inch, 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"PURE GOODS" LAW ADVOCATED

National Wool Bureau Urges Marking of All Fabrics.
By the Associated Press.
CHICAGO, June 17.—A campaign for a "pure goods" law that would compel marking of all fabrics so as to show whether they contain

only "virgin wool" or "shoddy," has been inaugurated by the National Sheep and Wool Bureau.
"What people have been buying for all wool," said Alexander Walker of New York, elected president of the bureau, "is not, in two thirds of the cases, all wool."
With a "pure goods" law, Mr.

Walker said, the price of clothing made of "shoddy" or reworked wool would decline. The cost of virgin wool garments still would remain high, however, he said, because of the scarcity of that product.
The maid has left—bid her successor come today through Post-Dispatch. WANT ADS.

16,482 PUPILS ENTER AT OPENING OF 32 PUBLIC SUMMER SCHOOLS

Enrollment Already Exceeds All Previous Years and May Reach Higher Figure.
Twenty-two public summer schools opened yesterday with an enrollment of 16,482 pupils, which exceeds the registration of all previous years and is an excess of 3958 over last term. The total, it is anticipated, will be swelled by new registrants but none will be accepted after tomorrow.

The schools open at 8:15 a. m. and close at 11:45 a. m. They are open daily except Sunday. Under a new system of classification assignment to classes was made with little difficulty and within a day or so the schools are expected to be well under way.
The schools opened for summer terms are: Soldan High, Cleveland High, McKinley High, Yeatman High, Summer High (negro), Adams, Ashland, Benton, Blow, Clay, Clinton, Emerson, Fanning, Field, Glasgow, Harrison, Hodges, Jefferson, Mullaphy, Wyman, Benneker (negro), and the Gallaudet School for deaf pupils.

FRENCH SLOW WITH CASUALTIES

Reports Coming Now From Paris More Than Year Late.
By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, June 17.—Casualties now being reported through the War Department are coming principally from the French War Office, the department said today, which "is considerably more than a year behind with their records."

Lieutenant-Colonel Earle Boothe, until recently chief of the A. E. F. central records, estimates it will be a year before the French records are completely checked.
THERE ARE FIVE WAYS of getting Want Ads to the Post-Dispatch office. Through your druggist, over your phone, by mail, by messenger or personal call—with no difference in prices.

U. S. TROOPS BACK AFTER LONG CHASE OF VILLA FORCES
Continued From Page Eleven.

ing armies and it was led in person by Martin Lopez, who entered the city about 1:30 a. m. Sunday, with less than 300 men, split up in three sections. If there had been 500 more men with Lopez Saturday night the murmurings against the United States and its citizens now probably would never have uttered.

According to plans, the attack was most feasible from the east, as the west was too well protected by searchlights and the guns from Fort Hidalgo. Gen. Francisco Madero and Gen. Villa both used the west side of the city in their previous attacks.
The attack on the city was to be a flanking move. Gen. Angeles said that, if the Americans had not come over when they did, Gen. Villa would have had complete occupation of the city in another hour or two.

When Gen. Angeles received the news by a courier that the Americans were over, he said he had hoped that the United States would still adhere to its attitude of non-interference and he again referred to the Nogales, Sonora, troop movements through American territory. Gen. Angeles expressed real regret shots had fallen in El Paso.
Villa Force of 1800.

The total number of forces with Villa around the immediate vicinity of Juarez was less than 1800 men. The men under Martin Lopez were the most conspicuous with regard to bravery. A handful of them would attack a whole company of Carranza men. Reports received at headquarters Sunday morning said that the men, led personally by Lopez, had reached a point less than 200 yards from Fort Hidalgo itself.

The attitude of Gen. Villa before the attack toward the United States was one of reported sincere friendship. It was still one of friendship before the second attack, but that it will undergo a change now since the Americans went after him a second time was freely expressed by his staff.

Gen. Angeles said he would never give up the fight he has made for his people. The casualties on the Villa side were close to 400, including 80 wounded. Forty were taken prisoner by Gen. Gonzalez's men.
The forces under Martin Lopez and Col. Holguin had only three small field guns and were used only in breaking through the Carranza entrenchments.

18 U. S. Airplanes Ordered to the Border for Observation Work.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, June 17.—The War Department has made public orders issued by Major-General Menoher, Director of Air Service, directing that 18 airplanes be sent from Ellington and Kelly fields, Tex., to El Paso immediately. The planes, it was said, will be used along the border for observation purposes.

The Director of the Air Service issued an order for the Twelfth Aero Squadron, which arrives today at New York, from France, to go to El Paso. Crews of the 18 planes will be provided from this squadron.
Secretary Baker, in announcing that American troops had crossed the border, said the operation was with the agreement of the Mexican Government. The statement, he said, was entirely in the interest of protection to life on the American side.

Refugees Begin Returning to Their Homes in Juarez.

By the Associated Press.
JUAREZ, June 17.—The bodies of the Villa rebels who fell in the two days of fighting in and around Juarez still lie unburied in the suburbs. The refugees who sought safety on the American side of the border are slowly returned to their homes. A few places of business have reopened.

ACT NOW Only a Few More Days to Take Advantage of Our Special Terms **\$9.75** Per Month

IMPROVED WESTERN ELECTRIC WASHER

"Perfect" Washing and Wringing Machine

WASHES and WRINGS

all the clothes without moving machine or tubs during entire washing.

Most perfect development of the most perfect principle of washing clothes.

No rubbing or hard work necessary with this machine.



Electrically and Mechanically Perfect.

No Belts. All Gears and Moving Parts Inclosed.

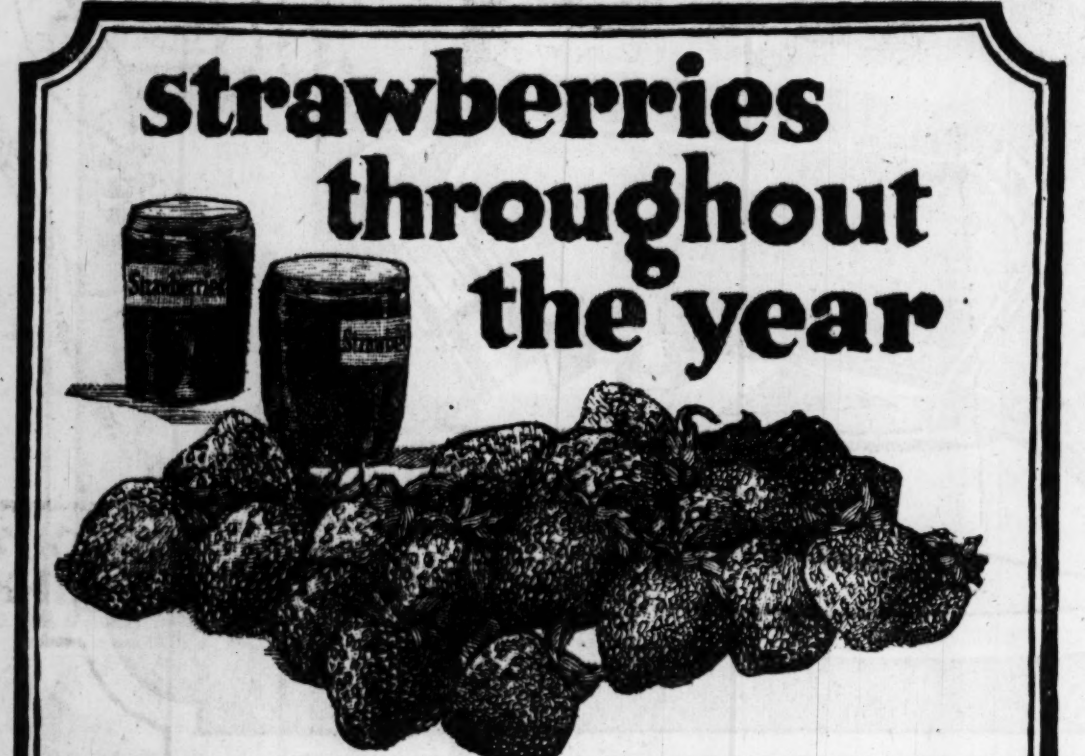
3 Safety Devices to Protect Motor and Mechanical Parts.

Call at Our Store or Phone Lindell 6550 Central 1681 and Arrange for DEMONSTRATION.

At These Special Terms You Can't Afford to Be Without This Washer. **\$9.75** Per Month Enables You to Pay for This Machine as You Save on Labor, Clothes and Soap.

ACT NOW AND TAKE ADVANTAGE of This SPECIAL OFFER

Frank Adam Electric Co.
Lindell 6550 904 Pine Street Central 1681



Sometimes the strawberry season slips by before you realize it. Now, while berries are plentiful, preserve all you can, for every jar will cut the cost of living next winter.

Remember that Domino Granulated is the sugar that comes to you, clean and of highest quality, packed in sturdy cartons and strong cotton bags, safe from flies and ants.

SAVE THE FRUIT CROP
American Sugar Refining Company
"Sweeten it with Domino"

Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown, Golden Syrup.



Domino Cane Sugars



What the "Dough-Boys" Discovered

THE men who have been wearing army shoes have discovered foot freedom. And they will not go back to the old narrow pointed shoes, the binding pressure that brings corns, callouses, bunions, and other foot ills.

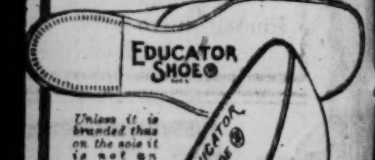
For they can keep their feet free—they can have all the comfort and ease of army shoes—plus good looks—by getting into Educators, the sensible, well-made shoes that let the feet grow as they should.

MADE FOR MEN WOMEN and CHILDREN

Get these roomy Educators for your feet today. Let the whole family have foot freedom, too.

But look for that Educator mark on the sole. There is no protection stronger than this famous trademark. It means that behind every part of the shoe, stands a responsible manufacturer, Rice & Hutchins, Inc., Boston.

EDUCATOR SHOE



Chosen by the President of the United States for his own use.



Kid Brother Oxford Educator for Men

TAKES OUT THE KINKS

Have Soft, Straight Hair Like Photograph Below



BY USING **Plough's HAIR DRESSING**

People may easily have straight, soft, long hair by simply applying Plough's Hair Dressing. In a short time all your kinky, curly, unruly hair becomes soft, silky, smooth, straight, long, and can be easily handled, brushed or combed. Plough's Hair Dressing, elegantly scented, in large green cans (more for your money than any other hair dressing).

25c AT DRUG STORES AGENTS OR BY MAIL WANTED

PLOUGH CHEMICAL CO.

WARNING

If you are losing your hair, or are bald, don't apply anything that will dry the scalp (as most lotions and shampoos do), but use the Indian hair oil—Kotaliko—which contains genuine bear oil and other potent ingredients. It often succeeds in cases considered hopeless. Now that your attention is

ARRESTED

Kotaliko should be impressed on your memory if you really want a superb hair growth. No matter if you have departed before, try KOTALIKO now. Get a box at any drug store or send 10 cents (stamp or silver) for testing package, with free brochure, to John Hart Brittain, R.F. 27, Station 4, New York City.

\$300.00 REWARD

Kotaliko is sold under a \$200 guarantee. It is for men, women and children. Contains no alcohol, borax, etc., but effective elements of Nature's three kingdoms. Kotaliko is making its reputation as a true hair invigorator.



Best Light Food for Summer **Bobby**

POST TOASTIES Best of corn flakes

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Fully accredited Junior College. Magnificent buildings, beautiful campus with lake, tennis courts, hockey field, gymnasium and swimming pool. Unusually competent faculty insure superior training in music, art, domestic science, foreign language, expression and the culture and refinement of young womanhood. Heavily endowed. For viewbook and catalog address:
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(Sixth Year)
College Preparatory, Military, Episcopal! (Applications should be filed now to secure a place for the year 1920-21)
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Nature's New Food-Gift!

How COVO brings new delicious flavor—new delightful economy to salads and cooked foods

COVO is the new blend of nut and vegetable oils. COVO adds to all salad dressings a flavor and a savor all its own. Oil experts tell us that the delicious nut-like flavor of COVO is a welcome discovery in oils.

Try wholesome COVO with your own salad recipes or those we give you here. See if you don't discover the happy reason why expensive olive oil is jealous of economical COVO.

COVO for delightful cooking, too

Now that butter is so high priced, you may have stopped cooking some of your favorite dishes which call for an unusually delicate shortening.

But don't stop! Try COVO instead and see if you don't agree that an extra-fine oil like COVO gives extra fine results in cooking.

For surprising results with cakes, cookies, muffins and all baked food calling for shortening, simply use your own recipes, substituting economical COVO wherever the recipe calls for "shortening."

Use COVO also for gravies and in making sauces, such as white sauces.

And, of course, a delicate oil like COVO improves all fried foods. COVO frying is crisp frying. COVO frying is digestible frying.

We give you here 3 treasured COVO recipes of a cooking expert who has tried hundreds. These recipes and one can of COVO will prove how delicious and economical COVO is. After you have used COVO you will readily understand why Monsieur Panchard, managing chef of such famous New York hotels as the Waldorf, the McAlpin and the Claridge gladly endorses COVO.

To postpone getting COVO is to postpone more delicious food and welcome a saving of household money. Order a can today.

AT GROCERS in tins of pint, quart, half-gallon and gallon sizes



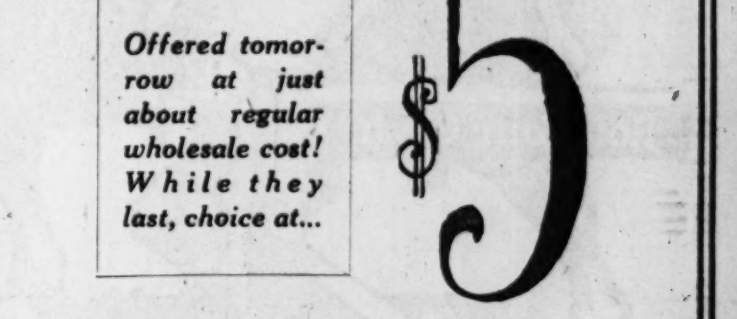
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509 Washington Ave.

S-P-E-C-I-A-L!

A Group of Several Hundred

Wash Dresses

Offered tomorrow at just about regular wholesale cost! While they last, choice at...



A NEW shipment of figured voile, gingham and tissue Wash Dresses, bought way below regular, on which we pass along the savings. Chic styles, dainty colors and fetching trimming innovations in abundance. Sizes for misses and women.

But Come Early for These Savings!

COVO MAYONNAISE



1 cup of COVO 1 egg yolk 1/2 teaspoon salt 1/2 teaspoon lemon juice

Place salt and paprika on platter and mix with yolk of perfectly fresh egg. Begin beating, adding oil at first drop by drop. As it thickens add a few drops of vinegar. The oil may now be added more freely, alternating with a few drops of vinegar and lemon juice until the mixture is smooth. Vigorous and continuous beating is necessary to avoid "curdling." When all the oil is used the dressing should be thick enough to hold its shape.

COVO TOMATO SALAD WITH CHEESE DRESSING

Firm, medium-sized tomatoes (as many as desired) COVO Mayonnaise 1 cup cheese (grated) 1 green pepper chopped fine 1 teaspoon Worcestershire Sauce

Add cheese, green pepper and Worcestershire to COVO Mayonnaise. Scald tomatoes with boiling water to remove skins. Drain and chill.

Place on crisp lettuce leaves and cover with cheese dressing.



COVO COCONUT DROP COOKIES

1/2 cup COVO 1/2 cup coconut 1/2 cup sugar warm water 1 egg

1 1/2 cups sifted flour 1/2 teaspoon baking powder 1/2 teaspoon salt 1/2 teaspoon lemon extract

Put one-third cup coconut in measuring cup and fill cup just to 1/2 mark with warm water. Allow to stand to soften coconut while measuring and sifting dry ingredients. Beat COVO, sugar, coconut mixture, and egg together and stir in dry ingredients. Drop by teaspoons about an inch and a half apart on pans well oiled with COVO. Bake in a moderate oven (375°F) for 20 minutes. This recipe makes four dozen cookies.



BERLIN PAPERS TO FIGHT STRIKE

Unapprenticed Composing Room Workers Demand Printers' Pay.
By the Associated Press.
BERLIN, Saturday, June 14.—The

strike that has caused a suspension of publication of the Berlin newspapers is one of unapprenticed auxiliary composing room workers who are demanding wages equal to those of trained technical hands.

No newspapers were issued today in the city and the prospects were that none would be published for several days to come. The publishers met this afternoon and decided to fight unitedly to a finish.

LIGHTNING KILLS MAN AND WIFE AT ALTON

Flash Leaves Couple Dead, but Baby Escapes Without Injury.

Harold Gilbert, 20 years old, and his wife, Kathryn, 19, of 1007 Green street, Alton, were killed by lightning at 6:30 o'clock last night, in the yard of their home, where Gilbert was sawing wood. Their 2-year-old child, Vincent, who was playing near them, was uninjured.

Mrs. Gilbert was sitting on a box on which her husband was holding with his foot the stick of wood he was sawing. After the flash of lightning neighbors found Gilbert lying on the ground and his wife lying over the box. Gilbert died soon after neighbors reached him, but Mrs. Gilbert appeared dead when they arrived.

The child did not appear to have been shocked. Mrs. Eva Sims, a neighbor, who was one of the first to go to the couple, said the child seemingly was trying to get his mother to speak to him.

Gilbert was employed as a roll tender at the plant of the Sparks Milling Co. at Alton. The family moved there from New Douglas, Ill., about six months ago.

Wind and Lightning Cause Damage to Property Here.
Telephone, trolley and electric light wires were blown down by wind which preceded a heavy rain in St. Louis at 4:30 p. m. yesterday. A young woman was knocked unconscious when she attempted to turn off an electric iron, and a horse was killed when a trolley wire fell upon its back. Several houses and trees were struck by lightning.

Miss Edith Young, 3550 Pine street, employed in a shirt factory at 1209 Washington avenue, became frightened when the storm broke, and, in attempting to turn off an electric iron she was operating, received a shock which knocked her down. After being revived, she became hysterical, and was taken to the city hospital.

A trolley wire at High and Carr streets snapped, and one of the pieces fell upon a horse driven by T. Smisson, 1124 North Twenty-fourth street. The horse was killed, and Smisson was shocked.

Lightning struck the residence of Henry Greaser, 152 Marion street, tearing a hole through the roof and damaging the building about \$200. The home of Mrs. Katherine Dressel, 7729 Vermont avenue, was damaged about \$200 when a large tree in an adjoining yard fell against it.

A double flat at 609-611 Kansas street, occupied by the families of Mrs. Frank Helfrich and Mrs. Theodore Fach, was struck by lightning. The damage was estimated at \$500.

Lightning damaged the home of Henry M. Dietrich, 2816 Lemp avenue, about \$50.

Other residences struck by lightning were the homes of Harmon Richter, 2335 Park avenue, damage \$50; Louis G. Wentt, 2614 Minnesota avenue, \$150; Edward J. Klingner, 2852 Pennsylvania avenue, \$50; and Robert J. Hinkel, 713 Lafayette avenue, chimney torn away, \$100.

A plate glass window, blown from a saloon at 1601 South Ninth street, struck Grover Ura, 1417 Park avenue, and cut deeply into his neck.

Most of the damage to overhead wires was reported on the South Side. Repair work was ordered by the strike of electrical workers.

LIVERPOOL DOCKS ARE ABLAZE; LOSS ESTIMATED AT \$5,000,000

Warehouses Stored With Inflammables Caught Fire Last Night; American Steamer Damaged.

By the Associated Press.
LONDON, June 17.—A big fire broke out on the Alexandra docks in Liverpool last night. Warehouses stored with timber, cotton, oil, 400 barrels of turpentine and other inflammables blazed fiercely for hours and ate still burning. Several vessels were safely removed from the danger zone, but a blazing roof from one warehouse fell on the American steamship Norlinda, which was badly damaged. The crew of the ship escaped.

Newspaper dispatches estimate the damage at \$5,000,000.

POLISH TROOPS MOVE EASTWARD

Contingent Halted in Germany by Berlin Order Resume Progress.

By the Associated Press.
COBLENZ, June 17.—The Polish troops which were halted recently on their way across Germany by an order from Berlin began moving eastward again Sunday, in accordance with demands upon the German Government on Friday by Marshal Foch on behalf of the allies.

Information in the hands of the Americans indicating heavy eastward traffic of war material on the railroads east of Berlin and reports of German troop concentration along the Polish border are believed to have some bearing on the Berlin order holding up the movement of Gen. Haller's soldiers.

Laborers to Be Shipped Tomorrow.

Another shipment of laborers will be made by District Secretary Hendricks in the old customhouse to Camp Knox, Ky., tomorrow evening. These men will be paid at the rate of 40 cents an hour, with free sleeping quarters and meals at 35 cents each, and will be furnished transportation to the place of employment. Persons who desire this class of work should apply immediately to room 302, old customhouse.

YOUR DRUGGIST will receive your Want Ads for the Post-Dispatch at the same rates charged at the main office. Try him. He sells other things than medicine. Look around

19 STEEL CARGO SHIPS ARE SOLD

Total of \$27,821,120 Involved in Deal for U. S. Shipping Board Vessels.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, June 16.—Nineteen steel cargo ships aggregating 128,472 deadweight tons have been

sold at prices ranging from \$210 to \$225 a ton to New York ship operators by the shipping board, Chairman Hurley in a statement characterized the deal as the greatest sale of steamships in the history of the shipping industry. The total amount involved was \$27,821,120. Names of the purchasers were not made pub-

lic. Prices paid, Hurley said, are higher than the cost of building. The vessels sold range from 3850 to 9600 tons. Forty per cent of the purchase price, under the terms of the sale, must be paid the first of the year and the remainder at the rate of 15 per cent a year for four years.

Step up to Window 14 Today



—pass a dollar or more through to the teller and say "Savings."

That's simple enough. And the only way to get action on the savings account you've been promising yourself to open these many moons.

"A Dollar and a Minute Open a Boatmen's Savings Account"

Boatmen's Bank Broadway and Olive



At Dealers
During the first five months of 1919, the Post-Dispatch printed 48,556 For Sale "Wants"—15,442 more than the POST other St. Louis newspapers combined.

C

You

On the luxury
Tires every
that render g

The quality
experts in th

Did you eve
separation?

By our pro
special atten
the tread and
one piece—t
this feature
their life.

Come down to
tween '2 and 4
Thursday after
made.

CUPPLES
ST.

Excellent opp
enterprising de
the city. Som
ritory is open—



HE'S THE OLD RELIABLE

GRAND old "Bull". He's the best there is. He sold over 300,000,000 bags last year.

You know genuine "Bull" Durham—never an enemy; millions of friends.

Genuine "Bull" Durham tobacco—you can roll fifty-thirty cigarettes from one bag.

That's some inducement, nowadays.

GENUINE

"BULL" DURHAM TOBACCO



Guaranteed by
The American Tobacco Co.

You pipe smokers; mix a little "BULL" DURHAM with your favorite tobacco. It's like sugar in your coffee.

This Sign

is your buying guide to supreme quality ice cream—foster-tested for high butterfat content—in our laboratory and in the dealer's store.

St. Louis Dairy Co's Guaranteed Ice Cream

Your dealer's pride

in selling St. Louis Dairy Company's Ice Cream is justified—it makes good for him as it makes good with you, because of its exceptional richness and smoothness, and delicious, inimitable flavor.

St. Louis Dairy Company's Ice Cream always contains the full 14% of pure, nourishing cream butterfat set by State and Federal Governments.

In Summer, Eat The Meat Of The Grains

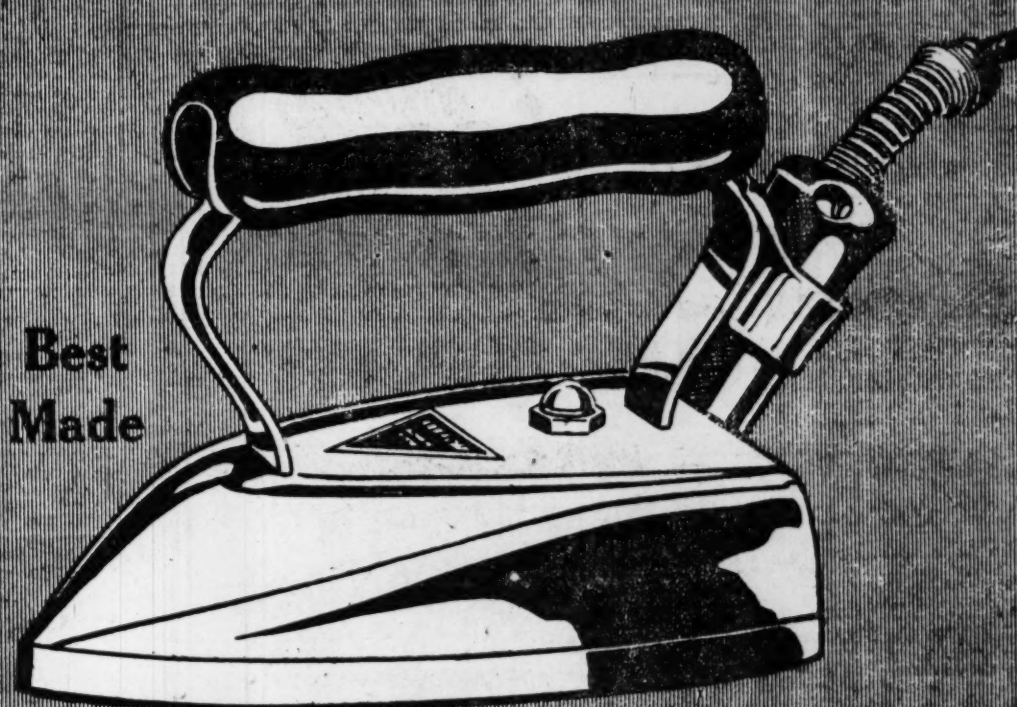
In no other cereal will you find such distinctive flavor as in

Grape-Nuts

The solid nutrition of prime wheat and malted barley, ready to serve direct from package. Rich in the elements nature needs for keeping up vitality, without overheating.

No cooking. No waste.

The Best Iron Made



The Secret of Good Ironing

IS of course in the iron. But all electric irons are not equally good or durable.

A million women use the American Beauty. They paid slightly more but think of the years their irons will serve them.

No postponed ironings because something has happened to the iron.

No need to keep an American Beauty iron from the laundress for fear she might be careless with it.

Ironing with it is easy. It maintains the right heat. The cord is flexible and the best that can be made, protected to stand hard usage. The mirrored surface of the iron glides effortlessly over the daintiest laces or heaviest suitings. Its weight is just right for every household use.

Note the nose, designed to add to the speed of ironing. Big ironings are soon finished with an American Beauty.

Pay a little more and get real electric iron satisfaction.

"American Beauty" ELECTRIC IRON

Sold by Electrical, Hardware and Department Stores and Electric Companies

Manufactured by American Electrical Heater Co., Detroit, Oldest and Largest Exclusive Manufacturers of Complete Line Electrical Heating Devices

CUPPLES TIRES

MADE IN ST. LOUIS

You See Them Everywhere

On the luxurious limousine or the humble flivver—you can see Cupples Tires everywhere. Made in all standard sizes—they are all good tires that render good service at a fair price per mile on any car.

The quality is built in—by skilled workmen—experts in their line—built by hand.

Did you ever see a Cupples Tire show tread separation?

By our process of manufacture and with special attention to this feature, we make the tread and carcass hold together as one piece—they do not separate—this feature adds many miles to their life.

Come down to 6th and Spruce between 2 and 4 any Wednesday or Thursday afternoon and see them made.

CUPPLES COMPANY
ST. LOUIS

Excellent opportunity for enterprising dealers—out of the city. Some of our territory is open—write or wire

PHONE GLENN

GUARANTEE—Cupples tire users shall be satisfied.

PRICES—The lowest possible because of direct connection with factory right here at home.

SERVICE—Phone us—one of our hurry-hurry cars will at once give you road service within reasonable limits at a minimum (50c or \$1.00) cost and NO ADVANCE in tire prices on account of such service.

We carry a full line of Cupples Tires and Red Inner Tubes—will make quick delivery—anywhere—at any time.

FREE INSPECTION—Cupples Tire dealers will give you weekly free tire inspection service—they will keep them properly inflated—will report small cuts or anything that needs attention. Make it a rule to use this free service. It will save you money and trouble.

"TRADE-INS"—Liberal allowance made on your old tires—bring them with you.

Glenn Tire & Vulcanizing Co.
Lindell 228-229
Central 466
Grand and Pine
Sidney 500—Jefferson and Shennandoah
Easton Ave. Tire Works
Cabany 2032 5839 Easton Ave.

Lockwood Tire Service
Webster 642
Webster Groves
Reeves Auto and Repair Co.
Kirkwood 500
Kirkwood
Imperial Tire Co.
19th and Lynch, East St. Louis

TOUGH AS A RHINO



Step up to
window 14
day



dollar or more through
seller and say "Savings."
simple enough. And
way to get action on
savings account you've
promising yourself to
these many moons.

Dollar and a Minute
on a Boatmen's
Savings Account

Boatmen's
Bank Broadway
and Olive

VEGACO
Live Better
at Less Cost. Use
VEGACO
Only Best Butter is as Good
Sweet - Pure
Delicious

the first five months of
the Post-Dispatch printed 24,526
"Wants"—15,262 more than
other St. Louis newspapers

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the right
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hard usage.
slides effort-
est suitings.
hold use.

the speed
finished

Electric Iron

ty

Electrical Heating Devices

FIRST CLASS IN FORTY YEARS TO GRADUATE AT OLD CATHEDRAL

A class of children, the first in 40 years, will be graduated from the parish school of the Old Cathedral, Second and Walnut streets, next week. The school has been in existence since 1823. The reason that it has had no graduation exercises is assigned by Mgr. Tannath to the fact that most of the pupils have

quit school before reaching the eighth grade. The present class consists of seven pupils—Sidney Smith, Emilie Bonzano, Josephine Bonzano, Eileen Devine, Elizabeth Maurer, Ida Ferraris and Helen Kornis. The program will be religious-patriotic. Sidney Smith will recite "What a Catholic American Boy Should Be"; Emilie Bonzano's subject will be "Woodrow Wilson"; Josephine and Emilie Bonzano and Sidney Smith will participate in a Washington

play; Eileen Devine will give the valedictory; Elizabeth Maurer will read an essay, "What a Catholic American Girl Should Be," and a recitation of "The Flag" will be given by Ida Ferraris and Helen Kornis. Other parts of the program will be the singing of "Our Own United States" and talks by Mgr. Tannath and Mrs. Matilda Brill, patriotic instructor of the Harding Women's Relief Corps. She also will present a flag.

We Give
Eagle
Stamps

Sensenbrenner's
SIXTH AND ST. CHARLES

An event as timely as it is sensational!

1,200 WAISTS

An extraordinary undervalue purchase brings
\$2.50 and \$3 qualities for \$1.69



In these days of merchandise scarcity such a concession on fashionable Midsummer Blouses will command the attention of every thoughtful woman in the city of St. Louis.

Voiles!

About half of the assortment are Voiles of splendid quality—just the character of Waists you require for Summer wear. The styles are delightful indeed, showing variations in flat and roll collars, which are prettily embroidered or lace trimmed.

Organdies!

Characteristic high-priced organdie models, many with unique vests, so greatly in demand; the majority with flat or roll collars. Prudent women will lay in a full season's supply, as equal values are improbable hereafter.

Just a Hundred Tub Skirts . . . 69c

Quick close-out odds and ends and slightly soiled Skirts from \$2.95 to \$3.95 lines.

Kellogg's

"WON ITS FAVOR THROUGH ITS FLAVOR"

The sweetheart
of the corn



Millions of users prove by their demand that they think Kellogg's is "best." This is better and stronger than we could say it because the proof stands with the statement.

W.K. Kellogg

Every grocer everywhere sells Kellogg's everyday.

Copyright 1919, by Kellogg Toasted Corn Flakes Co.

WITNESSES TELL HOW WOMAN WAS HUSBAND'S DRUDGE

Testify as to Hard Manual Labor Performed by Wife of "Mayor of Fenton" and Indignities She Suffered.

SHE SEEKS DIVORCE
AND HALF HIS FORTUNE

Slaughtering Cattle and Serving as Maid in Restaurant-Saloon-Butcher Shop Some of Duties.

Nine witnesses testified in Judge Wurdemann's court at Clayton yesterday of hard manual labor performed by Mrs. Agnes Well, wife of Michael Well, known as the "Mayor of Fenton," and of indignities suffered by her at the hands of her husband, whom she is suing for divorce. The witnesses were residents of Fenton, where for so many years Well conducted a saloon-hotel-restaurant-butcher shop and held a position of commanding influence among the villagers who gathered at his corner.

Mrs. Well is seeking half of her husband's estate, which she estimates to be worth about \$42,000, and it was the opinion of her attorneys that she had earned it by years of toil which included such labor as slaughtering cattle, driving stock to market, touring in the country to buy stock, cooking, scrubbing, washing dishes and acting as chambermaid, all in connection with the business in which the family wealth was acquired.

Weeps Over Son's Testimony. Well listened to all the testimony with smiles and wise nods, except that of one witness. When his son, Fred, 29 years old and married, took the stand he left the court room and remained outside, weeping. To a Post-Dispatch reporter, who asked him why he left the court room, he said he could not bear to hear his character condemned by his own son. At the conclusion of his son's testimony, which was similar to that of the other witnesses, he returned to the room.

The Wells were married in 1885 and separated in February, 1918. Mrs. Well is 56 years old and her husband is 62. They have two sons, both married. The saloon-hotel-restaurant-butcher shop was burned down in 1913 and after that Well freed from business. After their separation Mrs. Well opened a small confectionery store in Fenton and recently her husband opened a similar store in opposition across the street.

Witnesses testified that during his married life Well made five trips to Germany, his native land, staying two or three months each time, and that during his absences his wife conducted the business, often undergoing severe hardships.

Quarrel Sent Visitor Home. Mrs. Harry Schneider of 1818 Geyer avenue, testified that on one occasion she went to spend a week with Mrs. Well and that shortly after her arrival Well began to quarrel with Mrs. Well because the latter had spent \$2.50 for a bed spread. She said the quarrel continued for 12 hours, and that she gave up the idea of a week's visit and returned to her home.

How Mrs. Well drove a wagon to his home in severe cold weather a few years ago to buy a calf was related by Henry Schlecht. The witness said he was alarmed for the safety of the woman, fearing she would freeze to death before she reached home, but that she told him she would keep from freezing by staying close to the calf.

Joseph Maraz, formerly president of the Fenton Farmers' Club, testified that on the occasion of picnics and entertainments of the club Mrs. Well worked as maid at the celebrations to earn pin money.

Daughter-in-Law Testifies. Mrs. Fred Well, daughter-in-law of the defendant, testified that Well often called her wife names and would not give her money for her personal needs, although he spent it freely on himself. She related that whenever Mrs. Well bought a new pair of shoes she would scuff them and get mud or dust on them before she got home, so that her husband would not notice that they were new and upbraid her for extravagance. She testified that she had seen Well intoxicated "times without number."

In 1911, she said, Well became angry because his wife had prepared rabbit stew for dinner and threw the stew on the dining-room wall.

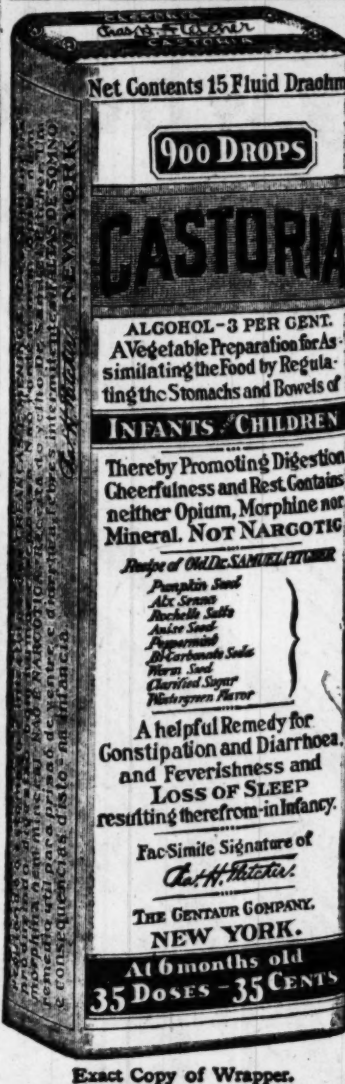
James Slevin testified that he had often seen Mrs. Well walking and driving stock to market while her husband rode along behind in a buggy.

John F. Rudder testified that last February he carried a message from Well to his wife requesting her to return to him and stating that if she did not do so she "would lose out on \$20,000." Mrs. Well's reply, he said, was that she had no faith in her husband's promises and was "tired of boarding him."

Mrs. Well testified this morning that when she separated from her husband all that he gave her from their joint accumulation of 33 years was an old range and a cow. She said that when they were married neither had any money and that Well borrowed \$13 from her people to start a butcher shop at Fenton. She related that in 1891 her hus-

band came home intoxicated at 2 a. m. and kicked over the stove, threw the lamp on the floor and threatened to kill her and the two children who were then eight months and three years old, respectively. In 1917 he knocked her down with a chair, she said. On another occasion, she said, she spent the night in the barn because she was afraid to go to the house where her husband was.

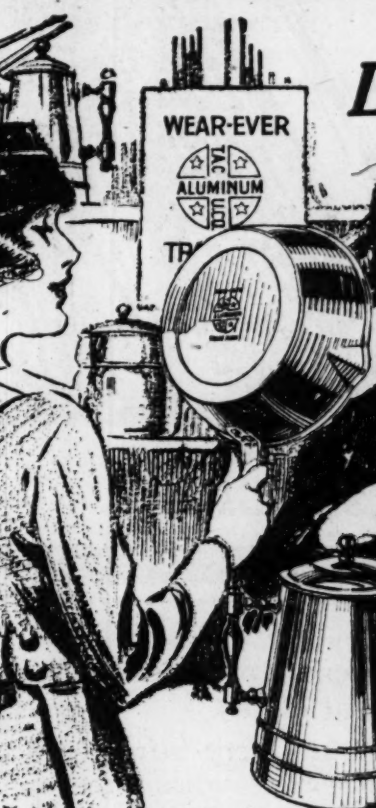
During the first five months of 1919, the Post-Dispatch printed 7156 Horses and Vehicles "Wants"—2557 more than the FOUR other St. Louis newspapers combined.



CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria
Always
Bears the
Signature
of

John H. Hathorn
In Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



Look for the "Wear-Ever" Trade-mark on the Bottom of Each Utensil

ALUMINUM utensils are not all the same. There is a difference. The "Wear-Ever" trade-mark is your assurance of superior quality—your guide to utensils of remarkable durability because made in one piece from thick, hard sheet aluminum which has undergone the enormous pressure of rolling mills and stamping machines.

"Wear-Ever" Aluminum Cooking Utensils

are the cheapest in the end because they save you the bother and expense of buying new utensils to replace utensils that have worn out.

"Wear-Ever" is the up-to-date equipment for the modern home. It is like silver in its shining beauty.

"Wear-Ever" utensils take the heat so quickly and retain it so long that they require less heat than ordinary utensils. Turn flame to usual height until food starts to boil. Then reduce the flame one-third to one-half. Save fuel!

"Wear-Ever" utensils have no coating to chip or peel—no joints or seams in which food can lodge—are pure and safe. It now is possible for you to get those shapes and styles of "Wear-Ever" utensils which have been unobtainable during the war because so many thousands of tons of aluminum have been used in making cooking utensils for soldiers and sailors.

The utensils which gave enduring service there will give lasting service here.

Sold by department, house-furnishing and hardware stores.

Replace utensils that wear out with utensils that "Wear-Ever"
Look for the "Wear-Ever" trademark on the bottom of each utensil
THE ALUMINUM COOKING UTENSIL CO.,
New Kensington, Pa.

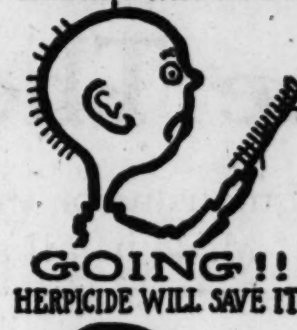
CLAYTON WILL RAISE \$25,000 FOR MONUMENT TO SOLDIERS

A campaign for \$25,000 to erect a monument commemorating the devotion to duty of 4400 St. Louis County men who entered the service and the gallantry of 105 who died under fire was decided on yesterday at the first meeting of the Military Memorial Association at Clayton. The work will begin Sunday, June 29, and last through the evening of July 4.

The opening Sunday all preachers will be asked to outline the project to their congregations and it is

planned to canvass the school children for contributions. The monument will be erected in Clayton and the unveiling will take place in the

autumn. C. C. Wolff, city attorney, is chairman of the society and R. Q. Russell, superintendent of schools, is secretary.



Send 10 cents in stamps or coin for generous sample of Herpicide and interesting booklet. Address Dept. 171-B, The Herpicide Co., Detroit, U. S. A.

CAPUDINE PESKY
BED BUGS
The new chemical, P. D. Q.—Pest Devil's Quiet—actually puts the annoying to pesky bedbugs, roaches, ants and fleas; impossible for them to exist where P. D. Q. is used. P. D. Q. kills and leaves a coating on their eggs and prevents hatching. A two-ounce package makes a quart of the strongest bug killer on earth. A box of P. D. Q. goes farther than a barrel of old-fashioned bug killers. Look for the devil's head on every box; also patent issued in every box of P. D. Q. The P. D. Q. kills fleas on dogs, cats, by Wolff-Wilson, Judge & Dolph, and other leading drug stores.—ADV

United States
Emergency
Shipments
In Ship

Sealed proposals will be received Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, 1000 A. M., July 1st, 1919, at shipyards; the amount of lumber consists of approximately 80% of

Schedule	No.	Shipyard
No. 1	1	PORTLAND ST.
	2	CUMBERLAND
	3	FREEMONT ST.
	4	GEO. A. GILCHRIST
	5	RUSSELL ST. CO.
	6	SANDY POINT ST.
	7	L. H. SHATTUCK

No. 2	8	WILSON POINT
	9	GROTON IRON
	10	KINGSTON ST. CO.
	11	SHIP CONST. & GILDERSELEEVE
	12	FOUNDATION CO.
	13	TRAYLOR ST. CO.
	14	HOUSTON ST. CO.
	15	JOHNSON SHIPY

No. 3	17	BALTIMORE ST.
	18	MARYLAND ST.
	19	YORK RIVER ST.
	20	NORTH CAROLINA
	21	HENRY SMITH
	22	MISSOURI VALLEY
	23	NEWCOMB LIFE

No. 4	24	BRUNSWICK ST.
	25	JACKSONVILLE
	26	J. M. MURDOCK
	27	MORRIS & THOMAS
	28	U. S. MARITIME
	29	AMERICAN SV.
	30	ST. JOHN RIVER

No. 5	31	GULFPORT ST.
	32	MOSS POINT ST.
	33	DIERKS BLODGETT
	34	JAHNKE ST. CO.
	35	MURMAN ST. CO.
	36	GULF COAST ST.
	37	ALABAMA BD.
	38	HODGE SHIP CO.
	39	DANTZLER SHIP
	40	AMERICAN LU.

No. 6	41	BEAUMONT CO.
	42	BEAUMONT ST.
	43	HELDENFELS
	44	LONE STAR ST.
	45	J. N. MCCAMMON
	46	MIDLAND BR.
	47	SOUTHERN BR.
	48	UNION BRIDGE
	49	UNIVERSAL SH.

LUMBER LIST

No. to	50	BETHLEHEM
	51	NEW YORK ST.
	52	LUMBER STOR.
	53	MUNDAY DOG

Bidders are invited to be bids are opened.

Three classes of proposals follows:

Class A—For the entire amount in all the above shipyards Gulf Coast.

Class B—For the entire amount in any one or more of the shipyards.

Class C—The entire amount any one shipyard.

All proposals to be based the ship lumber in all or any cases, except:

A—P. O. R. care at each shipyard.

B—Free along side within at each shipyard.

C—Bid on lumber wherever shipyard, whether piled on joining, or refitted in the way.

Each bid must be accompanied by check, bank draft, Post Office order, payable to the U. S. Navy Fleet Corporation, in ten per cent of the total bid retained by said corporation in the event of failure to fulfill his bid, should the successful bidder will be required to furnish faithful performance and upon receipt of such bid in this article will be returned.

U. S. Shipping
(Supply and Sales Department)

man. C. C. Wolff, city attorney, chairman of the society and R. G. Bell, superintendent of schools, secretary.

The war has given a new meaning to the word SAVE.

Everything worth while should be SAVED.

HAIR is decidedly worth SAVING. It is a protection and an adornment, worth dollars to men, and to women it is PRICELESS.

Newbro's Herpicide has proven its worth—use it at once—refuse substitutes.

Sold everywhere—applications at the Better Barber Shops.

in for generous sample of. Address Dept. 171-B, S. A.

ESKY ED BUGS

The new chemical, P. D. Q.—Pesty Quicker—actually puts the ever-lasting to rest. Kills roaches, ants, flies, impossible for them to exist where P. D. Q. is used. P. D. Q. kills and leaves a coating on the eggs and prevents hatching. Two-ounce package makes a quart of the strongest bug killer on earth. A box of P. D. Q. goes farther than a quart of old-fashioned bug killers. Look for the devil's head on every box. No patent agent in every box of P. D. Q. The P. D. Q. Mills Press on drugs. Sold by Wolff-Williams, Judge & Dolph and other leading drug stores.—ADV.

Year-Ever" made-mark on the bottom of Each Utensil

difference. of superior cause made undergone machines.

d expense of

now is possible and styles of have been unob- so many thou- have been used in diers and sailors. enduring service here.

-furnishing and

ar-Ever"

ach utensil

Kensington, Pa.

United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation

Announces the Sale by Bids of
SHIP LUMBER
In Shipyards on Atlantic and Gulf Coasts

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Supply and Sales Division, United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, 140 North Broad street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, until eleven o'clock A. M., July 1st, 1919 and then publicly opened for ship lumber on hand as listed at the following shipyards; the amount of lumber shown at each yard is approximate and will vary more or less and consists of approximately 80% Long Leaf Yellow Pine, balance Douglas Fir, Cypress and Oak:

Schedule Dist. No.	Shipyards	Location	Footage More or less
No. 1	1 PORTLAND STORAGE YARD	Portland, Me.	2,108,096 feet
	2 CUMBERLAND SB. COMPANY	Portland, Me.	2,994,446 "
	3 FREEPORT SB. COMPANY	Freeport, Me.	991,527 "
	4 GEO. A. GILCHRIST	Thomaston, Me.	199,407 "
	5 RUSSELL SB. COMPANY	Portland, Me.	447,746 "
	6 SANDY POINT SB. CO.	Sandy Point, Me.	1,180,058 "
	7 L. H. SHATTUCK, INC.	Manchester, N. H.	3,767,296 "
			11,688,536 feet
No. 2	8 WILSON POINT STORAGE YARD	So. Norwalk, Ct.	23,715,724 feet
	9 GROTON IRON WORKS	Noank, Ct.	2,426,722 "
	10 KINGSTON SB. COMPANY	Kingston, N. Y.	1,838,044 "
	11 SHIP CONST. & TRADING CO.	Stonington, Ct.	667,157 "
	12 GILDERLEEVE SHIP CONSTS. CO.	Gilderleeve, Ct.	765,578 "
	13 FOUNDATION COMPANY	Newark, N. J.	1,773,066 "
	14 TRAYLOR SB. COMPANY	Newark, N. J.	2,640,402 "
	15 HOUSTONIC S. B. COMPANY	Cornwells, Pa.	2,063,877 "
	16 JOHNSON SHIPYARDS CORP.	Stratford, Ct.	1,788,677 "
			37,679,247 feet
No. 3	17 BALTIMORE STORAGE YARD	Baltimore, Md.	4,637,109 feet
	18 MARYLAND SB. CO.	Baltimore, Md.	3,963,511 "
	19 YORK RIVER SB. CO.	West Pt., Md.	5,332,133 "
	20 NORTH CAROLINA SB. CO.	Moorehead City, N. C.	1,884,656 "
	21 HENRY SMITH & SONS CO.	Baltimore, Md.	2,635,794 "
	22 MISSOURI VALLEY B. & I. CO.	Quantico, Va.	5,320,205 "
	23 NEWCOMB LIFEBOAT COMPANY	Hampton, Va.	(Solid)
			23,793,408 feet
No. 4	24 BRUNSWICK STORAGE YARD	Brunswick, Ga.	2,036,186 feet
	25 JACKSONVILLE STORAGE YARD	Jacksonville, Fla.	3,599,364 "
	26 J. M. MURDOCK	Jacksonville, Fla.	1,869,438 "
	27 MOREY & THOMAS	Jacksonville, Fla.	235,156 "
	28 U. S. MARITIME CORP.	Brunswick, Ga.	1,120,713 "
	29 AMERICAN SB. CO.	Brunswick, Ga.	476,293 "
	30 ST. JOHN RIVER SB. CO.	Jacksonville, Fla.	6,472,382 "
			15,806,534 feet
No. 5	31 GULFPORT STORAGE YARD	Gulfport, Miss.	115,834 feet
	32 MOSS POINT STORAGE YARD	Moss Point, Miss.	585,238 "
	33 DIERKS BLODGETT SB. CO.	Pascagoula, Miss.	1,755,725 "
	34 JAHNKE SB. CO.	Mobile, Ala.	4,604,244 "
	35 MURNAN SB. CORP.	(Solid)	
	36 GULF COAST TRANS. CO.	New Orleans, Ala.	318,001 "
	37 ALABAMA BD. & SB. CO.	Mobile, Ala.	210,198 "
	38 HODGE SHIP CO. INC.	Moss Point, Miss.	3,288,408 "
	39 DANTZLER SB. & DD. CO.	Moss Point, Miss.	3,348,622 "
	40 AMERICAN LUMBER CO.	Millville, Fla.	117,809 "
			14,343,079 feet
No. 6	41 BEAUMONT CONCETRAT'N YD.	Beaumont, Tex.	984,835 feet
	42 BEAUMONT SB. & DD. CO.	Beaumont, Tex.	1,103,058 "
	43 HELDENFELS BROS.	Rockport, Tex.	727,039 "
	44 LONE STAR SB. CO.	Beaumont, Tex.	3,331,400 "
	45 J. N. McCAMMON	Beaumont, Tex.	490,228 "
	46 MIDLAND BRIDGE CO.	Houston, Tex.	90,157 "
	47 SOUTHERN DD. & CONST. CO.	Orange, Tex.	635,531 "
	48 UNION BRIDGE & CON. CO.	Morgan City, La.	172,980 "
	49 UNIVERSAL SB. & CONST. CO.	Harris Co., Tex.	3,126,672 "
			10,661,896 feet

Total Ship Lumber 113,974,700 feet

LUMBER LISTED BELOW IS YELLOW PINE, FIR, SPRUCE, OAK, ETC.
(MOSTLY SMALL DIMENSIONS)

No. 10	50 BETHLEHEM SB. COMPANY	Wilmington, Del.	1,259,547 feet
	51 NEW YORK SB. COMPANY	Camden, N. J.	182,750 feet
	52 LUMBER STORAGE YARD NO. 1	Philadelphia, Pa.	11,415,000 feet
	53 MUNDAY DOCK	Cornwells, Pa.	562,010 feet
			13,419,307 feet

GRAND TOTAL—127,394,307

CONDITIONS OF SALE

II Bidders are invited to be present at the time bids are opened.

III Three classes of proposals will be received as follows:

Class A—For the entire amount of ship lumber in all the above shipyards on the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts.

Class B—For the entire amount of ship lumber in any one or more of the described districts.

Class C—The entire amount of ship lumber in any one shipyard.

IV All proposals to be based on taking delivery of the ship lumber in all or any one of the following cases, our option:

A—P. O. R. cars at each shipyard.

B—Free along side within reach of ship's tackle at each shipyard.

C—Bid on lumber wherever situated within each shipyard whether piled on docks or on land adjoining, or rafted in the water.

V Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check, bank draft, Post Office or Express money order payable to the U. S. Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, in an amount equal to ten per cent of the total bid, which sum will be retained by said corporation as liquidated damages in the event of failure of the bidder to make good his bid, should the same be accepted. Successful bidders will be required to furnish suitable bond for faithful performance of this contract and upon receipt of such bond, deposit mentioned in this article will be returned.

VI The U. S. Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation (Supply & Sales Division) reserves the right to accept or reject any or all bids. Deposits made by unsuccessful bidders will be returned upon rejection of the bid.

VII All material is to be sold on measurement and grades in accordance with established rules and inspection in current use by associations and bureaus of the various species of lumber.

VIII Terms of payment are net cash within thirty days from date of certificate issued by the Lumber Inspection Bureaus or Associations.

IX Lumber must be removed within a reasonable time; each bidder must specify the earliest date at which he will remove the lumber covered by his bid.

X For itemized list of lumber apply to U. S. Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, 140 North Broad street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (Supply and Sales Division).

XI Bids must be placed in sealed envelope, addressed to Supply and Sales Division, United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, 140 North Broad street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and marked "This is a sealed bid to be opened at 11 o'clock A. M., July 1st, 1919."

U. S. Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation
(Supply and Sales Division) 140 North Broad Street, Philadelphia

CHAUFFEUR IS ROBBED OF \$18 AND HIS TAXICAB

Three Men Drive Away in Automobile After Returning His Empty Purse.

Three men who hired Charles Corey, 3188 Wyoming street, to drive them around in a taxicab last night held up Corey at midnight near 6500 Page avenue and robbed him of \$18.90 and the taxicab. When last seen the men were headed west towards the county in the machine. Corey walked back into the city to report the holdup to the police.

He said the men had called the cab at 11 p. m. to a saloon at 3947 Olive street and had ordered him to take them to a house in the 4900 block on Flora boulevard, where one of the men alighted, went in the house and returned in a few minutes carrying a bundle. They then ordered him to drive to 6300 Page avenue and thence to 6500 Page avenue, where they ordered him to stop.

As he slowed down in the machine the men drew revolvers, he said, and made him give them his purse, from which they took the money, handing him back the empty purse. They told him to "beat it" and then jumped in the taxi and drove off. The taxicab has State license No. 3312 attached. It is valued at \$2300.

Burglars Made March Noise. Two men in an automobile made so much noise trying to get into the Kroger store at 6905 Manchester avenue at 2 a. m. today that a half dozen neighbors were aroused and stuck their heads out of windows.

The presence of so many onlookers unnerved the burglars and they jumped in their machine and drove off. A plate-glass window in the store had been smashed by the men.

A thief who specializes in bathing suits obtained an assortment at the homes of B. O. Steele, 4133 Shaw avenue, yesterday. The two families had hung their costumes in the rear yard to dry Sunday night.

The wash line was empty yesterday morning. Mrs. Steele told the police she had heard two youths in the neighborhood express a desire to "go swimmin'" Sunday afternoon.

Soldier Loses \$100. Richard Curry, a discharged soldier on his way to his home in Cairo, Ill., told police this morning he had gone to bed at the Madison Hotel, 1821 Market street, last night, leaving \$100 in one of the pockets of his shirt.

When he awoke today the \$100 was gone, he said, but the \$125 was intact.

Burglars in the rooming house conducted by Mrs. Margaret McLaughlin, 523 North Spring avenue, yesterday afternoon ransacked the rooms of several boarders, taking jewelry and clothing valued at \$200 and \$2 in cash belonging to Fred Nichols and Angelo Kolokithas.

At the home of John McLaughlin, 1937A Hodiamont avenue, during the absence of the family yesterday burglars obtained a suit of clothes and a ring.

Burglars who forced a window in the Missouri Pacific Railroad ticket office at Deoff avenue last night stole an account ledger worth \$1 and of no value except to the ticket agent.

At the home of John McLaughlin, 1937A Hodiamont avenue, during the absence of the family yesterday burglars obtained a suit of clothes and a ring.

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patch received here. Two cannon, several Maxim guns and a quantity of ammunition are said to have fallen into the hands of the Czechs.

The War Minister of Czechoslovakia has decided to increase the army to 14,000 officers and 230,000 men.

"QUICK-MEAL" WATER HEATER
Simple, Effective and always ready.
Cheap, Durable and COST VERY LITTLE to Operate.
A COMPLETE LINE SHOWN IN OUR DISPLAY ROOM ON THE 3rd FLOOR, LACLEDE GAS CO. BLDG.
RINGEN STOVE CO.
DIV. OF AMERICAN STOVE CO.

We Are Sales Agents for
Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pens
Ask to See the Safety, Self-Filling and Regular Types
A. S. ALOE CO., 513 OLIVE ST.
Uptown Store, 539 N. Grand Av.

Why Gasoline Prices Are Low

THE fact that gasoline prices are low constitutes the achievement of an ideal on the part of the Standard Oil Company. There are several contributing factors.

The ingenuity of the automobile engineers in producing cars at moderate prices and the efficiency of the Standard Oil Company in producing gasoline in sufficient quantities to supply the demand have placed both in the light of staples.

The demand for gasoline is steady—the supply is steady—thus enabling the Company to utilize its equipment to a maximum capacity which in turn keeps down the costs and therefore selling prices.

The Standard Oil Company through long years of experience is able to rescue and utilize, all of those fractions which go to make gasoline, and to utilize all by-products for commodities of universal use.

This plays an important part in keeping down manufacturing costs on the basic product—gasoline.

The Standard Oil Company (Indiana) furthermore steadfastly adheres to a fixed policy of supplying first, the patrons of the eleven states it serves.

Thus at all times is there an ample supply for every five gallon buyer and every five thousand gallon buyer with no embarrassing demands from outside to drain the supply and force an increase in price.

It is by this husbandry that the Company is able to keep down the price of gasoline that you may run your car for the enjoyment of your family or the furtherance of your business without great expense for fuel.

You may not know that gasoline sells in this market for about one-half or one-third the price charged in Europe even under normal pre-war conditions.

Standard Oil Company
(Indiana)
910 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

TUESDAY.
JUNE 17, 1919.

MUSICAL -
PIANOS AND ORGANS
Used Schubert upright
LEHMAN PIANO
Sale, Pullman, No. 1
Bargain, J. E. Brade
Organ, player, \$275.
Bargain; easy terms.
CO., 1101 Olive st.
TON used 88-note pla
bench and 15 ro
MAN PIANO CO., 11

BOND buys dandy P
buy in city.
O & TALKING MA
1007-1000 MARKET
t. \$100; Ebony case;
double; \$1.50 week
O & TALKING MA
1007-1000 MARKET
S-Big stock latest
used rolls. 10c up.
O & TALKING MA
1007-1009 MARKET
no. only \$85; good for
li terms if desired; a
IAN CO. 1004 Olive

BOND buys dandy P
buy in city.
O & TALKING MA
1007-1000 MARKET
t. \$100; Ebony case;
double; \$1.50 week
O & TALKING MA
1007-1000 MARKET
S-Big stock latest
used rolls. 10c up.
O & TALKING MA
1007-1009 MARKET
no. only \$85; good for
li terms if desired; a
IAN CO. 1004 Olive

new; perfect condition; storage at Bochi's, immediately.
 NO with music rolls a any case, \$220; pla than this. easy terms. LEHMAN CO., 1004 Q LIVE
 ED Jesse French plav and tone. easy terms week. LEHMAN PI.
 ce autormano-player. if you appreciate at once; terms to O & TALKING MA 1007-1009 MARKET
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ists in every detail.
music library and bench
\$460; small terms at
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in good condition;
is and bench: \$50 c
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any bargains in used
at our store now, at
ave them from \$35
as \$1 a week.
POLP WURLITZER
1109 OHL
ents; large assortme
s, from \$45 to \$125;
ulated, reduced low.

any bargains in used
at our store now at
ave them from \$35 up
as \$1 a week.
POLPH WURLITZER
1709 OH
sale: \$300 buys fine
s. Al condition: \$65 f
bargain: \$100 buys fine
buys fine Kensington
Krakauer; terms 1
as. Piano Co., 3121-23
any bargains in used

at our store now at
have them from \$35 up
as \$1 a week
POLP WURLITZER
1109 OH
Electric and player-p
theater orchestras;
bargains; pianos
rebuilt by factory e
PIANO CO. 322 O
ALL 105; ebony upr
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ents. **CONROY'S** (T
Pianos All Its Pianos).
mahogany upright, \$

the piano; cash or term
ONROY'S (The House Th
Plano), cor. 11th &
IRON, \$225; walnut
design and modern
ightly used, and in t
every way; cash or
ONROY'S (The Hou
11th & Plano), cor.

PIANOS, \$100, \$120,
\$150, guaranteed; new
\$250 to \$700 new; mon-
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credit.
ESELHORST'S
1879. 1007 O
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AND UPRI

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PRE-WAR PRICES
and upright pianos
have been used in
be offered at before-
times; this is an oppo-
of the highest possi-
sitive saving. Catalog
EIN PIANO CO. 111
AT THE
SE OF BALDV

Player-Pianos of
value, in both new
Upright, mahogany
pright, mahogany..
mahogany
' Grand.....
Player-Pianos, \$495..
ing Machines, \$85 and
gent Terms of Paym
LDWIN PIANO CO
1111 OLIVE ST.
ALKING MACHINE

PH—For sale. \$225
new; with records

PH—For sale, Victrola like new; \$68. 384

PH—Beautiful tonette, piano, player-piano, of Cabanne.

PH—For sale, Edison 50 records; beautiful \$50, terms if desired. ER MUSIC CO., 910 C

Women's Sleeveless Vests, 50c

Swiss ribbed styles with taped necks and fancy trimmed armholes. Regular and extra sizes.

Main Floor

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

We Give Eagle Stamps and Redeem Full Books for \$2 in Cash or \$2.50 in Merchandise—Few Restricted Articles Excepted.

Largest Distributors of Merchandise at Retail in Missouri or the West.

Men's Silk Socks

These Socks come in black, white and colors—are made of pure thread silk and have lie thread tops, high spliced heels and double soles and toes. Wednesday, pair 50c.

Main Floor

An Extraordinary Sale of Waterproof Traveling Outfits

The unexpected termination of the war made this sale possible. When the armistice was signed a large jobbing concern had hundreds of these outfits and other miscellaneous useful articles that were needed by military men. We purchased these at a discount, that makes it possible for us to quote prices that are almost incredibly low. This sale is of special interest to traveling men, boy scouts, automobilists and campers.



Included are the renowned "Fittall" and "Adjusto" Traveling Kits at prices that are in many instances lower than what the fittings alone would ordinarily cost.

Adjusto Fitted Kits, \$3.75

Very practical for the man who travels extensively. Made of strong khaki cloth and bound with leather. Fitted with 15 articles, including toilet, shaving and smoking accessories. Originally made to retail for \$12.50.

Fittall Fitted Kits, \$1.50

Splendidly made, neat, compact cases, made of an excellent grade of khaki cloth, fitted with 10 indispensable toilet articles. Fittall Kits are noted for their handiness. Originally made to retail for \$5.00.

Fitted Kits, \$1.50

The "Nathan Junior" fitted comfort kit, particularly suitable for Boy Scouts. It is a small folding toilet kit and is fitted with the necessary articles. Originally made to retail for \$3.50.

Adjusto Kits, 75c

These kits are made with adjustable fastenings for the various toilet articles and are ideal for those who already have toilet accessories. Kits are made of khaki cloth and bound with leather. Originally made to retail at \$3.50.

Air Pillows, \$1.50

Victory Air Pillows, made of waterproof khaki; have a number of exclusive features, such as checkboard stenciled on one side, etc. Practical for campers and motorists. Originally made to retail for \$7.50.

Men's Military Brush Sets—Travelers' air pillows and medicine cases—made to retail at \$1.25 to \$1.75—choice 50c

Unfitted "Fittall" and Adjusto Kits—made to retail at \$2—choice 50c

Miscellaneous Pieces

Various practical pieces, made to retail for considerably more. Double Picture Photo Frames—waterproof material—50c to 45c
50c to \$1 Unbreakable Mirrors—of polished steel in waterproof cases 50c to \$1
Money Belts—of waterproof khaki—75c and \$1
Travelers' Knee Denks, Sewing Sets, etc.
Men's 65c to \$1 three-fold Pocketbooks 15c

Main Floor

Men's Shirt Sale

4500 Shirts, Worth From \$1.75 to \$2—Choice

\$1.29



One of the most important and helpful Midsummer Shirt sales will begin tomorrow—and, of course, at Famous-Barr Company. One of those sales that will create much enthusiastic response, because of the variety, quality and value of the Shirts offered.

Included are soft and stiff cuff Shirts, splendidly made of fancy jacquard woven cloths, fancy mixed pongs, Russian corded percales and madras and various other Summer shirtings.

IMPORTANT—Please note that while there is a good assortment of sizes in the soft cuff Shirts, those with the stiff cuffs are mainly in 14, 14½ and 15 sizes, making it urgent for you to attend early if you would share in this sale's fullest benefits. At this price, shrewd men will buy six and a dozen Shirts at a time.

Main Floor

**Sample Summer Smocks**

Hand Embroidered, Smocked and Stitched in Colors. All New Arrivals, Specially Priced at

Several hundred Smocks for girls, misses and women, in the loose, swagger coat and slipover effects that are so cool and attractive for Summer wear.

Smocks are cleverly fashioned of voile, linen and crash, with round or square necks, some collarless, others with sailor or round collars of contrasting materials. Shades include rose, green, blue, also plain white combined with colors.

Third Floor

\$2.45

SMART TUB SKIRTS

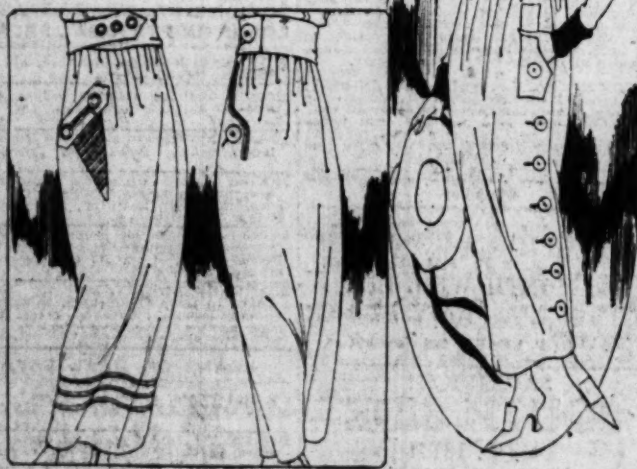
Some of the Season's Most Popular Styles at

\$5 and \$7.50

These Skirts are fashioned of Pique, Gabardine, Tricotine and Beach Satin, every yard of which has been pre-shrunk.

The styles are unusually novel and attractive, many in the new tucked effects, others with embroidered trimmings, cleverly shaped pockets and belts with odd fastenings. The majority of the Skirts are adorned with pearl buttons in one way or another. There are sizes for women and misses, ranging from 25 to 38 waist measure.

Third Floor

**Fern Dishes**

Special, Wednesday... 67c

These are very attractive for the sun parlor, sleeping porch and dining room with their pretty artificial Ferns, pink Ward Roses and Moss, as illustrated.

Main Floor

Bath Towels

\$1.19 Grade—89c Wednesday... 89c

Extra size Bath Towels, made of very heavy double twisted cotton with colored striped borders.

Bath Towels—white or colored borders—of absorbent double thread cotton—special... 45c

Fifth Floor

Infants' Smocked Slips

Special 79c at... 79c



Cool little garments, made of soft nainsook, with tucks and dainty smocking across the front. Finished with lace at neck and sleeves.

\$2 Bloomer Rompers, \$1.59

Made of striped, checked or solid colored ginghams, some with combination waists in white or contrasting shades. Empire style. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

Third Floor

White and Gold Dinner Sets

\$45.00 Quality... \$32

100-piece Dinner Sets, modeled on an attractive plain shape and decorated with double coin gold band and coin gold handles. Bread and butter plates and fast-food sauceboat included. One of these sets will make a very acceptable wedding gift.

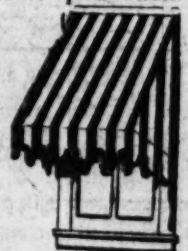
Fifth Floor

Ready-to-Hang Awnings

These Awnings are made extra full—larger than the ordinary kinds you usually buy—of good quality blue or white or brown or white striped duck. We made them during the winter months in our own workrooms and the prices are considerably below regular. Priced as follows:

2-ft. 6-in. size... \$2.85
3-ft. size... \$3.15
3-ft. 6-in. size... \$3.45
4-ft. size... \$3.75

Fourth Floor

**The Basement Economy Store****Sale of Wash Skirts**

Choice of 600 Snowy White Models at the extremely low price—

These Skirts have just arrived from an Eastern maker who specializes in better kinds of wash skirts—in fact, we had him copy some of his very best styles for us. They are trimmed with smart pockets, wide belts, buttons, and some are in the very new tucked style.

Skirts are exceedingly well made of plain and fancy gabardine, and come in misses' sizes, women's sizes and extra sizes. Women who know good values will buy two or three of these skirts at this out-of-the-ordinary price.

Basement Economy Store

\$3.85

Men's Summer Suits

secured in a special purchase and offered at... \$8.95

Palm Beach Suits, Panama Suits and Cool Cloth Suits.

This very special value is possible because of a purchase of 1000 expertly-made Summer Suits, profitably secured from two widely known Chicago manufacturers.

There are styles for men and young men, fashioned of excellent quality Summer fabrics, in scores of the wanted patterns. Sizes range from 33 to 46 in. chest measure.

Basement Economy Store



Mr. Wilson reveals many American dead



COM
DOY
TO



Returned soldier from Winnipeg, Canada.

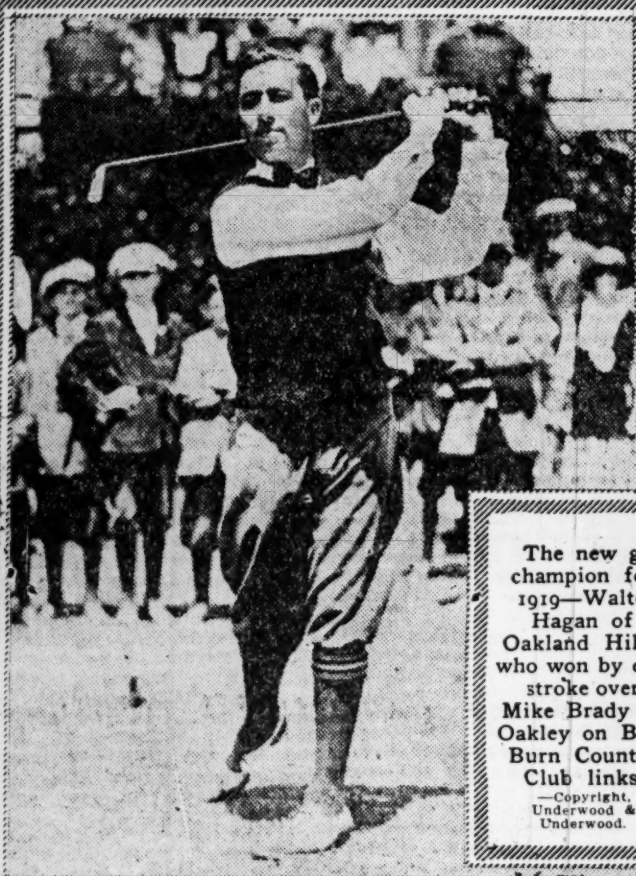




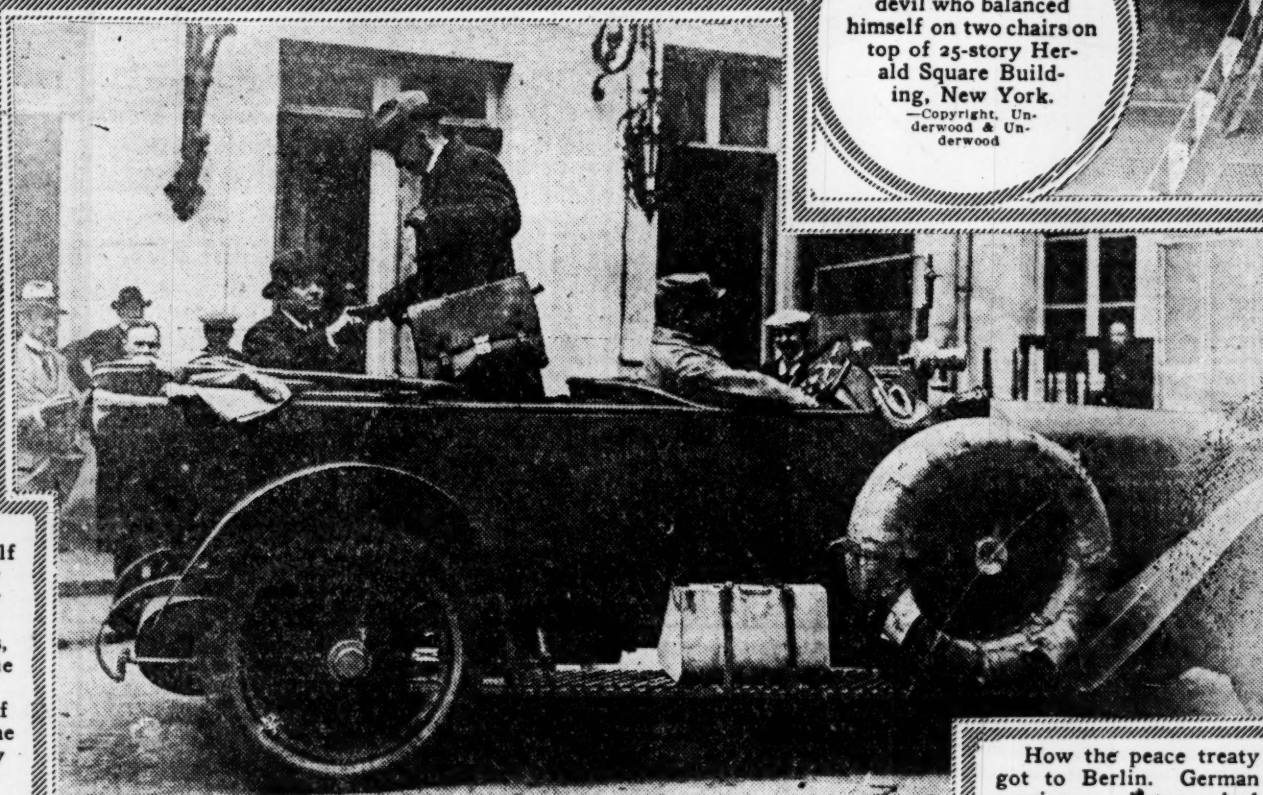
Mr. Wilson reverently listens to army chaplain's Memorial Day prayer at Suresnes Cemetery, near Paris, where many American dead are buried.
—Copyright, International Film Service



A new thrill provided by daredevil who balanced himself on two chairs on top of 25-story Herald Square Building, New York.
—Copyright, Underwood & Underwood



The new golf champion for 1919—Walter Hagan of Oakland Hills, who won by one stroke over Mike Brady of Oakley on Brae Burn Country Club links.
—Copyright, Underwood & Underwood



How the peace treaty got to Berlin. German courier photographed just before start from Versailles.
—Copyright, Underwood & Underwood



Bolshevik rioter overpowered by police during disturbances at Madrid, in which many persons were injured.
—Copyright, Underwood & Underwood



Returned soldiers with banner expressing anti-strike principles, during labor upheaval in Winnipeg, Canada.
—Copyright, Press Illustrating Service



Gen. Candido Aguilar, special Ambassador from Mexico, who has arrived in Washington. He is Governor of State of Vera Cruz and son-in-law of President Carranza.
—Copyright, Central News Photo Service



"Poor Little Rich Girl" who petitions court to increase annual allowance from \$15,000 to \$20,850, on ground that former sum is inadequate. She is Miss Loreana Carroll of New York, 19-year-old daughter of late J. D. Carroll, wealthy horseman.
—Copyright, International Film Service



First mail from St. Louis to Chicago by airplane. Miss Gertrude Paulus handing sack to Lieut. Henry T. Stanley at foot of Market street.



"To the Hangman with the Peace of Hell!" read banner borne in great demonstration against peace treaty in Berlin.
—Copyright, Underwood & Underwood

White Socks

White and colors—are made of thread tops, high apliced heels Wednesday, pair 50c.

Main Floor

ale

0 Shirts,
from \$1.75 to \$2
Choice

29

Midsummer Shirt sales
Famous-Barr Company.
enthusiastic response, be-
the Shirts offered.

plendidly made of
pongees, Russian
other Summer

a good assortment of
cuffs are mainly in 14,
tend early if you would
shrewd men will buy

Main Floor

ny Store



Skirts

Extremely low price—

385

Suits



ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER
1878
Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.
Twelfth and Olive Streets.

POST-DISPATCH CIRCULATION
Average for entire year, 1918:
Sunday.....353,177
Daily and Sunday.....189,796

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Meramec Bank Robbers.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I quote from your editorial concerning the Meramec Bank robbery the following lines: "The stolen money was speedily recovered and two desperate principles were by arrest permanently removed from the class of those who prey on the community."

You are slightly mistaken. Firstly, they were not desperate. Desperate men fight to the last. Secondly, they will not be permanently removed, at least not so long as there is a workable Parole Board. They will probably be at liberty in three or four years, as is usual in such cases. A short time ago I read in your esteemed paper where 500 or so murderers were let loose in society. All paroled by the board. Will they commit murder again? Maybe, if the occasion arises.

It is truly marvelous that we don't have more lynchings than we do. The people of Missouri deserve credit for it. If the law don't protect, who will? Shall we have to go back to the day when every man carried his own legislature and his justice strapped to his belt? Sneak thieves such as tried to rob the Meramec Bank and killed a policeman in trying to get away deserve a speedy trial and a speedier execution. Who on earth was it that put the bill through abolishing capital punishment? Lots of good people would be alive today if death were the penalty for murder.

I hope you will find space in your valuable paper for the above, and would like to hear what other people think of the Parole Board and the abolishing of capital punishment. S. F. SILVESTER.

The Irish Delegates.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I read in your paper how the British papers ridiculed the United States Senate about interfering for the Irish delegates to the peace conference, but in my opinion they have just as much right there as any other nation. I am Irish-American. I have two sons just back from France. They fought for England just the same as they did for the United States, and what the English want—the earth? Germany tried to own it, but she fell through. Now England wants the earth, but she might get left out. She wants this treaty all her own way—reduce all nations to about 4,000,000 or 5,000,000, so she could dictate to them and the next thing she would want to do is to try and tell the United States what to do, but England or any other country can't do that. Hoping that the United States Senate won't let such a treaty be signed. J. J. D.

Brave Police Officers.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Permit me to congratulate you upon the well-written editorial in your paper of Friday evening, June 13. I believe it expressed the well-balanced opinion of nearly every patriotic citizen of St. Louis. The officers of the law ought to be protected in the discharge of their duty at all hazards and under all circumstances. The brave officers, O'Brien, Ward and Smith, who faced the conspicuous robbery of the Meramec Bank and the courageous officer, Thomas Ward, who you have seen fit to call him, are deserving the kindly and substantial remembrance of every man worth his salt in the city of St. Louis.

A few days ago I was a member of the jury in the trial of the negro who killed Officer Huddleston, a stout, big fellow on a cot in the Municipal Building and talked myself hoarse for three days in the jury room in my effort to swing from the gallows the brutal criminal who murdered that splendid officer of the law. Such men deserve not only the praise of our citizens, but their families ought to be placed above the possibility of want. I, therefore, inclose herewith my check for \$10 to a fund for the dependents of the courageous Officer Ward, who lost his life so bravely in the battle with the bandits in the Meramec Bank robbery.

PATRICK COOK.
5338 Barmore avenue, Melville Hotel.
(The inclosed check has been sent to the President of the Police Board, to be turned over to the dependents of Officer Ward, as the Post-Dispatch is not collecting money for a fund in this case.—Editor.)

Blue Laws Moving West.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Under the caption, "Sunday Closing Laws," signed by Geo. A. Aitken, I would like to say to an Atheist that I believe the blue laws of the East are moving west because the handwriting on the wall is intended for the people (both in the church and out of it) who believe as an Atheist does. Prohibition of the sale of liquor on Sunday is a curse to the few, a blessing in disguise to the many. Prohibition of the sale of Sunday newspapers and the prohibition of other things on Sunday is necessary to the spiritual uplift of humanity. Prohibition is the order of the day.

My advice to both Aitken, read the Bible and you will know that it is full of prohibition. There was a time when I was an atheist. I believed just as you did, but it was difficult for me to change my opinions. AN ANTI-ATHEIST.

INDUSTRIAL ART IN ST. LOUIS.

The Exposition of Industrial Arts and Crafts which the St. Louis Art League has planned for Oct. 25, in the Southern Hotel building, directs public attention to a subject of vital importance to American business. It ought to be of great value to St. Louis industry and trade.

In extending its activities to the promotion of design and craftsmanship in industry, the Art League has placed St. Louis in the forefront of a nation-wide movement to this end. American leaders in finance, industry, commerce and art have awakened to the necessity of providing original design and skilled craftsmanship to American industry. The purposes of the movement are several fold.

One is cultural development of art standards and taste in articles of common use.

Another is to meet competition in the home market and the world market.

Design is a fundamental necessity of practically all industrial production. Good design—the combination of beauty with utility—is necessary to successful competition in trade. Other things being equal, the beauty of the model, the attractiveness of the design, is the winning point of salesmanship in all lines of trade, from clocks to chairs and from automobiles to stoves. It is one of the chief points of advertising. Hundreds of articles might be mentioned—architectural necessities, house furniture, furnishings and decorations, clothing, carpets, rugs and other textiles; laces, brass, glass and pottery—in which good design is essential to successful marketing. In a great variety of articles design takes precedence of quality.

American business is preparing to enter competition in the world market on a large scale. We are organizing banks of exchange and credit systems and industrial plants and commercial agencies for the purpose. Of what avail will all these organizations and investments be if we cannot deliver the goods that will sell?

Hitherto American industry has copied designs from Europe for our domestic market or has used imported designers and craftsmen or American designers and craftsmen trained in European schools and by European teachers.

Conditions have changed since the war. Europe has need of all her designers and is preparing to train many more. Great Britain has 40 schools of design and France at least 30 under Government encouragement. Germany before the war was a leader in schools of design and in exhibitions of industrial arts and crafts intended specifically to exchange ideas and stimulate originality of design and best combinations of beauty with utility in manufactures.

In order to compete with Europe we must provide our own designers and craftsmen, and we ought to do it under any circumstances. American industry should stand upon its own feet and fight for business with its own standards of industrial arts and crafts. We must win supremacy in industrial art as we have won it in industrial organization and efficiency.

The St. Louis exposition will give our manufacturers an opportunity to show what they have. If it also shows what they need and arouses them to a full realization of what our industry requires it will be invaluable. Out of it will come an effort to provide a sufficient supply of designers and craftsmen through adequate schools of design.

It is understood that the exposition of next autumn is only preliminary to a greater exposition of national or international scope. Its success is dependent upon not only the interest but the active support and co-operation of business men. Surely they will realize how desirable it is that this first effort in this line of progress in St. Louis shall be an unqualified success.

It wasn't so very long ago that Villa was reported as having lost an arm and a leg and being pretty well filled up with bullets elsewhere. No telling what he might have done to Juarez if he had been seriously wounded that time.

VILLA LEARNS A LESSON.

Probably the greatest surprise of Gen. Francisco Villa's life was that of Sunday, June 16, 1919, at Juarez. We can imagine the confidence with which he and his bandit soldiery advanced on the little Mexican border town. Two or three times before in the wars of Mexico he had captured it. The Carranza garrison's resistance was stubborn, but no more so than the resistance Villa has repeatedly encountered. Doubtless he was just planning one of the famous dashes by which he has taken many a Northern Mexico town, when suddenly 3600 United States troops poured across the river. A part stopped to assist the Carranzistas in holding the bandit back from Juarez, and the rest swung out in a wide circle beyond the farthest firing line to take the Villistas in the rear. Instead of marching into Juarez in triumph, Villa and remnants of his band engaged in a desperate race to beat the Americans to the mountains.

The last time prior to this when Villa was known to be approaching the border with a considerable force was in March, 1916. On the ninth of that month he crossed to Columbus, N. M., killing 11 civilians and nine soldiers, and Gen. Pershing pursued him 300 miles into Mexico. We did not catch him then, nor did we catch him this time. But the band he has spent months in organizing is now thoroughly broken up and demoralized.

When Germany reads the note accompanying the amended treaty she will know why her left ear has been burning.

THE U. R.'S MASTER MIND.

Certain questions propounded by Judge Lamm in the Seaman suit Monday morning were designed to identify the master mind of the U. R. They were not successful. The MacGregor who sits at the head of the U. R. table eludes discovery. Perhaps he never will be caught.

It may not be irrelevant, though, briefly to review the confessions of some of the U. R.'s directors. Their U. R. holdings were nominal—just enough to qualify them, in the stern gaze of the law, to act as directors. But they owned comparatively substantial blocks of North American stock. In passing upon contracts between the two corporations they must have been torn by conflicting emotions. As U. R. directors they were obligated to make the best trade they could for the stockholders of the U. R. But as stockholders of the North American they were beset by the altogether human temptation to bargain well for themselves. It is a predicament, this job of serving two masters. An old and venerated authority says it can't be done.

We shall not apprehend the master mind of the U. R. by mulling over such unpleasant, fanciful facts. But contemplation of those facts at least yields a surmise: The North American may not be the U. R.'s master mind, but at U. R. director meetings it seems to have spoken as with the "master's voice."

According to the news columns, Capt. Alcock and Lieut. Brown were "jarred a little by landing in Ireland." You never can tell about Ireland.



TAKING A SWAT AT THE PEST.

The MIRROR of PUBLIC OPINION

MR. FORD'S PHILOSOPHY.

From the New York Times.

HENRY FORD sees a great future for alcohol as a fuel for machines. His theory on why men drink and what will keep them contented, as reported in a recent interview, deserves to be looked at:

Men have sought relief from worry in drink. It is a false refuge. To counteract such desire, which grows of fretfulness or fear, a man must keep occupied in useful work. Make him comfortable in a physical way and give him a chance to show that he can produce anything, and then he will get in shape spiritually and will be normal, useful and thoroughly moral.

With the first two sentences no one will disagree, but when it comes to the rest of Mr. Ford's easy little explanation of human dissatisfaction, one begins to have doubts. It would perhaps be convenient if the world were so ordered, but Mr. Ford sees it rather too simply. It would have been convenient if the causes of war had been such as Mr. Ford once thought, so that all that was necessary to end war was to tell the soldiers and tell them to get out of the trenches and go home. But Mr. Ford eventually learned that there was something more in war than that, and perhaps he may eventually conclude that there is something more in life than work.

"Make him comfortable in a physical way and he will get in shape spiritually"—a half truth, of course, and one that can profitably be kept in mind as far as it goes. But there are plenty of men who are physically comfortable, who are engaged in useful and productive occupations, and who are yet spiritually dissatisfied. That kind of dissatisfaction is sometimes called ambition; progress and advancement are born of it. They cannot profitably remedy their dissatisfaction by drink, to be sure; but no more can they always remedy it by "keeping occupied in useful work." Such men, of course, are not and never have been "normal"; they have not always been regarded as "thoroughly moral." But they are the men who have made civilization; without them, the human race would still consider that it had done enough when it had picked enough berries and dug enough roots to satisfy hunger, and found a warm cave to sleep in.

They sit heavily, and see dully. They are the picked people, and you can always find each one of them inside his jar.

The pickled people think it was the political brewer who brought the wrath of the country down upon the liquor business. They think it was the tough saloon. It never occurred to them that the grill room had something to do with it. It never occurred to them that thousands of men coming in casually and seeing their red faces and filmy eyes, and the hold they had on it.

Went out feeling that something ought to be done about it. Something has been done about it. It won't at once affect the grill room whipper. Who has a cistern of whatever he drinks under the house—

Well, we can look through the window and see him. Which will beat having to have one stuffed for a museum.

Maybe the seaplane, with some further developments increasing its capacity as a freight and passenger carrier, is what we are coming to on the Mississippi River. It would beat rail, road time all hollow, and would probably cost a mere fraction of what it costs to drag people and freight back and forth over land and water. We are just getting into the air, and are no more advanced than the fledgling which is somewhat startled by having just gotten from one bough to another.

Looks as if it took the British and Americans together to cross the Atlantic in one flight.

JUST A MINUTE

Written for the POST-DISPATCH by Clark McDams

THE GRILL ROOM.

IS there anyone who shall weep for the passing of the grill room? Yes, there is one sitting over in the corner.

He has his booze in front of him as a dog holds with his two paws his bone. He sips it occasionally, as one sips tea.

This is his life. He is a grill room whipper. That is one remove from a tank. There is a refinement in tanking. He intends to drink all the booze there is, but he doesn't intend doing it all at once. That is the difference.

The grill room whipper will do more than weep to see the grill room pass. He will perish with it. He shall continue to be about something, but he shall be dead all the same. The living thing about us is the thing to which we have given our lives.

If we have given our lives to booze, then the passing of booze does for us. That will be the case with the man over in the corner.

Who sits there sipping whatever he sips. He is an indoor booze hound.

You can find his prototype in every grill room in the world.

That is what ruins the average man's relish of a drink. Lift your eyes to down something, and you see these whippers sitting around the place.

They are the picked people, and you can always find each one of them inside his jar.

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Looks as if it took the British and Americans together to cross the Atlantic in one flight.

Interesting, Little Known Facts About the War Given in Crowell's Report

St. Louis Helped Unconsciously by Using Gas of Less Than Normal Heating Power—Army Adopts Long Trousers.

By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Here are some interesting and little known facts about the war, and especially America's part in it, taken from "America's Munitions," an official report by Benedict Crowell, Assistant Secretary of War and Director of Munitions.

As against 32,781 rounds of artillery ammunition fired by the Union Army at Gettysburg, the Americans in the St. Mihiel drive used 1,093,217. The high mark in the use of artillery for offense was reached by the British at the Somme in 1916, when 4,000,000 rounds were expended. This was before the effective use of tanks was developed.

The Hague convention of 1864 against the use of poisonous gases in warfare was signed by Germany in September, 1906. The United States never signed it.

During 1918 from 20 to 30 per cent of all American battle casualties were due to gas. The records show, however, that when armies were supplied with masks and other defensive appliances, only about 2 or 4 per cent of the gas casualties were fatal. "This indicates," says the report, "that gas is a live and perceptibly increasing demand for those which permitted the people in whom we had reposed responsibility to run the war for us. This is not, apparently, so much because the country resents the presumption of journalistic wisecracks like Col. George Harvey as it is because the publications which tried to run the war for us and saw it won upon plans quite different from their own are full of bitterness, whereas those which did not make that mistake are serene and sweet. Serenity and sweetness are badly needed in the world just now, and people are not much interested in bitterness. To read Br'er Villard's Nation is like drinking vinegar. Even the New Republic, which kept its head for so long, has turned sour for not having been permitted to draw up the peace treaty and the covenant of the league of nations. Had we lost the war it would have been different with all these people. They would have been in the position of Maximilian Harden. They would have been right. As it is, they seem to have been wrong. At least, the war was won by those in whom we reposed responsibility, and they appear to be doing almost as well in bringing about a new political order in the world. The casualty list, so far as public affection for publicists making the professional sacrifice for their opinions goes, is not giving anyone very great pain. We do wish, though, that Br'er Martin of Life could be brought in and patched up to be what he once was. How under Heaven he ever got the notion that he was a general we can't imagine. We only know that the delusion spoiled a mighty fine private.

At the time of the armistice all Germany's chemical warfare facilities could not produce more than six tons of mustard gas a day. The United States alone had 10 times "that capacity on the same date, while both France and England had reached a heavy output. So concerned was the German high command that the ablest spy of the empire was sent into France in October, 1918, to find out the French method of making mustard.

Few Americans know that the breeches of the American service uniform were abandoned late in the war for long trousers. The change was due to studies made by army clothing experts. The soldiers didn't like the breeches because of the time required to lace or button them below the knee. Often it was impossible to remove the breeches from soldiers wounded in the leg without cutting the cloth. Long trousers did away with these objections and had the added virtue of greater warmth. The new uniform never appeared in accordance with Gen. Pershing's recommendations, a knee-length garment being provided that was much smarter than the old coat. The new uniform never appeared in the field, but according to the report the redesigning accomplished numerous economies. The mere elimination of buttons, tapes and slits made the new trousers cost 95 cents less than a pair of army breeches. By July 1, 1919, it is estimated that this change in design would have saved the Government nearly \$17,000,000 in orders for trousers already placed or in sight.

A million knitting needles were brought in Sweden to help relieve the shortage here due to the cutting off of the German supply. Japanese needles proved unsatisfactory. The American project was improved and American needles were pushed to the limit, but there was always an acute shortage.

The people in 13 of the largest cities of the country, St. Louis included, played an unconscious part in winning the war by using artificial gas of less than normal heating power, as a result of the removal of oil for explosive purposes. In New York City, artificial gas was reduced in heating value about 6 per cent and the candlepower lowered from 22 to 16 because of this stripping process. The Government contracted with the Government.

The army procured more than 800,000,000 square yards of cotton textiles, enough to carpet an area nearly four times as large as the District of Columbia.

Seven million service hats of felt were manufactured on orders placed by the War Department. The felt was made of rabbit fur imported from Australia, New Zealand and Russia, or produced in the United States.

The army's requirements for pillows created a shortage in feathers. In all there were manufactured for the Government 500,000 pillows weighing two and one-half pounds each. After the American ducking process had been exhausted and thousands of ducks in China had given up their plumage, and still there were not enough feathers, the army resorted to geese feathers and other light plumage were permitted.

In response to a cable plea for new sheet music for the army bands overseas, the Government made the largest purchase of sheet music ever made—200,000 sheets, costing nearly \$50,000.

Studies made at camps showed that less than 19 per cent of the men were correctly fitted with shoes. A scientific system of shoe fitting was adopted and schools to teach it were established at Camp Meigs, D. C., and Jefferson Barracks. Each camp and cantonment sent two officers to the school or other of these schools to take a five-day course of instruction. Thus the science of correct shoe fitting was disseminated through the army.

The army developed an entirely new method of cutting beef, known as the "natural glide" method. By it men who had never cut the meat before were turned out as practical cutters in less than eight weeks of instruction and practice. The new method actually produced 3 per cent more edible meat than the older army method, which was similar to that used by retail butchers.

Mobile laundry units for work overseas were trained at Camp Meigs. Each required a crew of 37 men. Soldiers nicknamed these troops the "Fighting Chinamen."

Many civilians in Europe are now wearing shoes built originally for American troops, worn out by them and reconditioned by the salvage service. A large number of these shoes sold recently for \$4.30 a pair. Since the average cost to repair the shoes was \$1.05, the Government realized a net profit of \$3.25 on each pair.

The Signal Corps bought and trained more than 15,000 pigeons for service in France. In actual service in the field, the pigeons delivered more than 95 per cent of the messages entrusted to them, flying safely through the heaviest shell and gas barrages.

Between April 6, 1917, and Nov. 11, 1918, America produced as many machine guns and automatic rifles as Great Britain did in the same period. The 43 per cent of the machine guns produced by France, while at the end of the effort America was building machine guns and machine rifles three times as rapidly as Great Britain and more than twice as fast as France.

The book recalls the complaint by Germany in the summer of 1918 that our men were using shotguns against German troops in the trenches. The allegation was true, though the statement that the use of such weapons was forbidden by the Geneva Convention was, according to the State Department, not true. Manufactured primarily for the purpose of arming guards placed over German prisoners, shotguns were used by American troops in the trenches. The Ordnance Department procured from the regular commercial manufacturers between 30,000 and 40,000 shotguns. The most common type was the pump action, which contained nine heavy buckshot—"a combination," says the report, "likely to have murderous effect in close fighting."

At the outbreak of the war the army owned 75,000 .45-caliber pistols. At the signing of the armistice there had been produced and accepted since April 6, 1917, a total of 643,755 pistols and revolvers.

The common conception of tracer bullets inserted at intervals in the belts of machine guns for machine guns is that they leave a trace of smoke in their flight. In truth, the American and British tracers are practically smokeless. The American tracer bullet contains a mixture of barium peroxide and magnesium and in flight burns with the intensity of calcium light. It is this bright light, and not smoke, which enables the shooter to observe the trajectory of the bullet and, if need be, correct his aim. The light is plainly visible in the brightest sunlight and is sufficient to trace the flight of the bullet 500 yards or more from the muzzle of the gun.

Under the stimulus of war needs, an American electrical science produced a wireless telephone installation permitting the transmission of human speech to and from moving airplanes. "It is doubtful if any other branch of science enlisted for war work produced any instrument or mechanism so far in advance of what was known before the war as the airplane wireless phone was in the case of April 6, 1917. There were produced for the army airplanes about 300 combined transmitting and receiving sets of the radio telephone, and about 6500 receiving sets alone.

America shipped 40 of the forces in France 1303 locomotives, of which 908 had been put into service by Nov. 11. The first locomotives were sent in 19 packages each, but later, for the first time in history, locomotives were shipped across the Atlantic stacked in ships on their own wheels. The number of freight cars sent overseas was 18,313, nearly all of them being of the 60,000-pound size.

The total amount returned to the Government in money value by the savings of April 6, 1917, of the army for the calendar year 1918, \$101,180,151—or \$20,000,000 more than was appropriated to fight the Spanish-American War up to July 1, 1898.

GERMAN SOCIALISTS REJECT PROPOSAL TO FORM SOVIET
The Congress Also Adopts Resolution Against Pensions for Former Royal Families.
Special to the Post-Dispatch.
WEIMAR, June 17.—The Socialists here today rejected a proposal for a soviet constitution for Germany. The proposal received only one vote. The congress adopted a resolution declining to give pensions to members of former royal families.

SAYINGS OF

By Helen

THE Spring Song of a Wife,
My Beloved, it is Spring—
The hour of thy temptation

proacheth.
I exhort thee, be not deceived
thine own Vanity!

For thou art NOT responsible!
Therefore, hear my supplication
Let Bachelors be snared by loud
as the flamingo; let them revel in
shop windows.

But as for THEE, I pray thee
ripping skirt. For I could not be
I implore thee turn away from
and from the YELLOWEST shoes!
I adjure thee, be not tempted by
stripes and "fancy weaves," but of
paper.

Let not thy fancy stray after
and inverted salad-bowls, which
cleave unto thy worried "straw" and
I charge thee, when thou art
forth upon the Avenue, in the plea
of the beautiful "Sparrow Collar Boy"
feminine eyes and to turn feminine.

For the mark of the Married Man
pirates shall take note of thee.
I beseech thee, in thy dalliance
with me!

For it is Spring, and in my heart
blooming and in my Vanity the awe
And WHY shall a man assume
family that heareth the call of the
For I, too, yearn for admiration
and new tributes to my self esteem
I, too, am glorified with the
tender fancies.

Therefore, I charge thee, lead
thou mayest admire OTHER women
in the moonlight, nor dote beside me
Forget not to send me cut flowers
hand privily beneath the table, and
For a woman's heart requires
vanity is insatiable.

Yet a Husband appeareth to thee
may be "parked" and left until he
And because he hath proved
nothing more need ever be said
Yet, peradventure, HER love
vanity may demand a lifetime
And a little NEW SENTIMENT
ful thing! Selah.

Two Minute

By Herm

Not Proportions but POTENTIAL
TWO laborers were quarreling
an electro-magnet that could lift
of the laborers held in his hand
heavy shovel. As the electro-magnet
laborers raised their tools toward
operator switched on the electric
clutching desperately at their
viable hand—it was not a giant's
Just because a man is big does
of the argument. The prize is not
a dwarf. Also Caesar, Alexander
Single microbes have wrought
The typhoid bacillus has incapacitated
The mouse is far more destructive
ruined far more crops than have
Apparently trifling failings ha
spacious lacks.

Bigness too often precludes gr
measured powers come packed sm
mountain with pitances of dynam
The most colossal bucket is dy
insignificant infections daily
The tree that successfully batt
Not proportions but POTENTIAL

THE

From Queen F



PARIS, June 3.—A lovely t
and silver and beribboned
and natural shanting, up
aining so faithful to this ty

SAYINGS OF MRS. SOLOMON

By Helen Rowland.

THE Spring Song of a Wife, which is Mrs. Solomon's. My Beloved, it is Spring! The hour of thy temptation is at hand, the day of thy peril approacheth.

I exhort thee, be not deceived by false signs, neither entrapped by thine own Vanity! For thou art NOT responsible!

Therefore, hear my supplication and heed my warnings. Let Bachelors be snared by loud haberdashery; let them go forth clad as the flamingo; let them revel in their own reflections in the plate glass shop windows.

But as for THEE, I pray thee do NOT fall before an overcoat with a rippling skirt. For I could not bear it! I implore thee turn away from yellow gloves and from yellow spats and from the YELLOWEST shoes in the shop window.

I adjure thee, be not tempted by loud checks, nor lured by plaids and stripes and "fancy weaves," but cling faithfully unto thy favorite newspaper.

Let not thy fancy stray after "snappy" hats, neither after mushrooms and inverted salad-bowls, which cause thee to resemble a full moon, but cleave unto thy wonted "straw" and thy soft fedora.

I charge thee, when thou art decked in thy spring raiment, sally not forth upon the Avenue, in the pleasant consciousness that thou resemblest the beautiful "Sparrow Collar Boy," and art destined to make a "hit" in feminine eyes and to turn feminine heads.

For the mark of the Married Man is upon thee and none but the Love plagues shall take note of thee.

I beseech thee, in thy dalliance, forget not Me, thy Wife, to FLIRT with me! For it is Spring, and in my heart also the tender young sentiments are blooming and in my Vanity the sweet illusions are blossoming.

And WHY shall a man assume that he is the ONLY member of the family that heareth the call of the spirit in spring?

For I, too, yearn for admiration and require fresh flowers of flattery and new tributes to my self esteem.

I, too, am glorified with the visions of young romance and filled with tender fancies.

Therefore, I charge thee, lead me not forth unto the restaurant that thou mayest admire OTHER women, neither walk two feet ahead of me in the moonlight, nor doze beside me in the motor car.

Forget not to send me cut flowers and May violets, and to hold my hand privily beneath the table, and to LOOK at me occasionally.

For a woman's heart requireth more feeding than a man's and her vanity is insatiable.

Yet a Husband appeareth to think that a Wife, like unto a motor car, may be "parked" and left until he is ready to go home nights.

And because he hath proved that he loveth her, he thinketh that nothing more need ever be said about it.

Yet, peradventure, HER love also may require a spring tonic and her vanity may demand a stimulant.

And a little NEW SENTIMENT from her own husband is a wonderful thing! Selah.

Two Minutes of Optimism

By Herman J. Stich.

Not Proportions but Potentialities Count.

TWO laborers were quarreling beneath a large lifting magnet overhead—an electro-magnet that could lift 30 tons—60,000 pounds of iron. One of the laborers held in his hands a short pinch bar. The other held a long one. As the electro-magnet operator approached the machine both laborers raised their tools toward each other menacingly. Instantly the operator switched on the electric current. Two men stood as if transfixed, clutching desperately at their weapons, which were held aloft by some invisible hand—it was not a giant's hand—it was the product of a dwarf's idea.

Just because a man is big doesn't mean that he will supply the weight of the argument. The prize is not won by dint of sheer size. Napoleon was a dwarf. Also Caesar, Alexander and Hastings.

Single microbes have wrought more devastation than billions of bullets. The typhoid bacillus has incapacitated more armies than have cannons.

The mouse is far more destructive than the mammoth, while grubs have mined far more crops than have cyclones.

Apparently trifling failings have fondered more futures than have conspicuous lacks.

Bigness too often precludes greatness. Witness Russia and China. Treacherous powers come packed small and concentrated. You can pulverize a mountain with pincettes of dynamite and prolylene.

The most colossal bucket is emptied by the most inconsequential leak. Insignificant infections daily overpower towering Hercules.

The tree that successfully battles with blasts succumbs to saw and gnaw. Not proportions but POTENTIALITIES count.

THE LATEST

From Queen Fashion's Paris Court

Under the stimulus of war needs, American electrical science produced a wireless telephone system permitting the transmission of human speech to and from moving airplanes. "It is doubtful if any other branch of science enlisted for war work produced any instrument or mechanism so far in advance of what was known before the war as the airplane wireless phone was in its class." There were produced for the army airplanes about 3,000 combined transmitting and receiving sets of the radio telephone and about 6,000 receiving sets alone.

America shipped to the forces in France 1303 locomotives, of which 968 had been put into service by Nov. 11. The first locomotives were sent crated in 19 packages each, but later, for the first time in history, locomotives were shipped across the Atlantic stacked in ships on their own wheels. The number of freight cars sent overseas was 18,313, nearly all of them being of the 60,000-pound size.

The total amount returned to the Government in money value by the savings of the salvage service of the army for the calendar year 1918, \$101,180,151—or \$20,000,000 more than was appropriated to fight the Spanish-American War up to July 1, 1918.

GERMAN SOCIALISTS REJECT PROPOSAL TO FORM SOVIET

The Congress Also Adopts Resolution Against Pensions for Former Royal Families.

Special to the Post-Dispatch. WEIMAR, June 17.—The Socialists Congress has rejected a proposal for a soviet constitution for Germany. The proposal received only one vote. The congress adopted a resolution declining to give pensions to members of former royal families.

PARIS, June 3.—A lovely tunic blouse of white satin embroidered with silver and beribboned with silver, and a striking middie of blue and natural shantung, are two of the reasons why Parisiennes are finding so faithful to this type of blouse. EVA A. TINGEY.

AT THE BEACH.



The Old Lady: "Now there's the first decent length bathing suit I've seen today." "Bathing suit nothing, Aunt! That's one of those new short skirted suits."

Ancient Republic Mothers New Artistic Idea

Rimsa, Lithuania's Greatest Sculptor, Inspires Modern World.

LITHUANIA, the living sister of the Greeks, has in her veins the same blood that gave to the world the works of the greatest Greek sculptors. Her works have been buried in obscurity just as Greek sculpture was buried in the earth. Greek art was uncovered. Lithuanian sculpture has been discovered.

This sister race of the Hellenes, whose democracy is older than the Greeks, preserved not only her ancient flair for the plastic art. It has kept alive through centuries of oppression the same ineradicable aspiration for political freedom.

And it is this national hope and love of the soil of their motherland that has made modern Lithuanian sculpture what it is.

The French have called Lithuanian sculpture the threshold of art. Their own artists are going to Lithuania for inspiration. For while other nations and schools may have technique and methods and ideas, the French have been quick to recognize the supreme idea of all. And that idea is a subject so powerful that it leads to expression in art. Art too often seeks an idea to express.

Rimsa, perhaps the greatest of Lithuanian sculptors, gave to the world "The Lithuanian School," a group which symbolizes the grand subject and cause of Lithuanian art. The old woman sitting by her spinning wheel, and teaching a child to spin, is a national symbol. It is the symbol and portrait of a secretly preserved nationalism. For the suppressed language of the Lithuanians was preserved only in secret after the fashion of the old woman at the spinning wheel.

"I killed this poor little fellow's mother," said the officer as he placed the baby lion in the King's lap, "and feel sorry for her cub. I thought you would like his for a pet."

The King was delighted. He at once became fond of the clumsy cub, who tumbled about like a big puppet and was friendly with all he met.

But the tiger became jealous. With angry eyes he watched the little lion at play about the King, yet he dared not show his feelings plainly.

So he lay awake at night trying to think up some revenge. Out in the background was a large iron cage with strong bars. It was used to hang up huge pieces of meat over a fire when there was to be roast beef for the King's dinner. One

evening the tiger saw it when the bars were red with heat and it gave him an idea.

In the moonlight he lay and this is what he said to himself in low growls: "Tomorrow, after the sun has set and the dinner is over, that cage will be hot. I will place a bit of meat in one end, send the cub to get it and shut the door. That will finish him up. Then I will be alone in the King's affections."

THE tiger imagined that no one was near, but he was mistaken. The little cub had just stolen one of the King's slippers, dragged it out into the bushes and was playfully but noisily tearing it to bits. He heard everything the wicked tiger said.

"Oh, ho," murmured the cub to himself, "so that is your game. We will see who wins." Off he trotted and said nothing to any of the animals about what he had heard. But he determined to turn the tiger's trick back on the planner. So he hid in a thick bush near the cage.

About sunset, when dinner was over, the tiger slunk toward the cage with a big, juicy bit of beef in his mouth. He entered it, intending to run in quickly, drop the meat and run out again before the hot bars could harm him. But the moment he entered the door of the cage the young lion sprang out from the bush and slammed the door shut.

"Ha, ha, my dear Mr. Tiger," laughed the cub. "You were planning to catch me—I have turned the trick back on you. Stay in there till you get good and warm."

The tiger could not stand on the hot bars with his bare feet, so he fell on his sides and rolled from one side to the other.

"Oh, ho," he moaned. "Let me out. I am so sorry I tried to harm you. See, my hair is being singed, and I am burnt into stripes—please let me out."

"All right," said the kind-hearted little cub, as he opened the door and the tiger limped out. "I guess you have been punished enough. See, your hair is burnt in brown stripes all over your body. Well, that is a mark that ought to go down in your family as a badge of your meanness." And it did. From that day to this all tigers have brown stripes running around their bodies.

"Why, wrist watches don't strike, do they?" "Of course not."—Yonkers Statesman.

The Sandman Story for To-night

BY MRS. P. A. WALKER

Why Tigers Have Stripes.

ONCE upon a time, many hundreds and thousands of years ago, a great King of a country in Africa made a magnificent feast. His tent of crimson cloth was pitched in a plain and all around it was a vast army, while animals of all kinds were gathered to adorn the celebration.

The favorite of the King was a big tiger, entirely a tan or yellow. He was a handsome animal and would lie for hours on the foot of the throne, his great supple body stretched out in the sun, just like an enormous cat. But he was also like a dog for he allowed no one to come near the King, growling and showing his teeth like a guard-dog, if anyone approached.

One day an officer came into the tent with a pretty lion cub.

"I killed this poor little fellow's mother," said the officer as he placed the baby lion in the King's lap, "and feel sorry for her cub. I thought you would like his for a pet."

The King was delighted. He at once became fond of the clumsy cub, who tumbled about like a big puppet and was friendly with all he met.

But the tiger became jealous. With angry eyes he watched the little lion at play about the King, yet he dared not show his feelings plainly.

So he lay awake at night trying to think up some revenge. Out in the background was a large iron cage with strong bars. It was used to hang up huge pieces of meat over a fire when there was to be roast beef for the King's dinner. One

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"Why, wrist watches don't strike, do they?" "Of course not."—Yonkers Statesman.

Follow their Example! To restore the hidden charm which every die possesses thousands of women rely on Puritan Beauty Preparations. Try Vanishing Cream—50c, or Powder—25c & 50c. Soap—10c. See a Sunlight Soap cake—35c. At your favorite toilet counter—7-day.

Should We Save Daylight?

The Senate of the United States has added a rider to the agricultural bill which will repeal the daylight savings law when the clocks are turned again next October.

What are the Advantages? In Daylight Saving?

The Post-Dispatch wants to know what the advantages are of daylight savings ideas, now that it has been tried out, and will publish letters from its readers on the subject from day to day.

What Do You Think of It?

Have you something to say on the subject—something which has not already been said? Write it—on one side of the paper only—and mail it to the

Daylight Savings Editor Post-Dispatch

Getting It Straight.

"This is an article about traphooters, a worthy and enthusiastic class. There is a saying, once a traphooter always a traphooter. And tell the compositor something."

"What?" "There is a good cigar in it for him if he doesn't get it craphooter."—Kansas City Journal.

Brooks Tabasco Catsup

"MAKES EVERYTHING TASTE BETTER"

—a rare treat to the taste that will make the liveliest appetite livelier still!

When dinner is served—

and there's a bottle of Brooks Tabasco Catsup on the table, the whole meal is going to be good. Just get a taste of Brooks Tabasco Catsup! It's tomato and tabasco—blended into one exquisite flavor with a zing of mellow tang.

15c a bottle at your grocer's.

Get your first bottle today. And a bottle of Brooks Tabasco Mustard, too!



Keeps fresh. Replace the handy seal cap after each meal.

Write us for Free Book of Recipes. Brooks Tomato Products Co., Collinsville, Illinois.

The Magnificent Ambersons

An Epic of the Rise of an American City

By BOOTH TARKINGTON.

CHAPTER XXVIII Continued

THE light of her fire, flickering up behind her showed suddenly a flying group of tiny snowflakes nearing the window pane; and for the instant she felt the sensation of being dragged through a snowdrift under a broken cutter, with a boy's arms about her—an arrogant, handsome, too-conquering boy, who nevertheless did his best to get hurt himself, keeping her from any possible harm.

She shook the picture out of her eyes indignantly, then came and sat before her fire, and looked long and long at the blackened mantelpiece. She did not have the mantelpiece repainted—and, since she did not might as well have kept his photographs. One forgets what melted the scar upon his hand—but not what made the scar upon his wall.

She played no marche funebre upon her piano, even though Chopin's romantic lamentation was then at the top of nine-tenths of the music racks in the country, American youth having recently discovered the distinction between sensuality and itself and this deathless bit of deathly gloom. She did not even play "Robin Adair," she played "Bedelia," and all the new cakewalks, for she was her father's housekeeper, and rightly looked upon the office as being the same as that of his heart-keeper. Therefore it was her affair to keep both house and heart in what sense of cheerfulness might be contrived. She made him "go out" more than ever; made him take her to all the gaieties of that winter, declining to go herself unless he took her and though Eugene danced no more, and quoted Shakespeare to prove all lightfoot caperings beneath the dignity of his age, she broke his resolution for him at the New Year's "assembly" and half coaxed, half dragged him forth upon the floor, and made him dance the New Year in with her.

New faces appeared at the dances of the winter; new faces had been appearing everywhere, for that matter, and familiar ones were disappearing, merged in the increasing crowd, or gone forever and missed a little and not long; for the town was growing and changing as it never had grown and changed before.

It was heaving up in the middle incredibly; it was spreading incredibly; and as it heaved and spread, it befouled itself and darkened its sky. Its boundary was merely shapelessness on the sun; a raw, new house would appear on a country road; four or five others would presently be built at intervals between it and the outskirts of the town; the country road would turn into an asphalt street, with a brick-faced drugstore and a frame grocery at a corner; then bungalows and six-room cottages would swiftly speckle the open green spaces and a farm had become a suburb, which would immediately shoot out other suburbs into the country, on one side, and, on the other, join solidly to the city. You drove between pleasant fields and woodland groves one spring day; and in the autumn, passing over the same ground, you were warned off the tracks by an interurban trolley-car's gonging, and beheld, beyond cement sidewalks just dry, new house-owners busy "moving in." Gasoline and electricity were performing the miracles Eugene had predicted.

But the great change was in the citizenry itself. What was left of the patriotic old-stock generation that had fought the Civil War, and subsequently controlled politics, had become venerable and was little heeded. The descendants of the pioneers and early settlers were merged

ing into the new crowd, becoming part of it, little to be distinguished from it. What happened to Boston and to Broadway happened in degree to the Midland city; the old stock became less and less typical, and of the grown people who call the place home, less than a third had been born in it. There were large settlements of Italians, and of Hungarians, and of Rumanians and of Serbians and other Balkan peoples. But not the emigrants, themselves, were the almost dominant type on the streets downtown. That type was the emigrant's prosperous offspring, descendant of the emigrations of the '70s and '80s and '90s, those great folk-journeys in search not so directly of freedom and democracy as of more money for the same labor. A new Midlander, in fact, a new American—was beginning dimly to emerge.

A new spirit of citizenship had already sharply defined itself. It was a spirit of belligerence—their motto being "Boost! Don't Knock!" And they were hustlers, believing in hustling and in honesty, because both paid. They loved their city and worked for it with a plutonic energy which was always ardently vocal. They were viciously governed, but they sometimes went so far as to struggle for a better government on account of the helpful effect of good government on the price of real estate and "betterment" generally; the politicians could not go too far with them, and knew it.

(Copyright, 1919.)

To Be Continued Tomorrow.

No Chance.

"Doctor," said the notorious tightwad, "do you think you can get this tooth out without causing a shock to my nervous system?" "I'm afraid not," replied the dentist, dryly. "It will cost you a dollar."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

SNOW WHITE TABLE SALT

Add a dash of flavor to every food. It's pure. It's fine. It's the BIG 5-LB. BOX.

Pours Perfectly in All Kinds of Weather.

Hardy Salt Co. Second and Dock Streets

The Joy Of A Perfect Skin

Know the joy and happiness that comes to one thru possessing a skin of purity and beauty. The soft, distinguished appearance it renders brings out your natural beauty to its full end. In use over 70 years.

Gouraud's Oriental Cream

Sole U.S. and Can. Distributors: FRED T. HOPKINS & SON, New York

Brooks Tabasco Catsup

"MAKES EVERYTHING TASTE BETTER"

—a rare treat to the taste that will make the liveliest appetite livelier still!

When dinner is served—

and there's a bottle of Brooks Tabasco Catsup on the table, the whole meal is going to be good. Just get a taste of Brooks Tabasco Catsup! It's tomato and tabasco—blended into one exquisite flavor with a zing of mellow tang.

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Get your first bottle today. And a bottle of Brooks Tabasco Mustard, too!

Keeps fresh. Replace the handy seal cap after each meal.

Write us for Free Book of Recipes. Brooks Tomato Products Co., Collinsville, Illinois.

Marriage Licenses
Births Records

Meadows' Last Two Games Prove He Is Again Ready

Bespectacled Right-Hander Yesterday Shut Out Superbas, 2—
Abbreviated Contest—Jack Smith's Hitting Wins
Clash for Rickey.

HENRY LEBMONDOWS OF CHICAGO, the arch enemy of the baseball magnate, yesterday again evinced the sadly needed pitcher to shove the Cardinals into the Big Four of the National League pennant race. Henry Le through with an abbreviated 2-6 victory over the Dodgers of Brooklyn, some being called in the last half of the fifth because of a downpour.

Rickeymen Have Won 16 of Last 23 Games

He drew Al Mamaux, the once great Pirate, as his hurling rival and

handled himself in a masterful manner. What might have happened after the first inning does not enter into it. Meadows won his game and now Manager Branch Rickey is all but convinced that he has the fourth twirler to take his regular turn on the mound.

Cards For Great Game.

The Cardinals was another of the sparkling bits of baseball that the Cardinals have produced since their return to Cardinal Field on Decoration day. They played snappy baseball and won. They added 10 points to their record since it

and that they piled up two runs in four innings off Mamaux speaks well

for the run-ning ability of the club.

Meadows' games against the Braves and Dodgers, as well as a couple of recent contests in which he has served as pinch runner, have helped to show that the bespeckled right-hander can take his regular turn on the hill with Poak.

Smith leaves Reek and Good May, Bill Sherdel and Leon Ames to win. Horstman, too, has a little help out. The general manager has not shown much.

Sharing honors with Meadows yesterday was Jack Smith, the fleet fielder, who lately has come into his own and by his brilliant all-around play has made himself solid with the fans. Smith today draws as much applause as any member of the team.

Smith Scores Both Times.

It was his two-base hit at the start of the Cardinals' first inning that blazed the way for the home boys. The first center and another infielder were out, and the lone individual

Field the Ricketts have a 12 and 10 record, a 72.22 percentage. This is a pace that is being set by the chesty Giants of New York, who are the pacemakers, who make their 1919 bow at C. Field tomorrow.

Junior Marathon Draws Big

Entries for Tomorrow's Expected to Run Into Hundreds.

Scores, even hundreds of athletes, will compete in the marathon race, which will be the feature of the Tuberculosis

ual that paved the way for the Cards' second run in the third round.

It was really the unexpected attack of the Cards that quade the first run easy. Smith and Lavan, the first base pile past Lee Magee. With Juan Olson playing near second base, expecting to hold Smith's lead, the Cards crashed in from Miller. Jack "crossed" the Brooklyn infield by crashing a base knock through the infield that Olso had to be seen covering. It enabled Smith to score with ease.

Paulette Badly Injured.

An examination of Gene Paulette's injured knee by Dr. Robert F. Hyland yesterday disclosed the fact that the Little Rock hotel clerk is pretty badly injured and there is no telling when he will be able to resume play.

This makes the acquisition of Dr. John L. Lavan all the more valuable and incidentally recoups the Cardinals for the \$100,000 they paid for him at the proper time. For Paulette was hurt immediately after Lavan had been obtained from the Washington Senators.

Paulette's injury forced Lavan into the lineup earlier than Rick Down, who had not had sufficient training. But Lavan

night, the lead already runs hundreds.

Final details for this morning's game at Comiskey yesterday will close at 5 p. m. today's testaments must appear at Temple not later than 1:30 tomorrow for physical examination by Dr. J. M. Johnson.

Paulette's injury extends from Vandewater street to the Grand Central Bridge road. The Cardinals enter the wagon gate, circle the field and then the loving cups will be distributed.

In addition to the major trophies of good performance, the Tuberculosis Society has a valuable gold league trophy for navy teams. The 135th team will battle a nine from Little Rock in the harbor. Preliminary to the Giants' game for the day by the Tuberculosis Society.

CENTRAL STATES WIN

HOLD REGATTA J

Doak to Hurt Final Today

That the Cardinals have experienced change of bagging the series from the Dodgers is due to the fact that Bill Doak, the spitter, will occupy the mound in today's contest, starting at 3:30 o'clock. His last start, three months ago, permitted him the opportunity to secure only one run. That's pitching de luxe. Doak will probably draw his opponent as he looks outside as his opponent. This should afford a hurling duel well worth seeing.

Stock Playing Great Game

The player, who in the opinion of the fans has done as much as any

to make a first division possibility of the Cardinals, is Milton J. Stock, ex-

third sacker and present guardian of second base at Cardinal Field, St. Louis is playing just as good a game at the new position as he did at third base. And he is figuring daily in the run-and-bunt of the club. He walked with Smith on third base in the third round and wit' Smith started a double steal. Jack planted Run No. 2 at the plate when Ronger let loose a wide peg to third.

♦

Leonard Held to Draw.

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.—Benny Leonard, lightweight champion, and Johnny Dundee of New York fought a wining round to a draw at the National League baseball park here last night. Dundee carried the fight to the champion in every round.

Paramount

Beckmann Meisel & Roeder Cigar Co. Distributors

Louis R. C. Charles Ames
 Mount City R. C. William Halling
 president of the Central States In-
 sociation will act as chairman of its
 committee.

AMERICAN NET STARS

WIN AT QUEENS CLUB

LONDON, June 17.—A team from
 the American Expeditionary Force
 participated in the tennis cham-
 pionship games started at Queens Club
 Sunday. The meeting attracted
 record entry as it is in the last
 of a preliminary event to the series
 of matches to be held at Wimbledon
 in the near future.

The Americans who won their
 matches in the singles were Le-
 land who beat Norton of South Af-
 rica 6-2, 1-6, 4-1; 6-2, 8-4, 6-0.
 Leoan Mathey who beat Le-
 sler of England 6-2, 6-4.
 In the ladies' singles Miss E. O'
 neill of the United States won from
 O'Neill of England, 6-2, 6-6.

Arthur W. Smith	East
Walter C. Webster	East
Howard P. Sternberg	East
Edna Klenberg	East
John Arthur May	East
Greta Victoria Hackett	East
Florence Sullivan	East

At Bellevue.

Pearl J. Allen	East
Florida Wright	East
Constance Staudt	Ma
Joie He Jeffery	East
Walter Jeffrey	East
Hedda Henry	East
William Perkins	East
Ruth Husy	East

At East St. Louis.

Ora Moore	East
Pearl Beckenbach	East
Andrew Brungen	East
Salomon Donahue	East

At St. Charles.

Affred L. Kleinschmidt	East
Jane F. Jacke	East
In the ladies' singles Miss E. O'	East
Marcella Reitz	East
John Shockey	East
Kenneth Ferguson	East

At Edwardsville.

George M. Andrew	East
Laura Smith	East
Edward C. Oliver	East
Mattie Towson	East
Leon Gravin	East
Madison C. Whelan	East
Webster Trautner	West
Henry I. Featherly	West
Ray Ann Borchert	West
Samuel Moore	West

BIRTHS RECORDED

BOYS

A. and H. Lettau	1917	Hayden
A. and H. Klein	1920	Taton
E. and L. Quiner	1921	N. York

• •

**GOOD WEATHER LOWERS
CHICAGO CORN MARKET**

opened more than 10c within a week had a tendency also to bring about a reaction. In a quotation on hogs, and this diminished the margin of feeding profit in grain.

Opening prices, which ranged from 8c to 11c, lower, with July \$1.75 1/2 to \$1.75 3/4, and Sept. \$1.60 1/4 to \$1.70, were followed by a moderate additional setback.

Oats descended with corn. After opening 3c to 3 1/2c off, including July at 21c to 21 1/2c, the market receded a little more before beginning to rally.

Provisions were depressed by the bearish action of cereals and hogs. Most of the business was in lard.

Chicago Provisions

	Open	High	Low	Close
FORK				
July	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$0.50	\$0.50
Aug.	48.75	48.75	48.00	48.00
LARD				
July	35.50	35.50	34.50	34.00
Aug.	34.50	34.50	34.12	34.00
RISK				
July	27.75	27.75	27.00	27.00
Aug.	27.70	27.50	27.25	27.52

PHOTO PLAY THEATERS

CENTRAL
GRAND AND LUCAS

PICKEFORD in

THE GLAD PICTURE
A First National Attraction.
Concert Orchestra
7:45 and 9:15 P. M.
er, 15c and 25c.
nts Free to Matinees

KINGS
King's Highway and Delmar
**"THE WOMAN THOU
AVEST ME"** (All star
cast.)

RYANT WASHBURN
"All Wrong"
SAME SHOW AT
gs-Mozart-Airdome
TOWN
Delmar at Taylor

Program
"THE LITTLE BOSS"
AFTER HIS OWN HEART"
TO GUIDE HIM"
EVENTS,
arts 7:45 p. m., show at dark
COOLED BY

Evening Performances
Begin at 7 P. M.

NAZIMOVA
"Toys of Fate"
's Mistake"
ALL SOLOISTS.

MAR DELMAR
AND AUBERT
INA CAVALIERA
The Two Brides
ALMAHAGE, "Fifty-Fifty"
in Skirts

RELLA CHEROKEE AND IOWA
Wed.—MADGE KENNEDY
DAUGHTER OF MINE."
M in "The Man Hunter"
by Maehl's Orchestra.
p. 7 p. m.: Airdome, 8:45.
action, speed and offi-
tting results, in buying.

...ing or in bringing
spatch WANT ADH lead

MUSEMENTS

T THE
GAME
FIELD

Pal Theater
ESCO OPERA
SINGING THIS WEEK
SUNDAY

tion. Ever Given of
sible Opera,
N HOOD
people in the Cast,
at Kieselhorst's,
Hive Street,
r. 75c. \$1.00.
Week—
EMIAN GIRL

OPEN
 MONDAY
 15:25
 D'VAUDEVILLE
 AND PICTURES
 M. HAMMOND
 OF THE THEATER
 STANDARD OF
 OWLS UP.

PLEASE!
of laughter wired
e, and a good show
News and Funny
ody Pictures.

JUNE 17, 1919.

JUNE 17, 1919.

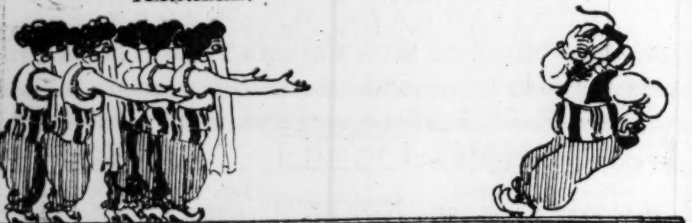
MORE TRUTH THAN POETRY

By James J. Montague.



HOPE FOR THE TERRIBLE TURK.

In days now departed the terrible Turk
From ginmill to ginmill would carom
When homeward he wended his way from his work
To the door of his lovely hatched harem.
He tanked up on hashish and other hard stuff,
For the cautious, though hardened old slaver
Well knew he was due to be used rather rough.
As soon as he turned up for dinner,
For seventeen wives each would loudly declare
That she must see the movies that evening, so there!
I make no defense of the Turk's plural lives,
But what I am trying to prove is
That a man's up against it, when seventeen wives
All want to go out to the movies
And when each one announces, in terms very plain
And phrases euphuistic, her wishes
That her husband request all the rest to remain
In the harem and wash up the dishes.
Any Turk, I should think, would feel twinges of pique,
When this sort of thing happened six nights a week.
And therefore the Turk (as a lot of us might
Provided that we were thus gounded)
From barroom to barroom would cruise every night
And get himself handsomely loaded,
And an Ottoman male, when with hashish and such
He makes himself rather too mellow
(They never drink wisely, but always too much)
Is a terrible, terrible fellow!
He turned to the drink because life was unbearable
And drink was the reason the Turk became terrible.
But now that the war has cut down the supply
Of ladies the Turk is allied with.
When one single lass is the light of his eye,
To honor and live and abide with,
There isn't a chance, every time he comes home
With only three boxes of candy
That fourteen fond spouses will batter his dome
With whatever weapon is handy.
And here is the moral of this little fable
WHEN THE TURK DOESN'T DRINK HE MAY NOT BE SO
TERRIBLE!



IT MIGHT HAVE BEEN WORSE.
Optimistic railroad owners are
congratulating themselves that it
wasn't Burleson who managed their
properties during the war.

NO BUNK.

Thank Heaven, the allies are not
saying to Germany, "This hurts us
more than it does you."

YOUR LAST ONE.

Take enough soft drinks and you
will supply the kick yourself.
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Lazy Worm.

Two miners went on a fishing ex-
pedition. But they were novices at
the game.
"Hoo are ye gettin' on, Jock?"
asked one.
"Och, simply rotten!" was the re-
ply. "I don't believe my bloomin'
worm's trying."—London Tit-Bits.

No Difficulty There.

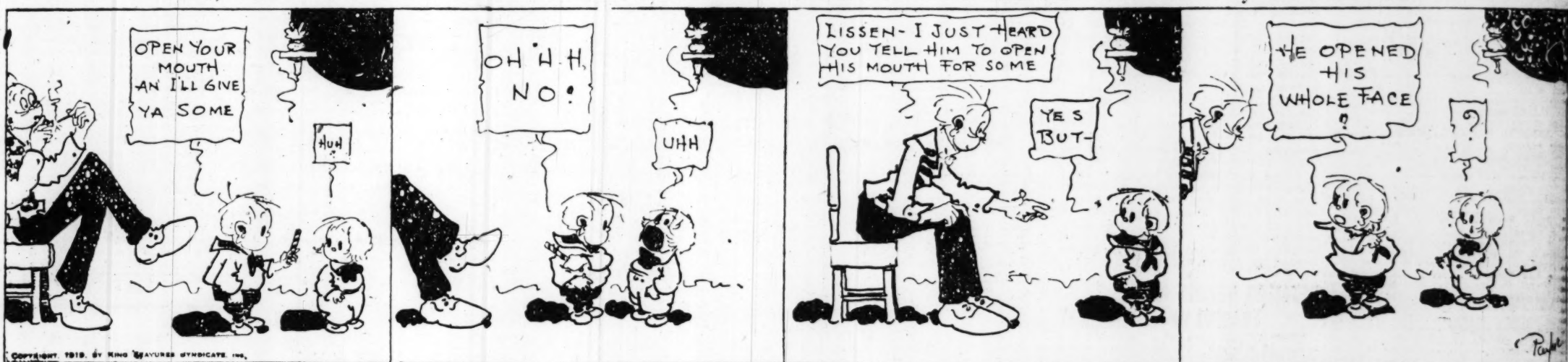
"But suppose," said one of the
spectators on the Common, "that the
parachute should fail to open after
you had jumped off—what then?"
"That wouldn't stop me," an-
swered the parachutist, "I'd come
right down."—Boston Transcript.

Let the Wedding Bells Ring Out.

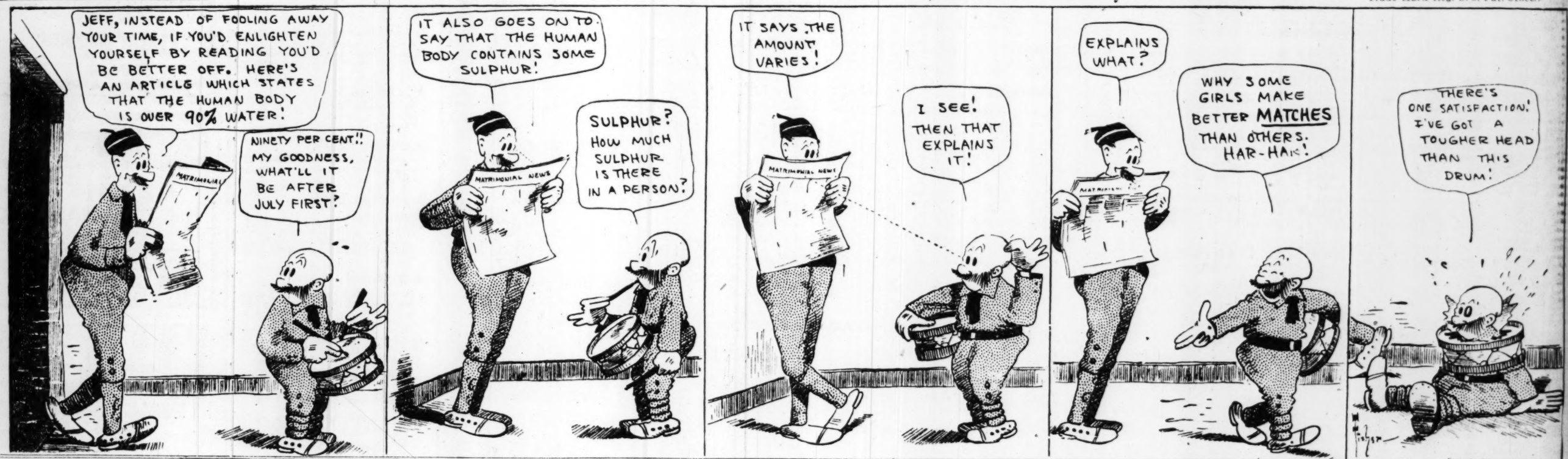


ONE OF THE MEMBERS GETS MARRIED AND THE DEVOTED AND ADMIRING LADIES ATTEND THE INFORMAL AFTERNOON WEDDING.

"SAY, POP!"—WHEN IT COMES TO CANDY ALKALI LIKE'S OUT FOR ALL HE CAN GET.—By C. M. PAYNE.



MUTT AND JEFF—ANYWAY, JEFF KNOWS WHAT MATCHES ARE MADE OF.—By BUD FISHER.



CHANGING HIS LUCK.



Mr. Shortleigh, who hasn't been "hitting it off" on oil stocks, goes to the country in search of a four-leaf clover.

PENNY ANTE—Wifey Goes Along.

By Jean Knott



Employers,

If you have a job to
see the official in-
printed at the
Wanted Column of
consult the Demo-
Placement of Solid
905 Locust street.

VOL. 71. NO. 296.

A. F. L. CONVENT
UNANIMOUSLY
WILSON TO REM
BURLESON AT C

Resolution at Atlantic
Declares Postmaster-
General Has Pursued Po-
Conflict With W
Enunciation of Pri-
as to Labor's Right

MOONEY STRIKE AS
SOVIET ARE OPP

Proposal to Change
Day to May 1 Re-
Recognition by
States of "Existing
Republic" Urged.

By the Associated Press.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,
—A resolution asking Presi-
dent Wilson to remove
Postmaster-General Burleson
from office was adopted
unanimously by the
American Federation of
Labor here.
The resolution regarding
Burleson, after allu-
sions to his "pursued po-
litical policy in direct con-
flict with the enun-
ciation of principle,"
declared that "Burleson's
autocratic attitude has
in demoralized service and
choked industrial process
memorial continues."
Resolved, That the A.
F. L. Federation of Labor in
assembly, speaking directly
for 600,000 organized wage ear-
ners in the belief that this
sentiment of the vast
majority of the American people,
President Wilson immediately
move Postmaster-General
from office.

Wants Seamen's Act In-
quered. The federation adopted
a resolution asking the House Com-
merce Committee to investigate
alleged failure of
the United States Redfield
force the seamen's act
aimed against utterance of
ocean-going vessels leaving
ports.
Another memorial denou-
ced introduced by United States
Senator Charles McNary, Ore.,
providing for repeal of
clauses in the seamen's act
to wages on American ves-
sels. One resolution introduced
proposing the contracts of
unions in an industry should
not be made on May 1, was defeated
by a vote of 10 to 9.

Martin F. Ryan, president
Brotherhood of Railway
Employees, conferred with Charles
McNary, representing the Canadian
Union, and authorized and
to give the support of the
brotherhood to the pending
shopen in Canada.

A. F. L. Took Stand Against Soviet Yesterday.

Amid general uproar, de-
claring the constitution of the
American Federation of Labor
refused to endorse recog-
nition by the United States
of "existing" Irish republic,
against the general strike,
for July 4, in behalf of
Mooney, convicted in connec-
tion with the Preparedness day bomb
in San Francisco.

Discussion of Bolshevism
opened when the Resolutions
committee reported a resolution
demanding recognition of
Russia and lifting of the blo-
Russian ports. The com-
mittee refused to endorse recog-
nition by the United States
of "existing" Irish republic,
against the general strike,
for July 4, in behalf of
Mooney, convicted in connec-
tion with the Preparedness day bomb
in San Francisco.

Debate Is Bitter
The debate was said by
labor leaders to have been
bitter they ever heard.
rejection by the convention
strenuous protest of the
group of a proposal to chal-
lenge Labor day from the
day in September to Ma-
hond of affection to uni-
world of labor into uni-
erhood.

President Samuel Gompers
fight against the May day
asserting that American
was "a day for American
not a "political event," a
Europe. Numerous dele-
gates in the debate on
Peter Bollenbacher of the
Vania State Federation

Continued on Page 2.